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NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1865.

PRICE FOUR CENTS.

WILMINGTON.

EVACUATION OF FORT ANDERSON.

Co-operative Movement by Our Land and Naval Forces.

Gen. Schofield Makes an Attack with Eight Thousand Men.

The Rebel Works Fiercely Bombarded by the Monitors.

The Enemy Scared by a Sham Monitor.

They Leave Precipitately in the Night.

OUR FORCES MOVING ON WILMINGTON.

The Capture of the City Confidently Expected.

ADMIRAL PORTER'S REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

The Navy Department has received the following from Admiral PORTER:

UNITED STATES FLAGSHIP MALVERN,
CAPE FEAR RIVER, Feb. 19, 1865.

SIR: I have the honor to report the surrender or evacuation of Fort Anderson.

Gen. SCHOFIELD advanced from Smithville with 8,000 men on the 17th inst. At the same time I attacked the works by water, placing the monitor *Montauk* close to the works, and enfilading them with the *Pawtucket*, *Lenafee*, *Unadilla* and *Pequot*, the tide and wind not allowing more vessels to get under fire. The fort answered pretty briskly, but quieted down by sunset.

On the 18th, at 6 o'clock, I moved up closer with the *Montauk*, leaving the following by the *Mackinaw*: *Huron*, *Sassacus*, *Pontoosuc*, *Maratango*, *Lenafee*, *Unadilla*, *Pawtucket*, *Osceola*, *Shawmut*, *Seneca*, *Wyack*, *Chippewa* and *Little Ada*, and kept up a heavy fire during the day until late in the afternoon.

The enemy's batteries were silenced by 3 o'clock, though we kept up the fire until dusk. We also fired through the night.

In the meantime Gen. SCHOFIELD was working in the rear of the rebels, to cut them off. The latter did not wait for the army to surround them, but left in the night, taking five or six pieces of light artillery with them, and everything else of any value.

At daylight this morning some of our troops that were near by, went in and hoisted the flag on the ramparts, when the firing ceased from the monitors.

There were ten heavy guns in Fort Anderson, and a quantity of ammunition.

We lost but three killed and five wounded.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
DAVID D. PORTER, Rear Admiral.

To Hon. GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

OTHER REPORTS.

A Sham Monitor—Only One Line of Obstructions Above Fort Anderson.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.
WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

It is stated that simultaneously with Gen. SCHOFIELD's movement against Fort Anderson, on the 18th, a sham monitor was sent up the river on the 18th, which aided the rebels materially in their flight.

Lieut. CUSHING states that there is but one line of obstructions above the fort, which is undefended by any rams, and that Wilmington itself is undoubtedly in our possession ere this, as the army was moving on toward that city. Two of the monitors were also making their way up the river.

Nothing Further from Schofield—The Movement upon Wilmington—The Evacuation of that City Hourly Expected.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Wednesday, Feb. 22.

Up to a late hour to-night no additional advices had been received by the Government from our forces operating against Wilmington. News of the evacuation of that city is hourly expected here; however, as it is conceded that there can be no more resistance to a movement upon its rear by SCHOFIELD than there was to his movement upon the flank and rear of Fort Anderson. The only obstructions in the river above Fort Anderson are said to be of a light character, and not commanded by fortifications. Fort Philip, however, on the island just below Wilmington, commands the channel; but it can be served just as Fort Anderson was served, and is, therefore, of no account. Rapid concentration is now believed to be LEE's great object; and the abandonment of one point after another is expected, until all the available force is assembled upon the field of final conflict.

Lieut. Cushing's Sham Monitor.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

In addition to the dispatch of Admiral PORTER in relation to the surrender or evacuation of Fort Anderson, information was received at the same time at the Navy Department that WM. B. CUSHING constructed a mock monitor so closely resembling one of those vessels that no difference could be detected at the distance of one hundred yards. On Saturday night, the 18th, at about 11 o'clock, this vessel was taken up to within four hundred yards of the fort, and set adrift. As there was a strong flood tide, she moved up the river and passed the fort as if under slow steam. At this time the army had worked about two-thirds of the distance around and in the rear of the fort, and the rebels, no doubt thinking their communications would be cut off both by land and water, hastily escaped by the only avenue open to them, leaving their guns unspiked, their magazine uninjured, &c.

Wilmington Doomed.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

Gen. SCHOFIELD was not far from Wilmington when Lieutenant-Commander CUSHING left North Carolina on Sunday, and the next arrival is confidently expected to bring information of the capture of that city.

FROM SHERMAN.

His Army Marching Northward from Columbia—His Army Forty Miles North of that City on Saturday.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

A special dispatch to the *Bulletin*, from Washington, says:

It is said that rebel papers announce Gen. SHERMAN's advance to have reached Camden, forty miles north of Columbia, on Saturday.

The Fall of Columbia—Sherman's Movements.

From the Richmond Dispatch, Feb. 20.

As stated by us on Saturday, on the authority of a dispatch from Gen. BEAUREGARD to the President, SHERMAN marched into and took possession of Columbia last Friday morning, our troops withdrawing from the city just as his forces crossed the Broad River, several miles above. We have just now no means of ascertaining the amount of Government property necessarily left to fall into the hands of the enemy. We, however, know that for more than a week the removal from the place of Government stores and other property has been pushed forward with all possible dispatch, which gives us reason to hope that the most valuable portion had been gotten away in safety. We had there, it seems, a quantity of medical stores, one-half of which were brought off, the rest destroyed by our authorities, their removal being found impracticable. It was reported on Saturday that the Treasury Note Lithograph Establishment had been left behind. This the Treasury authorities here state to be incorrect. They state that the whole establishment, plates, paper and furniture, were brought North thirty-six hours before the occupation of the place by the Yankees. The female employes in the Treasury Department, as we stated on Saturday, got off to Charlotte, N. C., several days before the advent of SHERMAN. Some of them, whose homes are here, have arrived in this city. Most of them, we understand, saved their baggage, but lost their furniture. It will be recollected that when Mr. MEMMINGER, then Secretary of the Treasury, carried these ladies to South Carolina for safety, and to lessen the demand for food in Richmond, he permitted each of them to carry a bed, some chairs and other furniture. These household articles now swell the list of SHERMAN's trophies.

We expressed the opinion on Saturday that SHERMAN's next step from Columbia would be in the direction of Florence, South Carolina, the junction of the Wilmington and Manchester railroad with the railroad running north from Charleston, that point being in the rear both of Wilmington and Charleston; but we have now, however, reason to believe that his main column will advance directly north toward Charlotte, North Carolina, and will contend himself with striking the railroad at Florence with his cavalry. This last plan he may be prevented from executing by the activity and address of Gen. HAMPTON. It is necessary to his safety that he should move, as he has done hitherto, with his army well massed. A strict adherence to this policy has prevented our numerically inferior forces from giving him battle. They have been obliged, by the sheer weight of his columns, to fall back as he advanced, but they have done so in good order, and have kept up a continual and severe skirmish with his vanguard. Under all these circumstances, we will not venture a prediction as to where our troops will find it practicable to make a determined stand. We feel assured, however, that Gen. BEAUREGARD will let slip no opportunity which may present itself of striking the enemy a telling blow, and believe he will risk much upon such a chance.

The last Columbia papers received estimate SHERMAN's forces at fifty-five thousand men. They also state that SHERMAN enforces strict discipline, and punishes with the utmost severity any of his troops who are guilty of outrages upon citizens.

THE EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

Important Announcement from Col. Mulford.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

The following has been received from Col. MULFORD:

HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF THE JAMES, Feb. 22.

To the Agent of the Associated Press:

I will thank you to make the following announcement through the press. In consideration of a general exchange and speedy delivery of all prisoners held in the South, it is deemed inexpedient to forward, after this date, either funds or supplies to any person now in captivity. Such parcels or remittances as may have accumulated since the last shipment, or may hereafter arrive, will be returned to the shippers.

JOHN E. MULFORD,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant-General of Exchange.

Arrival of Paroled Officers at Annapolis—Their Wretched Condition.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

The *American's* special dispatch from Annapolis says one hundred and fifty paroled officers and nine hundred and seventy-five men have arrived here from Richmond, all in a wretched condition. Three hundred of them have been carried to the hospitals.

From Havana.

HAVANA, Saturday, Feb. 18.

Since the departure of the steamer *Liberty* no news of importance has transpired.

There is considerable excitement in regard to the appointment of PAREJA by the Spanish Government to the command of the Spanish fleet in Mexican waters. PAREJA is a native of Peru. His family reside in Lima, and the Spaniards call his appointment another concession and a quasi apology to Peru. The Spanish papers contain several articles on the subject. The *Independent*, of Madrid, says it is willing to concede all the patriotism necessary to PAREJA, to enable him to work against the interests and fight against the country of his birth, but denies the right of any Government to inflict such a severe test on any one's patriotism.

Quite a fleet of blockade-runners left yesterday. Only one arrived, the English steamer *Banshee*, twenty-six hours from Nassau.

The following steamers sailed on the 17th: The *Denbigh*, for Bermuda; the *Lark*, for Matamoras; the *Flamingo*, for Belize; and the brig *Zephyr*, for Belize; and schooner *Phantom*, for Matamoras.

Railroad Accident.

ERIE, Pa., Wednesday, Feb. 22.

The Warren accommodation train on the Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad collided with the mail train, on a curve near Garland, yesterday afternoon, smashing the engine, tender and baggage car. Two men were killed and several injured. The mail train was off time, which caused the accident.

The St. Albans Raiders.

MONTREAL, Tuesday, Feb. 21.

The St. Albans raid case was resumed yesterday before Judge SMITH. Mr. KERR, for the prisoners, spoke at length in opposition to the demand for extradition, and violently assailed the Upper Canada judges for their decision in the Bailey case. He was followed by Mr. LAFLAMME, but the court adjourned before he had finished his argument.

The Constitutional Amendment.

MADISON, Wis., Tuesday, Feb. 21.

The proposed Constitutional Amendment to abolish slavery was ratified by the Legislature of Wisconsin to-day.

Congressional Nomination.

HARTFORD, Tuesday, Feb. 21.

The First District Congressional Convention met to-day, and renominated Hon. HENRY C. DEMING by acclamation.

The Weather at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

A mild southeast rain commenced here this evening.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.
WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

THE SECRETARYSHIP OF THE TREASURY.

Gov. MORGAN positively refuses to accept the office of Secretary of the Treasury, although his personal and political friends have urged it upon him, as a matter alike of interest and of duty. The President has been especially anxious on the subject, and has had one or two long interviews with him in regard to it. Mr. MORGAN's reasons for declining are wholly personal, but with him they are conclusive.

The President will nominate Mr. MCCULLOCH, of Indiana, with the assent, it is understood, of Gov. MORGAN's friends, and after a full canvass of the various public and political interests which originally induced the selection of Gov. MORGAN himself.

THE CAPTURE OF TWO MAJOR-GENERALS.

The capture of Gens. CROOK and KELLEY at Cumberland, by rebel raiders, excites some merriment, in spite of its serious character. It is known that the Secretary of War has been very much dissatisfied with the frequent incursions of guerrillas into the Valley of the Shenandoah, and had more than once called the attention of the Commander of the department to the necessity of being more vigilant, and of being nearer the front himself. Only the day before the capture he had repeated his dispatches on this subject. That two Major-Generals, one of them the Department Commander himself, should be quietly seized in their beds, with their staff of officers, at a point so far removed from apparent peril as Cumberland, is not creditable to their watchfulness.

THE TAX BILL.

Delegations representing tobacco, petroleum, distilled spirits, etc., were before the Senate Finance Committee to-day, arguing for a reduction in the tax upon these articles. The Presidents of a number of leading State banks are also being heard in regard to their interests. The committee have determined to allow all the interests affected by the bill to have a hearing, which will probably take two or three days yet.

THE NEW-YORK JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

Senator HARRIS succeeded in passing, by an almost unanimous vote, the bill from the Judiciary Committee making two Judicial Districts. The House Judiciary Committee have reported favorably upon this bill, and it will probably pass that body in a day or two.

PROMOTION OF COL. NICHOLS.

The President to-day sent the name of Col. NICHOLS, of the Adjutant-Generals office, to the Senate to be Brigadier-General by Brevet.

BRIDGE CASES.

The House Post-office Committee will report favorably upon the proposition to construct a bridge across the Ohio to Covington, Kentucky. The Albany bridge case has been postponed for the present.

THE REBELS ON OUR FINANCES.

The rebel authorities are discussing the question of our finances. They yield the military point, and make some very significant suggestions as to the ability of the Government to sustain the present system. When they learn that the loan is being absorbed at the rate of from four to five millions of dollars per day, they may possibly give up the ghost. Hear the *Examiner*:

"The effort of the Yankees to sustain this explosive and inflated paper system has, so far, been marked by great ingenuity, resolution and success. Whether they will succeed in conquering the South depends, in a great degree, upon their continued success in upholding this paper system."

THE FIRST ARMY CORPS.

The following additional appointments have been made for Maj.-Gen. HANCOCK's First Army Corps: Lieut.-Col., CHAS. VON KUSSWORD; Captains, WM. CANE and HUGH NEILL: First Lieut., CHAS. ACKERMAN; Second Lieut., N. A. BENNETT; Surgeon, THOS. F. BOLTON; Asst. Surgeons, J. J. SHELDON and HENRY M. DEAN.

THE QUESTION OF ARBITRARY ARRESTS.

The House Military Committee are still investigating the subject of arbitrary arrests. The investigation, thus far, has resulted in the release of several of the Old Capitol Prison inmates.

GEN. HOOKER.

Maj.-Gen. HOOKER arrived here to-day from Cincinnati. He came for the purpose of giving his testimony before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, in regard to the battles of Chancellorsville, Gettysburg and the general conduct of that campaign. Gen. HOOKER has long awaited an opportunity for giving his testimony on his campaign, but it has never been afforded until now.

THE CASE OF THE SPY DAVIS.

The statement that the President has commuted the sentence of DAVIS, convicted of being a rebel spy, and sentenced to be hung at Johnson's Island, is correct, and is explained by the fact that the evidence showed that DAVIS, though technically convicted of being a spy, simply designed to bear dispatches from the rebels in Canada to Richmond. The statement that DAVIS was once the keeper of the Andersonville prison is more romantic than true, and the story of "retributive justice," is therefore spoiled.

THOSE ARMSTRONG GUNS.

The two Armstrong guns captured at Fort Fisher are coming North. One will be sent to West Point, and the other retained at the Washington Navy-yard.

COLORED GUNNERS.

The experiment of making gunners for the navy of the contrabands taken into the service is proving a decided success. Acting Volunteer Lieut. ROGERS, of the United States steamer *Somerset*, reports to Capt. WISE, of the Navol Ordnance Bureau, that he organized ten of these men into a division, and in four months, though they had never before handled a gun, they were as proficient as any other division on the ship. Six of these men were original contrabands.

THE MARCH INTEREST ON THE TEN-FORTIES.

Mr. FESSENDEN has announced his intention of anticipating the march interest on the ten-forties to-morrow or next day. The amount of gold thrown on the market by the payment of the interest on these gold interest-bearing bonds is upward of three millions.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

CAPTURED REBEL FLAGS.

First Lieut. and Adjt. THOMAS P. GREENE, of the Fifth Missouri Veteran Infantry, to-day presented to the War Department, by order of Maj.-Gen. THOMAS, seventeen battle-flags, captured in the battle of Nashville on the 16th of December last, and in the action that immediately succeeded that brilliant victory during the pursuit of the rebel forces under HOOD. Seventeen other flags were presented, fifteen of the gallant captors performing this office in person. The Secretary of War thus addressed them:

"In behalf of the Government of the United States I return you its thanks and the thanks of the people for your noble gallantry. Accept, also, the gratitude of this department for yourselves and for your comrades in arms. The Adjutant-General will be ordered to take charge of the flags, with the inscriptions you have this morning given, so as to connect your own individual histories with the noble actions in which they were captured. He will also be directed to present to each one of you a medal of honor, to be worn by you as a token and recognition of your gallantry and distinguished services, I wish you all a safe return to your homes, and that you may long live to enjoy in peace the victories which have been won by you and your companions in arms. Lieutenant, I return to you and your command the thanks of the department and of the Government, and you will make known to them the high estimation in which their services are held. The Adjutant General was then ordered to give each of the captors a furlough of thirty days.

WASHINGTON ILLUMINATED.

To-night all the public buildings, including the Capitol and Presidential Mansion, together with the City Hall and a number of private dwellings were brilliantly illuminated. The State Department was tastefully adorned with national flags, and on the main entrance was a transparancy with the following significant inscription in large letters: "Peace and good will to all nations, but no entangling alliances, and no foreign intervention."

THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

NAVAL CONTRACTORS.

Mr. HENDRICKS, of Indiana, (Dem.,) from the Naval Committee, reported a resolution to increase the compensation of naval contractors, which was read and ordered to be printed.

Mr. TRUMBULL, of Illinois, (Union,) from the Committee on the Judiciary, asked to be discharged from the further consideration of petitions for the recognition of a Supreme Being in the Constitution of the United States.

THE PROPOSITION TO TAX EXPORTS.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from the Naval Committee, reported adversely on the proposition to amend the Constitution so as to permit Congress to tax exports.

THE BASIS OF REPRESENTATION.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from the same committee, reported adversely on the proposition submitted recently by Mr. SUMNER, in regard to the basis of representation.

THE NIAGARA FALLS SHIP CANAL.

Mr. WILSON, of Massachusetts, (Union,) from the Military Committee, reported back the House Bill to build a ship canal around Niagara, and the bill to build a canal from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi River, with a joint resolution as a substitute for both, authorizing surveys to be made, with a view to the construction of these works, the improvement and enlargement of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, and the improvement of the Upper and Lower Rapids of the Mississippi River, and that of the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers.

THE COPYRIGHT OF PHOTOGRAPHS.

Mr. COWAN, of California, (Union,) offered a bill to amend the Copyright Law, so as to authorize the copyrighting of photographs; also to require that a copy of every book copyrighted in the United States shall be forwarded to the library of Congress, a failure to do which, forfeiting the copyright.

The bill was passed.

THE COMMISSARY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. WILSON, from the Military Committee, reported adversely on the House bill relating to the Commissary Department.

UNIFORM MILITIA.

Mr. WILSON reported back the Senate bill to establish a uniform militia throughout the United States, with a recommendation that it pass.

THE EASTERN JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.

Mr. HARRIS, of New-York, (Union,) called up the bill to establish the Eastern Judicial District of New-York, to embrace the counties of Kings, Queens and Suffolk, which, after some discussion, was passed.

COMMERCE BETWEEN THE STATES.

Mr. CHANDLER, of Maryland, (Union,) desired to call up the bill to regulate commerce between the several States.

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

Mr. SUMNER, of Massachusetts, (Union,) insisted on calling up the special order, which was the report of the Committee of Conference on Freedmen's Bureau, and the motion prevailed.

Mr. HALE, of New-Hampshire, (Union,) spoke against the bill as unconstitutional.

Mr. LANE, of Indiana, deprecated its passage as calculated to do more harm than good to the black race.

Further remarks on the subject were made by Messrs. DAVIS, CONNESS, MORRILL, SUMNER and JOHNSON, after which the question on the adoption of the report of the committee was taken, and decided in the negative:

YEAS—Messrs. Anthony, Brown, Chandler, Foot, Howard, Morgan, Morrill, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sprague, Stewart, Sumner, Wade, Wilson—14.

NAYS—Messrs. Buckalew, Carlisle, Cowan, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Grimes, Hale, Harlan, Harris, Henderson, Howe, Johnson, Lane of Indiana, McDougall, Nesmith, Powell, Richardson, Riddle, Ten Eyck, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Willey, Wright—24.

Absent or not voting—Messrs. Clark, Collamer, Conness, Farwell, Foster, Hendricks, Lane of Kansas, Nye, Saulsbury, Sherman, Wilkinson—11.

On motion of Mr. WILSON the Senate insisted on its amendment to the original bill, and called for another Committee of Conference.

COMMERCE BETWEEN THE STATES.

Mr. CHANDLER then moved to call up the bill in relation to certain railroads, entitled "An act to regulate commere between the several States."

Mr. TRUMBULL hoped that the bill would be postponed to enable the Senate to proceed to the consideration of the report of the Judiciary Committee, in regard to the State Government of Louisiana.

Mr. HALE hoped Mr. TRUMBULL's motion would prevail. It related to a much more important matter than a fight between two corporations.

Mr. CHANDLER—It is only one corporation—one corporation against all the people of the United States, and I am sorry to say that that corporation was able to pay for counsel.

The motion of Mr. CHANDLER prevailed, and the bill to regulate commerce between the several States was taken up.

Mr. NYE, of Nevada, (Union,) advocated the bill, maintaining the constitutional right of Congress to pass it.

The Chair appointed Messrs. WILSON, HARLAN and WILLEY a Committee of Conference on the Freedmen's Bureau Bill.

Mr. SPRAGUE, of Rhode Island, (Union,) offered an amendment, which was adopted, calling upon the Secretary of War for a copy of instructions issued for enrollment of citizens of Louisiana.

On motion, pending the further consideration of the Railroad Bill, the Senate went into executive session and adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Feb. 22.

ADMEASUREMENT OF TONNAGE.

Mr. O'NEIL, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) introduced a bill, accompanied by a petition, repealing so much of the act of May, 1864, which regulates the admeasurement of tonnage of ships and vessels, as applies to any canal-boat without masts or steam power, now by law required to be registered, licensed or enrolled and licensed. The bill was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

THE REPRIMAND OF MR. FIELD.

The Sergeant-at-Arms of the House, in accordance with the resolution passed yesterday, brought before the bar of the House A. P. FIELD, to receive a reprimand.

The speaker addressed him as follows:

Mr. FIELD: The duty has been devolved upon me by the representatives of the American people, to express to you their condemnation of the act for which you have been tried before a committee of their members, and ordered to be reprimanded at the bar of the House, by their presiding officer. In this hall assemble those who have been chosen by the suffrages of their constituents throughout the constitutional area of the Republic, to deliberate and decide upon the gravest matters of national concern. Differing often widely from each other, their acts and votes on many questions, may prove distasteful to large portions of the people for whom they legislate, and the Constitution has therefore wisely declared that no Representative shall be questioned elsewhere for words spoken here in debates, accountable, as every Representative is, to this body, with which he is associated, to which is reserved the right of expulsion for whatever renders him unworthy of its membership. The House has repeatedly decided that menace or assault by one member upon another is a flagrant breach of privilege, rendering the offender amenable to whatever proper punishment it may see fit to inflict; and while thus subjecting a sworn associate to its discipline, it claims and exercises the right to fix the penalty against those, not of the body itself, who endeavor by threat or attack to interfere with the freest action of its members. In your case the offence seems more inexcusable, because you yourself were a claimant of a seat on this floor, and the question involved in the decision of that claim was one of far more than ordinary importance to the nation and your State. The representative who was first denounced and then attacked by you, was not a member of the committee before which the issue was pending, and whose report was necessary to bring it before the House. He had himself joined in the unanimous vote by which you were authorized to occupy a seat upon this floor, pending its decision and to vindicate your claim to membership when the question should come before this body for its action. Yet, without provocation, without any preliminary personal controversy, you first insulted him at a public table, and followed it with a violent attack with an open knife, inflicting a painful wound upon his person, and with threats that you would shoot him before you went to bed. You must rejoice that your assault did not terminate in graver results than those for which you are now arraigned. It is but just to you to state that the testimony of your friends before the committee declares you to be a gentleman of correct deportment, kind and amiable in your intercourse with others and unexceptionable in demeaner, except on occasions of indulgence in conviviality; and the unpleasant position you occupy to-day is therefore only another illustration of the existing value of that warning voice of inspiration: "Look not upon the wine when it is red, when it giveth its color in the cup, for at last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder." Inviting you finally to remember that whether as an individual or as a legislator: "He that is slow to anger is better than the mighty, and he that ruleth his spirit, than he that taketh a city." It only remains for me to direct the Sergeant-at-Arms to discharge you from his custody.

Mr. FIELD was accordingly discharged.

THE NATIONAL MISSISSIPPI BRIDGE COMPANY.

The House indefinitely postponed the bill for the benefit of the National Mississippi Bridge Company, which proposed the erection of a bridge near St. Louis.

MISCELLANEOUS BILLS PASSED.

A number of bills were reported from the Judiciary Committee and passed, embracing the following: Providing for the publication of the opinions of the Attorney-Generals of the United States since March, 1857; regulating the appropriation of private property to public uses; designating the mode of selecting jurors in the United States Circuit and District Courts, and regulating proceedings in criminal cases.

Mr. WILSON, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported a bill providing that neither the people or the Legislature of any State declared in insurrection by the proclamation dated Aug. 16, 1861, shall hereafter elect Senators and Representatives to the Congress of the United States, until the President has declared by proclamation that armed hostilities within such State have ceased, nor until the people of such State have adopted a Republican Government, not repugnant to the Constitution and laws, and not until by a law of Congress such State is entitled to representation in Congress.

Mr. WILSON said the principle on which the bill rested was that provision of the Constitution which authorized Congress to prescribe the times and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives.

Mr. MALLORY, of Kentucky, (Union,) saw no propriety in enacting reconstruction laws, as, in his opinion, the Secession Ordinance did not carry States out of the Union. The measure under consideration restricted the rights of the people and placed their action under the control of the President.

Mr. KERNAN, of New-York, (Dem.,) denied that under the clause of the Constitution quoted by the gentleman they could pass this bill. That provision did not give Congress the power to prohibit elections, under any regulations. If, to-morrow, the State of Georgia should disavow the Ordinance of Secession, and send representatives here, would any Union man say they should not be admitted? We should deal with each State as its case was presented, and lay down no general rules in relation to the admission of representatives, but judge as to the fact whether such representatives came from loyal constituents.

Mr. POMEROY, of Kansas, (Union,) said the bill fixed no time for holiday elections; but that certain things should occur before an election is held. He believed that all the constitutions of the rebel States had been subverted, and that new life must be breathed into them by the same instrumentality by which they were overthrown. He desired to see a new state of things; and this would come when slavery was wiped away from them. The initiative of the reconstruction of the States was with the people thereof, and not with Congress. When members presented themselves here, gentlemen would be called upon to decide as to their qualifications. He would not now anticipate what the action of the House should be in such cases. He would be governed by the fact as to whether the representatives came from a loyal and Union-abiding constituency.

Mr. COX, of Ohio, (Dem.,) gave his reasons for opposing the bill. It was a prohibition against elections being held.

Mr. HIGBY, of California, (Union,) said that without an act of Congress to the contrary, the House would be obliged to readmit the same number of members from the South as came hither previous to the rebellion. To this he was not disposed to assent.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, (Union,) answered the objections which had been made to the bill. The object was to fix the conditions of election by law, and act on the admission of representatives when they shall present themselves. In the course of his remarks he said he would never vote to recognize the Government of any State, unless on the condition that African slavery is forever prohibited. The perjured traitors in South Carolina for instance are subject to our jurisdiction, although they have destroyed their local Government.

Mr. ASHLEY, of Ohio, (Union,) submitted a substitute for the bill, similar to the Reconstruction Bill laid on the table yesterday. He said it would secure the civil rights of every man who had served in the military and naval service, and give them the right to vote for delegates for State Conventions proposed, and whether he would accept the constitution when formed.

Mr. COX understood that personally his colleague was in favor of the negro; but as a committee-man he was in favor of the white man, saying in effect, if he could not get the negro he would take the white man.

Mr. ASHLEY explained that although the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. KELLEY) moved to strike out the word "white," the Speaker decided the motion could not be entertained, for the reason that an amendment was already pending.

Mr. BLAIR moved that the whole subject be laid upon the table, and this was agreed to by a vote of 79 against 65.

THE FAMILIES OF SLAVE VOLUNTEERS.

Mr. WILSON reported from the Committee on the Judiciary the Senate resolution to promote enlistments in the army, by declaring the wives and children of such colored men as enter the service forever free, any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding, and declaring married such men and women as have lived together in that character.

Mr. HARRIS, of Maryland, (Dem.,) said the House was getting wild on the subject of the negro.

Mr. WILSON, on the contrary, thought they were getting their senses.

Mr. HARRIS, resuming, remarked that the gentlemen on the other side had negro on the brain. The measure was illegal and unconstitutional, because it proposed to abolish an institution maintained and legalized in certain States. In this connection allusion was made to the decision of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case.

Mr. WILSON thought the gentleman himself had developed the disease of nego on the brain, for he seemed to be distracted with it. He hoped the time was rapidly passing away when any mode would rise here and quote the Dred Scott decision. There were hundreds and thousands of colored men fighting our battles, and risking everything for the salvation of the Republic, in the fields once cursed by slavery; and this measure would gladden their hearts by according to their wives and children the freedom to which they are entitled.

Mr. MALLORY said, if the necessary number of States ratified the constitutional amendment, slavery would be swept away; and if it should not be ratified, the President's Emancipation Proclamation would remain in force. He, therefore, failed to see the propriety of passing the measure under consideration.

Mr. WILSON did not wonder that the gentleman failed to perceive the utility of the measure, as he had too long been connected with slavery to appreciate it. The constitutional amendment might not be ratified for two years to come, and in the meantime he did not wish any responsibility of these women and children remaining in bondage, and the continuance of this great wrong to rest upon himself.

Mr. MALLORY moved that the bill be laid on the table. This was disagreed to, 66 against 77.

The resolution was then passed by a strictly party vote, 74 against 63.

Mr. WILSON reported from the Judiciary Committee the Senate bill to prevent officers of the army and navy, and others engaged in the military and naval service, from interfering in the States. The bill was passed without debate; yeas 113, nays 19, the latter being Messrs. Ashley, Beaman, Boyd, Cobb, Cole, Davis of Maryland, Davis of New-York, Garfield, Kelly, Knox, Rice of Maine, Shannon, Schenck, Sloan, Smithers, Stevens, Upson, Wilder and Worthington.

The House passed a bill directing a Circuit and District Court to be held at Erie, Pennsylvania.

The House concurred in the Senate's amendments to the bill creating a new judicial district in the State of New-York, to be held at Brooklyn.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Judicial Committee, reported a bill, that so much of the joint resolution explanatory of the acts to suppress insurrection, punish treason, and to confiscate property, approved July 17, 1862, as prohibits the forfeitures of real estate of rebels beyond the national life, be repealed: this act to take affect from and after its passage.

Pending the bill, the House adjourned.

NATIONAL REJOICING.

Celebration of Our Victories and Washington's Birthday.

Enthusiastic Demonstrations—Grand Display of Flags and Fireworks—Bell Ringing, Military Parades, and National Salutes.

THE DAY HERE AND ELSEWHERE

Important Meeting of Prominent Citizens.

Thunders of artillery, early yesterday morning, ushered in the One Hundred and Thirty-third Anniversary of the Birth of the Father of the Republic, and the echoes of these salutes, reverberating throughout the land, told to the listener a two-fold story—the story of undiminished reverence and love still felt by a grateful nation for the memory of the pure patriot who guided it through the storms of the Revolution, and during the feebleness of infancy; and that other story of to-day, illustrious forever, of the triumph of those principles of patriotism and union inculcated by WASHINGTON, which we have been struggling to maintain. The manner in which the day was celebrated yesterday will long be remembered. The last four anniversaries of the event have been more or less overshadowed by gloom and doubts. The curse seemed to have fallen upon us; the blessings of peace, union and prosperity, which WASHINGTON left to us as an inheritance, seemed to have departed, and none could hopefully predict the time of their return. But the spirit of the people yesterday evinced a change, and, except among the few who wished it otherwise, the general opinion was that our days of trial were almost over. Four years ago Charleston resounded with noisy boasts that she would make herself the great commercial emporium of the American continent, and that her citizens, attracted by curiosity as tourists go to Rome, would come to New-York to see streets overgrown with grass and a city in ruins, bewailing the day when it offended South Carolina. Yesterday saw Charleston as black, desolate and uninhabitable a waste as the Cities of the Plain, and New-York one of the richest, most prosperous, gayest cities in the world, dressed out with streaming banners, pealing with joyous bells, brilliant with military pageants, commemorating the triumph of justice and truth over the miserably wicked folly of treason.

The day in this city was very generally observed as a holiday. In the afternoon the factories and stores were nearly all closed, and the streets were thronged with sight-seers and pleasure-seekers. A warm Spring sun shone upon a jolly, good-natured mass of human beings, bent upon enjoyment. They had cause for joy, and they felt it. The humblest person in the great crowds that surged through Broadway felt that the man the anniversary of whose birth he was celebrating had devoted his life to the prosperity of this country; the meanest among them felt a glow of pride and triumph when looking up at the honored flag of the Union, and knew that it now floated over Sumter, Moultrie and Charleston, never again to be torn away by traitors. Truly the 22d of February, 1865, was a memorable day, and the causes that made it so will not soon be forgotten. We give below an account of the observance of the day in New-York and its suburbs.

THE DISPLAY OF BUNTING.

High holiday was never before celebrated by so prodigal a display of bunting. A double festival, such as the day commemorated, required a double exhibition of flags and streamers. Turn which way you would and the eye rested on the beautiful banner of the Republic, waving its benisons, and imparting its patriotic inspirations. Broadway, in its entire length, was brilliant as a flower-garden with the bright colors of the national ensign. Other streets, especially those up-town, in which first-class residences are located, were scarcely second to Broadway in the profuse display. The flag floated from windows and house-tops, from the City Hall, the Custom-house, the Federal buildings and the courts. The shipping in the harbor and at the wharves also gave more bunting to the breeze than was ever exhibited on any single occasion before.

THE FEU DE JOIE.

The hoisting of the Stars and Stripes at Governor's Island and the other military posts in the harbor, at sunrise, was the signal for a national salute, which was repeated at noon, awakening the echoes far and near.

TRINITY CHIMES.

Mr. JAMES E. AYLIFFE rang, at noon, the changes on the bells of old Trinity, and performed the following programme: 1. Ringing the changes on eight bells; 2. My Lodging is on the Cold Ground; 3. You'll Remember Me—from the opera Bohemian Girl; 4. Auld Lang Syne; 5. March—in Il Puritani; 6. Grand national fantasia, written for Trinity Church chimes by GEORGE F. BRISTOW, in honor of the recent great victories; 7. Lovely Lily of the Vale; 8. Spanish Melody; 9. Columbia the Gem of the Ocean; 10. Airs, from the "Child of the Regiment;" 11. What fairy like music; 12. Am I not fondly thine own; 13. The Soldier's return; 14. Red, White and Blue; 15. Yankee Doodle.

An immense crowd gathered in Broadway to listen to the music of the bells, and remained, in spite of mud and slippery sidewalks, until the last note had died out.

THE MILITARY DISPLAY.

Owing to no general division order for a parade having been issued, a number of our city regiments made independent parades in honor of the day, which were witnessed by an admiring throng.

At half-past 4 o'clock the Seventh, Eighth and Seventy-first Regiments formed in line on Twenty-sixth-street, and marched down Broadway to the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

The Eighth Regiment, N. Y. S. N. G., (Washington Grays,) Col. VARIAN commanding, formed line on Broome-street, right resting on Broadway. The turnout was not so large as usual on such occasions with this favorite regiment. The corps marched down Broadway, and were reviewed at the Park. Both these regiments were subsequently reviewed at the Fifth-avenue Hotel by Gov. FENTON and Staff.

The Veterans of 1812, also, made their usual parade in honor of the natal day of the "Father of our Country." They marched through several streets and visited the different newspaper offices. At the invitation of the city authorities the Veterans partook of a dinner at CROOK & DUFF's.

The Eleventh Regiment, under command of Col. MAIDHOFF, paraded 450 strong, and were also reviewed by the city authorities, and by Gens. HALL, AVERIL and HINKS.

THE DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS.

A grand display of fireworks was given at the City Hall, Union square, Madison-square, Jackson-square, Mount Morris-square, Tompkins-square, East Broadway and Grand-street and Liberty Park.

The exhibition at the City Hall Park consisted of the following pieces: A Cascade, Jeweled Cross of Honor, Grand Volute, Diamond Star, Flowering Aloe, Diamond Cross and Roses, Italian Rosette, Revolving Sun, Yankee Mill, Cupid's Wreath, Saxon Cross, Mosaic Filagree, Illuminated Piece and Emblem of Freedom. The concluding piece commenced with a rainbow shell, which changed to an allegorical device, in which the name of the immortal WASHINGTON, the Father of his Country, patriot, soldier and statesman, appears conspicuous, surrounded with appropriate insignia and crowned with the Genius of America. Fountains of fire were placed on each side of the piece, throwing out streams of liquid fire, and fire pumps, casting stars of crimson, green, purple, orange, lilac and bronze fires; concluding with a flight of rockets, filling the air around with stars, serpents, golden rain, fiery meteors, &c., alternated by bombs, floral shells, batteries, volcanoes, flights of rockets, &c.

The exhibition was the same at Union and Madison squares, but at the other places was on a smaller scale.

Large crowds gathered at all the points where fireworks were exhibited, in spite of the bad state of the streets, and listened to the music of the bands, and viewed the pyrotechnic displays with evident satisfaction. In the City Hall Park, an immense crowd assembled, and the sidewalks near the TIMES office were a mass of human beings. Numbers of private residences were illuminated with Chinese lanterns, and banners and flags were displayed wherever space could be found for them.

AN ECONOMICAL SPIRIT.

The usual municipal banquet was dispensed with. The committee having stated in their programme

Continued on Eighth Page.

NEW BOOKS.

THE POEMS OF WINTHROP MACKWORTH PRAED. Revised and Enlarged Edition, with a Memoir. By Rev. DERWENT COLERIDGE. 2 vols. 12m. New-York: W. J. WIDDLETON.

Twenty-five years after the death of the writer, appears the first authentic collection of his poetical remains. It seems to have been retarded by the illness and death of Mr. PRAED's widow, as well as by the desire to make the edition as perfect as existing materials would admit. It now appears, superintended by the daughters of the poet, and inscribed to the memory of his widow, by whom some of his most beautiful verses were inspired in the first buoyancy of happy wedded life. PRAED's friends and school-fellows have all done their part, not less by identifying fugitive pieces of his composition, than by clearing away a mass of poems, the production of an imitator, wrongly attributed to him. The memoir, written by DERWENT COLERIDGE, has the sole disadvantage of being too brief, when looked at as the only record we are likely to receive of one that the world would willingly know more of. It is a matter of notoriety, that while this English edition has been in preparation, five or six different impressions of the poems, selected on internal evidence only, from the periodical literature of the day, were published in America. That the wide circulation they met with has kept alive the poet's fame, and perhaps been the means of procuring us this edition of his authentic versions, it is impossible to doubt. The fact, indeed, is acknowledged in the editor's notice. The poems themselves are too familiar to the American public to need criticism here. Many of those, however, now first published, show the versatility of the writer, and his power over the elements of feeling and pathos, in a higher degree than would be supposed possible by readers acquainted only with the gaiety and brillancy of his more widely-known compositions. If ever there was a born poet, it was certainly PRAED. What such natural and instinctive gifts and graces might have ripened into with genial culture, it is now impossible to say. By a strange perversity of judgment, it seems to have been the sole aim of his family and friends to convert a heaven-born poet into a middling second or third-rate politician and orator. They succeeded, indeed, but at the expense of the life of PRAED, who died confessedly from the injurious effects of late Parliamentary hours and over-exertion in political and legal affairs, on a frame always weak and delicate. Never was there a more complete realization of RETSCHZ's drawing, "Pegasus in Harness," and there was the less excuse for it, because he belonged to a wealthy family, and was always amply provided for. It is a striking instance of the absolute want of any status in society conferred by literature in England—the old complaint of men of letters, from POPE to THACKERAY. It is easy to imagine how differently would have passed the poet's career in France. There his exquisite talents, expanding in the warmth of genial appreciation, would have placed him on a height that politicians might in vain aspire to reach. Everything told us about the man is in keeping with his writings, and creates a desire for further revelations of his literary and social life. Prophecies are proverbially unsafe, but *it may be* that when TENNYSON and BROWNING occupy the relative position to future generations that COWLEY and DONNE do to us, and are unintelligible without glossaries and commentators, thousands will delight in the sunny clearness and brilliancy, the airy fancy and unequaled felicity of diction, that distinguish the poems of WINTHROP MACKWORTH PRAED.

MATTIE, a Story by the author of "High Church," "No Church," &c. 8vo. New-York, HARPER & BROTHERS.

Messrs. HARPERS are fortunate, or rather skillful in their selections from the immense mass of novels thrown upon the English market. Though the labor of examination and choice must be arduous, they rarely reprint one that has not considerable claim to attention. Among those by authors comparatively unknown, "Mattie" is one of the best that we have lately met with. The scene of the story lies in the lower middle class walks of London life, and is remarkable for the fidelity of its descriptive portions and the vivid portrait painting of its characters. The motto of the book, "By bestowing blessings upon others, we entail them on ourselves," intimates the fortunes of the heroine Mattie, an outcast child; redeeming herself by native good principle and sound common sense. She becomes the good genius of the plot, who sets everything to rights that interferes with the union of the lovers, but by the niggard justice of the author she is dismissed to begin a new career, with no reward but the consciousness of well-doing. The close observation and skill shown in the delineation of minute circumstances that tend to develop character, lead one to suppose that the book is the production of a lady's pen. "By the author of Mattie," will certainly be a potent recommendation for the writer's next book.

HOUSE AND HOME PAPERS. By HARRIET BEECHER STOWE. 12mo. Boston: TICKNOR & FIELDS.

This comparatively unpretending book is likely to be of more permanent and extensive utility than any of Mrs. STOWE's more ambitious efforts. How to render home attractive, elegant and healthy, by the help of good taste and judicious expenditure of small means; how to overcome the prevalent obstacles to domestic comfort that necessarily occur in a country where the demand for labor of all descriptions is in excess of the supply, is the purpose of this book, and the lessons it inculcates are worthy to be carefully considered by the head of every household. It is undeniable that, as compared with other countries, ease of pecuniary circumstances is the characteristic of the great body of families in the United States. Yet how few realize the charm that culture and refinement, displayed in the minute details of home arrangement and management, can throw round the prosaic routine of daily life. How many, far removed from care and want, are content to "get along," without a thought of what they owe to their families and themselves in the cultivation of the tastes that distinguish man from the brute. Mrs. STOWE's large experience qualifies her for the task she has undertaken. Feminine tact and cleverness are visible in every line of her book. It deserves and must obtain a very large circulation.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

J. F. D. LANIER, President, C. V. CULVER, Vice-Prest.,
Of Winslow, Lanier & Co. Of Culver, Penn & Co.
C. N. JORDAN, Cashier.

☞ THIRD NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
PAID-IN CAPITAL ....$1,000,000.

Designated depository of the United States, and authorized agent of the Treasury.

No. 5 NASSAU-STREET, Feb. 17, 1865.

This bank was organized under the National Banking Act, in June last, by Mr. C. V. Culver and associates, with a paid-up capital of $500,000, and has been in successful operation since that period.

Its paid-up capital has now been increased to $1,000,000, and, by a recent arrangement, Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co., of this city, their correspondents, together with Messrs. Culver, Penn & Co., and their friends, being persons of well-known standing and large pecuniary means, have become the owners of its capital stock.

The managers of this bank are, and for many years have been, in close and extensive business relations with banks and bankers in all parts of the country, and their experience and fidelity to the interests intrusted to their care need no recommendation.

The bank is now prepared to open accounts with depositors, and will allow four per cent. interest to banks and bankers on their credit balances, rendering accounts current monthly.

Collections made through all parts of the country on the most favorable terms.

This bank is an accredited agent of the Government, and will give particular attention to the purchase of all Government Securities, and will discharge all business intrusted to its care promptly and without cost to its correspondents. J. F. D. LANIER, President.

C. N. JORDAN, Cashier.

☞ CLARK, DODGE & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS
FOR THE U. S. 7-30 LOAN,
NO. 51 WALL-ST.,

have all denominations of 7-30 notes on hand for immediate delivery.

☞ THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK
Of New-York, No. 74 Broadway.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 28, 1865.

This bank has commenced business at No. 74 Broadway, and offers its services to the public. Collections will be made on all accessible points on the lowest terms.

All orders for Government securities will be promptly executed, and the customary commission allowed to purchasers.

Special attention will be given to business connected with Government, and persons wishing to avoid the inconvenience of addressing the departments are invited to apply to the officers of this bank.

NOAH L. WILSON, President.

ALFRED A. POST, Cashier.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION—MONDAY, Feb. 20, 1865.

Present—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis.

The President being absent at roll call, Alderman Ryers moved that Alderman Jeremiah take the chair.

The minutes of February thirteen and sixteen were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By the President—

Petition of German-American School Society of the Nineteenth Ward to fill in and fence certain lots voted a nuisance.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Health.

By Alderman Brice—

Petition of Patrick Garnick to be reimbursed for damages occasioned by lease of lots in Worth-street as a temporary location for Engine Company Number Twenty-one.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Alderman Flynn—

Resignation of Robert H. Ellis as Commissioner of Deeds.

Which was accepted.

Whereupon he presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That Benjamin F. Newhouse be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in place of Robert H. Ellis, resigned, the same to be for the unexpired term of said Robert H. Ellis.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Farley—

Petition of property owners to have Seventy-third-street paved.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Norton—

Petition of property owners in Canal, Spring, and all intermediate streets, for a ferry.

Which was referred to Committee on Ferries.

INVITATION.

By the President—

Invitation to attend the first annual ball of Barnum's Museum Association, Irving Hall, Monday evening, March 20, 1865.

Which was accepted.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the salary of the second assistant clerk in the Department of Finance, Bureau of Arrears, be, and the same is hereby increased to two thousand dollars per annum, said increase to take effect from the date of the passage of this resolution.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to property owners to grade and curb Eighty-first street, from the Third to the Fifth-avenue, at their own expense, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Ryers—

Resolved, That the Clerk of the Common Council be, and he is hereby directed to procure a full set of all the documents, reports, &c., presented to the Legislature, in addition to the bill heretofore authorized to be procured, and that the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated for that purpose.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That a sewer with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Fifty-fourth-street, commencing at the crown between Fifth and Sixth avenues, and to connect with the sewer in Sixth-avenue, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted, the work to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Kelly—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby requested to report to the board at his earliest convenience, all the facts in his possession, or that he may be able to ascertain, touching the establishment or running of a ferry from the slip between piers fifteen and sixteen North River, to some point or place in the vicinity of Jersey City.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the salary of the Resident Sergeant-at-arms of the Board of Aldermen, be increased to the sum of twelve hundred dollars per annum; also the salary of the door-keeper of the Board of Aldermen, be increased to the sum of one thousand dollars per annum.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the salary of the Redemption clerk in the Department of Finance, Beureau of Arrears be, and the same is hereby increased to fifteen hundred dollars per annum, said increase to take effect from the date of the passage of the resolution.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That a crosswalk be laid on the west side of Eighth-avenue and Fifty-sixth-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Voorhis—

Resolved, That the ordinance directing the construction of a sewer in One Hundred and Tenth-street, from west of westerly line of Eighth-avenue to Second-avenue, approved by His Honor the Mayor August fifth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, be and it is hereby amended so as to read:

That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built in One Hundred and Tenth-street, from such point west of the westerly line of Eighth-avenue as the Croton Board may deem proper to the East River, and that the ordinance thus amended, be and the same is hereby adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

REPORTS.

The Committe on Finance presented a report in favor of donating a sum sufficient to Peter Randolph to enable him to pay an assessment.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to flag and reflag the sidewalks in Thirty-seventh-street, between the Ninth and Tenth avenues, where not already done.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to flag and reflag sidewalks in Thirty-second-street, between the Ninth and Tenth and Seventh and Eighth avenues.

Laid over.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Resolution permitting E. A. Newell to place a show-case in front of his premises.

Which was concurred in.

Communication from the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, transmitting returns of Inspectors for election of Assistant Engineer.

Confirmation of the same concurred in.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and is hereby authorized and directed to have the sidewalks boarded over on the south side of Spring-street Market, the entire length, from Washington to West street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—14.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Owen Healy to erect a house for recruiting purposes in Tryon-row-square, junction of Centre and Chatham streets, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was indefinitely postponed.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Peter Doyle and John Donovan to erect a tent at the foot of James-slip, East River, the same to be used for the purpose of recruiting, providing all recruits be credited to the quota of the City and County of New-York, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was indefinitely postponed.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John Toole to erect a recruiting tent on the corner of Walker and Canal streets, provided the recruits obtained be credited to the City of New-York; such permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was indefinitely postponed.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given Peter Mahel to erect a tent in the Park, City Hall, for the purpose of recruiting, providing all recruits obtained be credited to the quota of the City of New-York; the same to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was indefinitely postponed.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John Conners to erect a tent at the foot of Wall-street, for the purpose of recruiting, providing all recruits obtained are credited to the quota of the City of New-York.

Which was indefinitely postponed.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Jeremiah Conklin, to erect a tent at the junction of New-Chambers and Madison streets, for the purpose of recruiting, provided all recruits obtained shall be credited to the quota of the City of New-York.

Which was indefinitely postponed.

An ordinance relative to the Corporation Telegraphs in the City of New-York.

Which was referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

Bill of Alexander Samuells, Sexton of Zion Church, for ringing bell on the Fourth of July.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Alderman Gedney—1.

Bill of George Hayward for printing five thousand circulars for report of Committee on Finance.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—14.

Preamble and resolution as follows:

Whereas, A portion of West-street, west of the railroad track, between Warren and Murray streets, is rendered almost impassable, and after several inefficient and unsuccessful efforts to have the same repaired, the merchants doing business in part of said street determined to have the same repaired at the cost of ninety dollars; therefore

Resolved, That the said parties be refunded said amount of ninety dollars out of such funds as are unexpended on the appropriation for paving streets.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—14.

An ordinance to amend article three of chapter one of the Revised Ordinances of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, relative to the Mayor's office.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Flynn, Ryers, Brice, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—6.

Negative—Aldermen Mott, Morton, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Kelly, Farley—8.

Which was subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

An ordinance to amend chapter three of the Revised Ordinances of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, by adding an article to establish and regulate a Bureau of Licences.

Which was postponed.

Report of Committee on Lands and Places, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to prepare plans and specifications, advertise for proposals, and contract with the lowest bidder, pursuant to the provisions of the Amended Charter of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, for the work of constructing a neat and substantial railing around the fountain in Tompkins-square, the expense thereof to be charged to the appropriation for Lands and Places.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Hardy, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Fiftieth-street, between the Fifth and Sixth avenues, be flagged, curbed and guttered, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Van Voorhis—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be directed to take the necessary legal measures to open Seventy-fifth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River.

Which was lost on a division:

Affirmative—Aldermen Flynn, Gedney, McKnight, Ottiwell—4.

Negative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Shannon, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Farley, Van Voorhis—9.

Which was subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That Fifty second-street, between the Seventh and Eighth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Benjamin F. Brady for the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, in payment for rent of premises, services and other expenses, attending the free exhibition of the Archbishop Hughes Memorial, the same having been done by order of the Special Committee on the same, and that the said amount be taken from the appropriation for City Contingencies.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Kelly, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Negative—Aldermen Jeremiah, Brice, Ottiwell—3.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Report of Committee on Assessments in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Rev. Jeremiah P. Lord, President of the Board of Consistory of the Reformed Dutch Church Cemetery, of Harlem, for one hundred and ten dollars and seventy-seven cents, ($110 77,) as a donation, being the amount of assessment on said cemetery for regulating and grading One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street from Third-avenue to Harlem River, and charge the same to the account of Donations and Charities.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—12.

Negative—Alderman Gedney—1.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Ryers moved that when the board adjourns it do adjourn to meet again on Monday next, the twenty-seventh instant, at two o'clock.

Which was carried.

PETITIONS RESUMED.

By Alderman McKnight—

Petition of Michael Reynolds, for pay for loss of horse, with the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby directed to draw his warrant for the sum of five hundred dollars in favor of Michael Reynolds, as a donation for loss of horse from Pier number fifty-seven East River, and charge the amount to its appropriate account.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks of Broadway, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh streets, be flagged to their full width, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Van Voorhis—12.

Whereas, The Legislature of this State has invited propositions from this city, in connection with other cities of the State, as to the terms it would offer to induce the selection of it as the capital of the State; and

Whereas, The population, wealth and interests of this metropolis, subject to legislation, and the accommodation it is enabled to afford to legislators, seem to indicate it as the proper location for the public buildings of the State and sessions of the Legislature; and

Whereas, Such buildings would prove ornamental to the city, and the business resulting from the fact that it had become the political as it has been for so many years the commercial centre of the State, would tend materially to the advancement of its interests and justify a liberal proposition to the Legislature, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, in answer to the request contained in the aforesaid resolution of the Legislature, make the following offer.

1. To appropriate and give to the people of the State a site for the Capitol buildings and State House on the Battery, the Park, Tompkins Square, Mount Morris Square, or some suitable site, if preferred, that may be selected in the Central Park or on Washington Heights.

2. To appropriate and give to the people of the State a site one hundred feet square for an Executive Mansion, on Fifth-avenue, opposite Central Park.

3. Under the supervision of a commission composed of persons to be appointed by or under the direction of the Legislature, and of an equal number of persons to be appointed by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty, to erect, at the expense of said city, according to plans and specifications to be agreed upon by such commission, upon the sites respectively selected, the Capitol Building, State House, and Executive Mansion.

Resolved, That a Special Committee of three members of each branch of the Common Council be appointed to confer with the Senate Committee, and make the tender contained in the foregoing preamble and resolutions.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—12.

Negative—Aldermen Jeremiah, O'Brien—2.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to cause the lamps in and around the City Hall Park to be lighted with kerosene oil, by introducing, if practicable, oil lamps into the present gas lamp posts in said street, between the points above indicated, in order to institute a comparison between the present mode of lighting the streets with gas and that of lighting them with kerosene oil, the experiment hereby authorized to be continued for a period of one week, or longer, if necessary; that particular attention be given by the said Street Commissioner to the quality of light given, and the cost thereof; and that he report the result of the experiment to the Common Council at his earliest convenience, the expense thereof not to exceed the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars.

Alderman Norton moved to amend by striking out the two thousand five hundred dollars and inserting the sum of five hundred dollars.

Which was carried.

The resolution as amended was then adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Price, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Alderman Price called up General Order number fifty-one, being report of Committee on Assessments in favor of adopting resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Wm. J. Peck, of the Board of Trustees of the North Presbyterian Church, corner of Ninth-avenue and Thirty-first-street, for the sum of two hundred and seventy-five dollars and forty cents, as a donation; the same to be applied in payment of an assessment imposed upon the property of said church for paving of Ninth-avenue; the amount to be charged to the account of Donations.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Price, Kelley, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks of Fiftieth-street, from the Eighth-avenue to Broadway, be flagged to their full width, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Report of Committee on Assessments, in favor of adopting resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Wm. Fitspatrick, for the sum of forty-two dollars and twenty six cents, to be as a donation, the said amount to be applied in payment of an assessment imposed upon lot known as line number six hundred and four, block number one hundred and ninety-two, map number two hundred and thirty-one, ward number twenty-six, on the map for opening Seventy-sixth-street, from Fifth-avenue to the East River, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Farley, Van Voorhis—12.

Negative—Alderman Ottiwell—1

Report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, in favor of adopting resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals and contract for the work of making necessary repairs to the inner portion of pier number thirty-seven, North River.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Ryers moved to reconsider the vote taken on General Order number thirty-five, relating to a site for the new State Capitol.

Which was carried.

He then moved to amend by striking out the last resolution, and inserting the following:

Resolved, If the Board of Councilmen concur, that a special committee of three members of each board be appointed to vote on the following preamble and resolution, who, in connection with His Honor the Mayor, are hereby authorized to confer with the Senate Committee appointed to receive proposals for the site for a new State Capitol, and report to this board the result of such conference, for their action.

Which was carried.

Alderman Ryers moved to discharge the Committee on Finance from the consideration of a report from Board of Councilmen, to pay the widow of Patrick Coman the sum five hundred dollars.

Which was carried.

The paper was then laid over.

GENERAL ORDERS AGAIN RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Fifty-eighth-street, from Eighth to Ninth-avenue, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks of Ninth-avenue, from Fortieth-street to Fifty-ninth-street, be flagged the full width where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Farley moved to suspend the regular order of business, in order to take up papers from the Board of Councilmen.

Which was carried.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Resolution authorizing the Street Commissioner to make a contract with Daniel Gallagher for removing the contents of sinks, privies, &c.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

The Chairman pro tem. here announced as the Special Committee to tender a site for the State Capitol Aldermen Ryers, Farley and Van Voorhis.

Alderman Farley moved to amend the last resolution by increasing the number of the committee to five.

Which was carried.

And the Chairman pro tem. added Aldermen Ottiwell and Gedney to the committee.

GENERAL ORDERS AGAIN RESUMED.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he hereby is authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of John H. Walsh, for the sum of forty-four dollars and fifty cents, to be in full payment for bill hereto annexed, for furnishing Councilman Sandford with a badge of office, the same to be charged to the appropriation for City Contingencies.

Which was adopted by the following vote viz:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Alderman Ottiwell—1.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Fifty-ninth-street, from the Fifth to the Eighth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Alderman O'Brien—1.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Seventy-seventh-street, from Madison-avenue to Fifth-avenue, be regulated, graded, curbed, guttered, and the sidewalks thereof flagged a space four feet wide through the centre of the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farly, Van Voorhis—13.

Resolved, That the salary of the Assistant Messenger of the Auditing Bureau, Finance Department, be increased to one thousand dollars per annum, from and after the passage of this resolution.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Negative—Aldermen McKnight, Jeremiah, Ottiwell—3.

On motion of Alderman Shannon the board then adjourned, and the Chairman pro tem. announced that the board stood adjourned until Monday next, twenty-seventh instant, at two o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

Australasian	Feb. 22	New-York	Liverpool.
Britannia	Feb. 25	New-York	Glasgow.
Lafayette	March 1	New-York	Havre.
Asia	March 1	Boston	Liverpool.
City of Boston	March 4	New-York	Liverpool.
Saxonia	March 4	New-York	S'ampton.
China	March 8	New-York	Liverpool.
Canada	March 15	Boston	Liverpool.
Washington	March 29	New-York	Havre.
Borussia	April 1	New-York	S'ampton.
Bavaria	April 15	New-York	S'ampton.
Germania	April 29	New-York	S'ampton.
Teutonia	May 13	New-York	S'ampton.
Saxonia	May 27	New-York	S'ampton.

FROM EUROPE.

City of London	Feb. 4	Liverpool	New-York.
United Kingdom	Feb. 8	Glasgow	New-York.
China	Feb. 11	Liverpool	New-York.
Canada	Feb. 18	Liverpool	New-York.
Cuba	Feb. 25	Liverpool	New-York.
Borussia	March 8	S'ampton	New-York.
Bavaria	March 22	S'ampton	New-York.
Germania	April 5	S'ampton	New-York.
Teutonia	April 19	S'ampton	New-York.
Saxonia	May 3	S'ampton	New-York.

For California.

Golden Rule	Feb. 20	New-York	Nicaragua.
Ocean Queen	Feb. 23	New-York	Aspinwall.
North Star	Mar. 3	New-York	Aspinwall.

European Mails.

The mails for Europe, by the *Australasian*, will close on Wednesday, at 11 A. M.

The mails for Europe, by the *North American*, via Portland, will close on Friday, at 1:30 P. M.

The mails for the United Kingdom and the Continent, by the *Etna*, will close on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

For New-Orleans and the West Indies.

The mails for Havana, by the *Eagle*, will close on Wednesday, at 2 P. M.

The mails for Kingston, Jamaica, by the *Montezuma*, will close at 1 P. M. Wednesday.

The mails for Havana and the West Indies, by the *Liberty*, will close at 2 P. M. Saturday.

The mails for New-Orleans, by the *George Cromwell*, will close at 1:30 P. M. on Saturday.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5:30 A. M., 1:30 and 6 P. M.
Western and Southwestern Mails	5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3:00 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	3 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., 4:30, 6 and 10:30 P. M.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as cook; understands all kinds of family cooking, baking, &c. Also, a young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid or waitress in the same family; willing to assist in washing and ironing if required; best of city reference. Call for two days in the millinerstore, No. 308 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN woman competent as nurse or housekeeper; would take charge of an invalid lady or children not under four years of age. Address Mrs. LODGE, Hunter's Point Post-office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY GOOD SERVANTS, in every capacity, in city or country. Call at the Private Servants' Institute, No. 103 West 26th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway. J. E. WIER, Proprietor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as cook, understanding cooking, &c. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 100 Lexington-av., between 27th and 28th sts.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, A situation in a private family; has good city reference. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 311 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUation as chambermaid and waitress; best of city reference. Apply at No. 126 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young woman as chambermaid and laundress; understands finery, French fluting, box pleating. Can be seen at No. 39 West 18th-st., first floor, front room.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman a situation as chambermaid and waitress; best of city reference can be given; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Apply at No. 69 West 20th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A THOROUGH WAITRESS, WITH excellent city reference, a situation in the city or country, or as chambermaid and fine washer in a private family or boarding-house; wages $10. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as cook; one who understands both English and French styles of dinners, game suppers, and all family cooking; has the best of city reference; none but first-class need apply. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 242 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO COOK, WASH AND iron, or do the housework of a small family; best of city reference. Call at No. 411 2d-av., near 24th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR CHAMBERWORK and waiting, or chamberwork and washing; would go to the country; city reference. Call at No. 411 2d-av., near 24th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as good plain cook, and an excellent washer and ironer; the best of city reference. Call at No. 125 West 21st-st., corner of 7th-av., top floor.

WANTED—BY A TIDY WOMAN, WHO WORKED in a gentleman's family in Ireland, a situation as plain cook or general servant; washes and irons well; wages $8. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as nurse and seamstress; to take care of a baby from its birth; can cut and fit and do all kinds of family sewing, and can make herself generally useful if required; has good reference. Call at No. 188 Bowery, cor. Spring-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman; is a first-rate cook, washer and ironer; good city reference. Call at No. 83 West 19th-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GERMAN woman a situation as first-rate cook; can cook in the French and American styles in all its branches; best city reference. Address S., Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITuation as first-rate cook, and is willing to assist in the plain washing if required; can give the best of city reference; can give five years. Can be seen at her present employers, No. 7 West 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A SEAMSTRESS, WORK EITHER by the day or week; can do all kinds of family sewing, and all kinds of fine sewing and shirt-making; can finish after dressmaking; has good reference. Call at No. 165 West 41st-st., for two days, top floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY TWO GIRLS, both in one house; one as a first-class cook; the other as chambermaid and waitress; no objections to a short distance in the country; good city reference. Call at No. 129 East 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT ENGLISH WOman, a situation as cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has good city reference. Can be seen at the Protestant Agency, No. 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH girl, to take care of children and do plain sewing and chamberwork; no objection to the country. Can be seen at the Protestant Agency, No. 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as plain cook, washer and ironer, or would do housework for a small family; city references. Can be seen for two days at No. 7 Desbrosses-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, to do chamberwork and fine washing; good city reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 135 West 18th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY A most competent person, who thoroughly understands her business; has lived with the best families; is an excellent baker; has the best of references. Call at No. 431 4th-av., near 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as first-class waitress, or would assist in chamberwork in a private family; has the best of city references, if required. Call at No. 198 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS, OR nurse and seamstress, by an American Protestant young woman, who understands operating on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Apply at No. 7 West 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands soups, meats, game and pastry; is an excellent baker; good city reference. Apply at No. 10 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; good city references. Call at No. 507 7th-av., corner of 41st-st.

NOTICE.—THE WIDOW OF A DECEASED CITY missionary wishes employment as a copyist. It will be a real charity. Residence, No. 275 Spring-st.

COPYIST.—A LADY ACCUSTOMED TO writing, wishes constant employment. Address Mrs. C., Box No. 119 *Times* Office.

WASHING AND IRONING, FLUTING, &c., for ladies and families, by Mrs. NEWGENT; best reference given. No. 98 West 28th-st., top floor.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CARVER IN A dining saloon or hotel; satisfactory reference given as to competency, &c. Address No. 26 Jefferson-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man and his wife, situations in the one house, the man as butler, and his wife as first cook; understands all kinds of soups, meats, jellies and boning fowl, also all kinds of desserts, and both have first-class testimonials from their present employer. Any command left at Mrs. Coffee's, No. 241 West 35th-st., for E. G., will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER BY A practical man; has a thorough knowledge of cattle, gardening, pleasure-grounds, keeping farm books; is married, and without children; his wife (an English woman) would take charge of a gentleman's house, dairy, and every sort of needle-work; good recommendations. Address X. Farmer, Box No. 144 *Times* Office, or Mr. Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st., for 3 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COACHMAN and groom, who thoroughly understands his business, with first-class city reference; is a careful driver, honest, and strictly temperate. Inquire of Mr. J. R. WALDRON, No. 486 Broadway, or address J. H. F., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SINGLE MAN WHO UNDERstands the work of a plain kitchen garden; also the care of horses and cows, to go a short distance in the country; Protestant preferred; steady employment. Apply at No. 279 Canal-st., near Broadway, second loft.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a German, with three in family; he fully understands the business in all its branches. Address B. G., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as coachman or gardener, &c.; seven years' good reference given. Call on or address S. T., No. 9 Chatham-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION in the country as gardener. Call at 175 Duane-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A Scotchman, married man, with a small family, who thoroughly understands his business; also, the management of graperies, greenhouses and propagating of plants; has the best of references. Apply at Mr. Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS DRUG CLERK by a man with 15 years' city experience; 38 years old; uses no intoxicating drinks; American parentage; refers to past employers. Address J. G. W., at Holmes' store, No. 271 Hudson-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a young man; can produce first-class references for capability and sobriety. Address C. M., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced man waiter in a private family, who can be well recommended by the most respectable families in the city. Address No. 921 Broadway, corner 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SINGLE MAN a situation as coachman; has long experience in city. Can be seen at WOOD BROTHERS, No. 595 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE AGED MAN A SITUAtion as bookkeeper or entry clerk, in a first-class mercantile house, bank, or insurance company; good references. Address B. H., Post-office, Box No. 3,991.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A married man, a Frenchman, with small family; has perfect knowledge of hot and cold graperies and greenhouse culture. Address D. F., at J. Smith's, No. 65 Liberty-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A steady man, who can be highly recommended by his last employer, where he has lived four years. Call or address T. R., No. 1,353 Broadway, from 8 to 12 A. M., or from 5 to 7 P. M., at stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A THOROUGH, working farmer; is a Protestant; understands the cultivation of all kinds of crops; also, the care and raising of all kinds of stock; wife a first-class dairy woman; no incumbrance. Address J. D., Box No. 20, Northport, L. I.

WANTED.—BY A PROTESTANT ENGLISHMAN a situation as groom to an officer going out to the war; has good reference; can be seen for two days at the Protestant Agency, No. 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Frenchman, a situation as waiter; understands his business thoroughly, and has good recommendations. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 311 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED MAN as farmer; has the best of reference, and twenty years in that business. Address to J. H., Flushing Post-office, L. I.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT HELP, male or female, for city or country, such as coachmen, waiters, porters, servants, gardeners, farm-hands, laborers, small girls, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, general houseworkers, &c., can be immediately suited at the large Employment House, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

HELP WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED IMMEDIATELY, TO sell a very celebrated remedy on the most liberal terms. Apply immediately at No. 47 Hudson-st., corner of Duane.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A SEAMSTRESS AND DRESSMAKer for a permanent situation—in the city in Winter and country in Summer; a Protestant preferred, of any nation. Apply at No. 19 East 37th-st., before 12 o'clock, for a week.

WANTED—TO GO IN THE COUNTRY, AN ACcomplished seamstress, willing to assist in waiting; good city references required; also a waitress and chambermaid for the city. Apply at No. 239 Madison-av., between 9 and 11 A. M.

WANTED—A LAD, 14 TO 16 YEARS OF AGE, bright and intelligent, who lives with his parents, to take charge of an office and do errands. Address Box No. 315 Post-office.

WANTED—A LAUNDRESS IN A PRIVATE family, who thoroughly understands her business, doing up fine linens, French fluting, &c. Apply at No. 11 West 37th-st., between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M.

WANTED—A SETTLED, STEADY GIRL, AS LAdy's maid; one who has a knowledge of dressmaking, and understands hair-dressing; the best references required. Apply at No. 333 West 23d-st., on Thursday and Saturday, between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock.

WANTED—A GOOD GARDENER; ONE WITH family preferred; house, &c., free. Also, coachman and waiter; married or single gentlemen. Can be seen at BOOKHAM'S, No. 329 4th-av.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS, ONE who is thoroughly competent and understands French fluting, a situation; the best of city reference. Call Thursday and Friday at No. 32 University-place.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A WAITRESS who thoroughly understands her business; best of city reference required; wages $8. Call at No. 55 West 17th-st., from 10 until 12 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A thorough, practical man; understands greenhouse and graperies; hot and cold; and all kinds of outside work; small family. Apply to M. M., seed-store, No. 67 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT PORTER IN A COMmission house; one who has had experience in receiving and delivering cotton and other produce, and keeping account of the same. Apply, in handwriting of applicant, referring to last employers, to Box No. 756, Post-office.

DRESSER WANTED—AT CATSKILL WOOLen Mill, Leeds, N. Y.; a thoroughly competent man, of good habits. Apply at mill, or to SAMUEL HANNA, No. 143 Chambers-st., New-York.

WANTED—A LAD IN STATIONERY BUSIness; one that has had some experience preferred. Apply to S. C. CLARK, No. 825½ Broadway.

WANTED—BY A CITY BANK, A CLERK IN THE capacity of general bookkeeper and discount clerk; must be quick, correct, of undoubted good character, and possess a previous knowledge of the duties. Address BANK, No. Box 2,047 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN, to assist in the chamberwork, washing and ironing in a private family. Apply at No. 6 East 12th-st.

WANTED—GOOD MILLINERS TO WORK ON children's hats. Apply to GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

BOOT AND SHOE SALESMEN WANTED—One or two first class men commanding cash trade. Apply to WM. SMITH BROWN & CO., 53 Chambers-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!
TEAS! TEAS! TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!

Housekeepers should buy their Teas, Coffees, &c., at the GREAT "CANTON TEA WAREHOUSE," where all goods are guaranteed free from adulteration, and sold cheap for cash only. THOMAS R. AGNEW,

Nos. 260 and 262 Greenwich-st., corner Murray.

Wholesale Department No. 262 Greenwich-st.

REYNOLDS TURBINE

WATER WHEELS

TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

WATER POWER WANTED.

Parties having water power for sale or to rent will please furnish description of same to TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway.

WATER-POWERS FOR SALE.

TO CAPITALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS.

We have lists of a great number of water-powers of both large and small capacity, some of them near this city. Persons in want of such property will find it to their interest to call.

Engineers skilled in making plans and estimates for buildings and machinery will be furnished when required. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, 170 Broadway.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A large stock always on hand at
LOWER PRICES
than any other establishment in the city.
A. KLABER'S MANTEL WORKS,
No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av. Cut this out.

THE CELEBRATED

UNION
WASHING MACHINE

THE BEST IN THE WORLD. FIRST PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED IN EUROPE AND AMERICA.

☞ No soaking, rubbing or boiling required. Warranted to wash perfectly, without injury to the most tender fabric. Attached to it, or separately, is

JOHNSON'S
UNION WRINGER

☞ With patent galvanized frame, expansive cogwheels, and solid white rubber rolls which never stain the clothes. It will fit any kind of tub, round or square, and is admitted to be the best and most durable wringer in use.

J. WARD & CO.,
No. 457 Broadway, New-York.

COMPRESSED YEAST!

The demand for our celebrated "COMPRESSED YEAST" having so rapidly increased, we deem it a duty to the public to designate the following depots in the various parts of the city, where it can be had fresh every day:

DONAN, STERN & CO.,
No. 89 7th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

GREENWICH-ST.
112, H. Schmidt.
246, G. N. Smith.
415, P. Nelson.
HUDSON-ST.
387, J. F. Knapp.
8TH-AV.
610, Hendrickson.
897, Chs. Hall.
443, B. Blanck.
232, L. Friedländer.
7TH-AV.
420, Abbot & Palmer.
9TH-AV.
426, Bowes & Co.
6TH-AV.
151, J. H. Stellges.
3D-AV.
475, Bauman & Co.
2D-AV.
58, A. Deerking.
Cor. 30th-st., F. Fittel.
AVENUE A.
39, U. H. Rauch.
GREENWICH-AV.
8, S. R. Mann & Co.
BOWERY.
389, Haight Bros.
CANAL-ST.
585, Chas. Rahe.
502, F. Engelcke.
7TH-ST.
166, Chs. Gebhard.

THE STEAM STONE-CUTTER COMPANY

Will lease their machines, which will cut any stone out of the quarry in any desirable shape, as straight and smooth as sawed stone. They will do the work of thirty men, at but a fraction of the cost of hand labor. A sample of stone cut and model of machine can be seen at the office of the Company, No. 18 Wall-st.

MANHATTAN ARMS CO., Newark, N. J.—Our Colt Model Navy Pistol is of best material and wrought throughout. Parts interchangeable. Every Pistol warranted one year. Best Pistol made for army officers, being 8 oz. lighter than any Pistol using Government cartridges.

COOKING
ACADEMY.
Apply for admission to the courses, No. 18 Cooper Union, from 1 to 4 P. M.

TO PRINCIPALS OF MALE SCHOOLS.—An examination of candidates for appointment to vacant cadetship in the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, will be held at the Hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., on THURSDAY, the 23d day of February inst, at half-past two o'clock P. M., said selections having been tendered by Hon. JOHN W. CHANLER, M.C. Candidates for examination must be actual residents of the 11th and 13th wards, comprising the 7th Congressional District, (Hon. John W. Chanler's,) and must have been or now be pupils of the public schools. They must also be over 16 and under 21 years of age at the time of admission to the Academy—must be at least 5 feet in height, and free from any deformity, disease or infirmity which would render them unfit for the military service, and free from any disorder of an infectious or immoral character. They must be able to read and write well, and to perform with facility and accuracy the various operations of the four ground rules of arithmetic, of reduction, of simple and compound proportion, and of vulgar and decimal fractions. ☞ Principals of male schools are earnestly desired to present this subject to the notice of such of the pupils of their respective schools as are entitled by residence and other qualifications mentioned, to an examination for the position.

By order of the Examining Committee.

THOMAS BOESE, Clerk.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1865.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Wardwell's National Writing Fluid," and "Keys' American Union Ink." No sediment, flow freely and do not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., corner of Canal, and by the trade generally. C. W. WARDWELL, Successor to J. G. KEYS.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION, No. 1 BOND-STREET, NEAR BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Feb. 8, 1865.

TO OWNERS OF PROPERTY.—PROPOsals will be received at this office for renting to the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction for a term of years, suitable premises for the use of their Department, situated between Bleecker and 23d-sts., 2d and 6th-avs. Proposal to state location and description of premises proposed to be leased, and when possession will be given.

S. DRAPER,
ISAAC BELL,
JAMES B. NICHOLSON,
MOSES H. GRINNELL.
Commissioners.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED UNtil the 1st of March next for the purchase of Goat Island, situate in the Niagara River, at Niagara Falls, together with the bridges leading thereto, and several small islands adjacent. Address A. S. PORTER, Niagara Falls, or CHARLES D. NORTON, Executor of the estate of the late P. A. PORTER, at Buffalo, N. Y.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

H. H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL by auction, on FRIDAY, Feb. 24, at 7½ o'clock, at the old Dusseldorf Gallery, No. 548 Broadway, next door below Tiffany & Co's.

A UNIQUE AND COSTLY COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL GEMS OF MODERN EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN ART, FORMING THE WELL-KNOWN PRIVATE GALLERY OF MR. WILLIAM G. CORBELL, OF BALTIMORE, REMOVED TO THIS CITY FOR SALE.

Among them are works of the following eminent artists:

Traper, Hubner, Caime, R. Gignoux,
Patrois, Van Marke, Lemmens, J. F. Kensett,
Couturier, La Sall, Guemard, S. R. Gifford,
Le Fevre, Conder, Pectus, J. M. Hart,
Seignac, Seyer, Gerard, A. F. Bellows,
Hamman, Van Seban, Scharpf, A. D. Shattuck,
Turner, Robbe, Teussint, Wm. Hart,
Schrader, Scheeres, Madows, J. F. Cropsey,
Du Vieux, Dan Saert, Liudo, G. H. Smillie,
Lanfant De Metz, Delvio, Hoguet, A. Wust,
Sachs, Scrammel, Clays, De Haas,
Von Kinyck, Brooker, Von Beest, E. Moran,
J. Wilson, Kerhove, Hartconet, Hamilton,

and many others. This beautiful collection was principally selected from the artists in this country and Europe, and they are now on exhibition as above, and three evenings previous to the sale, free.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF DWELLING-HOUSES IN SOUTH BROOKLYN.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, 1865, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, by order of Wm. Lottimer, Esq., Executor of the estate of the late E. C. Large, deceased:

DEGRAW-ST.—The three-story and basement, high-stoop brick house and lot No. 296 Degraw-st., near Court st. House 21.10 by 34 feet, with extension 6 feet 3 inches. Lot half the block.

Also, the four three-story and basement, high-stoop brown-stone houses and lots Nos. 298, 300, 302 and 302½ Degraw-st., near Court-st. Houses 19.3 by 40 feet. Lots half the block.

SACKETT-ST.—The two three-story, English basement brown-stone houses and lots Nos. 291 and 293 Sackett-st., north side, near Court-st. Houses each 16.8 by 45 feet, with one-story extension of 11 feet. Lots half the block.

Also, the three-story, English basement brown-stone house and lot No. 293½ Sackett-st. House 16.8 by 45 feet, with two-story extension of 11 feet. Lots half the block.

Also, the three three-story, English basement brown-stone houses and lots Nos. 295, 297 and 299 Sackett-st., adjoining above houses; each 16.8 by 45 feet, with inclosed piazza of 11 feet. Lots half the block.

The above houses are in desirable locations for private dwellings, were built under the supervision of Mr. Large, and contain all the modern improvements.

Maps and further particulars at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer.—Office No. 8 Pine-st.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE building lots in Brooklyn, at public auction, by order of Hector Sears, Esq., Executor of the estate of Frances Burrows, deceased, on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

Hancock-st., 5 lots near Yates-av.
Yates-av., 5 lots commencing corner Hancock-st.
Dean-st., 10 lots between Classon and Franklin avs.
Hancock-st., 9 lots between Thompson and Throop avs.
Halsey-st., 9 lots between Thompson and Throop avs.
Jefferson and Hancock sts., 28 lots between Stuyvesant and Reid avs.
Nostrand-av., 4 lots between Floyd and Stockton-sts., near Myrtle-av.
Terms at sale.

Maps, with further particulars, at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 8 Pine-st.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES COTTON SALE.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO. will sell, at their salesrooms, No. 36 Pine-st., New-York,

On FRIDAY, Feb. 24, at 12 o'clock, noon,

by order of Simeon Draper, United States Cotton Agent, about

1,000 BALES NEW-ORLEANS AND MEMPHIS COTTON.

The above cotton has been classed and sampled by Messrs. Easton & Co., and may be seen by sample at our office, No. 36 Pine-st., and in the bale, at 4 o'clock, at Nos. 408, 516 and 518 Washington-st.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.

Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

SALE OF ORIGINAL MODERN OIL PAINTINGS.—MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, FRIDAY, Feb. 24, at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., a large collection of modern Oil Paintings, of the Italian, English, American, German and Flemish schools, comprising works of the following artists, viz.: H. Savery, Van Severdonck, L. Smets, Koek-Koek, Carolus, Janerman of Vienna, Gignoux, T. A. Richards, Gainsborough, G. L. Brown, Banow, Snyders, J. Stien, Vanderheyden, Bassand, Hobbima, Locmans, Boardman, Lewis, Carpenter, Dunker, Watteau, Bix W. T. Mathews and others. The above are now on exhibition, with catalogues.

P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT AUCTION BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT.—P. C. BULKLEY will sell, on FRIDAY, March 3, 1865, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, under the direction of Edward H. Owen, Esq., Referee, the valuable three-story brick house and lot known as No. 14 East 24th-st., near Madison-square; house 20 by about 40; lot 98 feet 9 inches in depth. For maps, apply to the Auctioneer, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS ON AMITY-ST., BROOKLYN, AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

AMITY-ST.—Two lots on north side, about middle of the block, between Clinton and Henry sts.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY on Fourth-place and Luqueer-st., Brooklyn. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, at 12 o'clock, by order of the executors of John J. Davis:

FOURTH-PLACE—Four lots on south side of Fourth-place, 41 feet, 8 inches west of Court-st.

LUQUEER-ST.—Seven lots north side of Luqueer-st., 129 feet 2 inches west of Court-st.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, FEB. 23, AT 11 o'clock, within the store,

FRESH SICILY LEMONS.

100 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

FRIDAY, FEB. 24, AT 10 O'CLOCK A.M., at the Central Salesrooms, Willoughby, corner Pearl st., Brooklyn.—Rosewood Pianos, Pier Glasses, Parlor, Chamber and Dining-room Furniture, Fine Oil Paintings, Sewing Machines, Counter, Carpets, Stoves, &c.

DRY GOODS.

NEW SKIRT.

1865

THE GREATEST INVENTION OF THE AGE IN HOOP-SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY (late J. I. & J. O. West), SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS, No. 97 CHAMBERS and Nos. 79 and 81 Reade-st., New-York.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) ELLIPTIC Steel Springs, ingeniously BRAIDED, TIGHTLY and FIRMLY together, EDGE to EDGE, making the TOUGHEST, most FLEXIBLE, ELASTIC and DURABLE SPRING ever used. They seldom BEND or BREAK, and consequently preserve their PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL SHAPE TWICE as LONG as any other Skirt.

THE WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and great COMFORT and PLEASURE to any LADY WEARING the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT will be experienced particularly in all CROWDED ASSEMBLIES, OPERA, CARRIAGE, RAILROAD-CARS, CHURCH-PEWS, ARM-CHAIRS, for PROMENADE and HOUSE-DRESS, as the SKIRT can be FOLDED when in use, to OCCUPY a small place as easily and conveniently as a SILK or MUSLIN DRESS.

A LADY having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and great convenience of wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SPRING SKIRT for a SINGLE DAY, will never afterward willingly dispense with the use of them. FOR CHILDREN, MISSES and YOUNG LADIES are superior to all others.

THEY are the best QUALITY in every part, and UNQUESTIONABLY the LIGHTEST, most DESIRABLE, COMFORTABLE and ECONOMICAL SKIRT ever made. FOR SALE in all FIRST-CLASS STORES in THIS CITY and throughout the UNITED STATES, HAVANA DE CUBA, MEXICO, SOUTH AMERICA and the WEST INDIES.

INQUIRE FOR THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.

PATON & CO.,
NO. 341 BROADWAY,

will offer, at retail, on MONDAY, Feb. 20, their Spring Stock of

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS,

consisting of all the best makes and styles of Linen and Cotton goods suitable for family use.

LINEN SHEETING, PILLOW LINENS,
NAPKINS, TOWELS,
TABLE LINENS, DOYLIES,

&c. &c. Barnsley, Scotch and Irish in great variety. They would in particular call attention to their assortment of

SHIRTING LINENS,

which they are offering, in the best makes, at very reasonable rates. Also,

DAMASK CLOTHS

of all sizes, in every variety of styles and quality, at greatly reduced prices.

UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

REPS, SATINS,
PLUSHES, BROCATELLES,
WORSTED DAMASKS, TAPESTRIES,
CHINTZES, MOQUETTES,
CORNICES, LACE CURTAINS.

Curtains made and put up on the shortest notice; also particular attention given to all classes of

WINDOW SHADES

for store and private dwellings. Shade holland and shade fixtures in great variety.

PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

AT R. H. MACY'S,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND UNDERWEAR,
RIBBONS AND FRENCH FLOWERS,
YANKEE NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.
ALWAYS ON HAND A FULL STOCK BEST QUALITY FRENCH KID GLOVES, 50 CTS. a pair under the regular prices.
R. H. MACY,
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., near 14th-st.

AT MILLIKEN'S LINEN STORE,
NEW LINEN DRESS GOODS.
Five cases of
PRINTED LINEN CAMBRICS,
new and beautiful designs, just opened.
MILLIKEN & CO.,
No. 748 Broadway.

BEADS! BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-York.

AUCTION SALES.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED LEASEHOLD PROPERTY.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, 1865, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building, New-York, by order of John W. & James S. Lewis, Executors of estate of Philo Lewis, deceased.

GREENWICH-ST.—The lease of the lots, with the three two-story and attic brick-front houses thereon, Nos. 644, 646 and 648 Greenwich-st., near Barrow-st. House each 16 feet 8 inches by 32 feet. Lots together 50 feet 2 inches front, 50 feet rear, 87 feet north side, 84 feet south side. Lease from Trinity Church; 21 years from May 1, 1846, with usual renewals. Ground rent $259.

Also, lease of lot, with the two-story and attic brick-front house thereon, No. 573 Greenwich-st., near King-st. House 25 by 46 feet; lot 25 by 100 feet. The lease is for 69 years from May 1, 1797.

WEST HOUSTON-ST.—The lease of the lot, with the two-story and attick brick house thereon, No. 294 West Houston-st., near Greenwich-st. House 25 by 40 feet; has gas, bath, water, &c.; chandeliers and gas fixtures belonging to the house. Lease is from Trinity Church, for 21 years from Nov. 1, 1846, with usual renewals. Ground rent $140.

Maps, &c., may be had of the Auctioneers, 3 Pine-st.

GEO. A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer.

BOOK TRADE-SALE ROOMS, NO. 498 Broadway, nearly opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.—GEO. A. LEAVITT, by J. E. COOLEY. Consignments solicited.

THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Feb. 23 and 24

CATALOGUE OF MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS in every department of literature, singly and in quantities; also, a large assortment of standard school books. Sale to commence at 7 o'clock P. M. Catalogues ready and books on exhibition.

WEDNESDAY, March 1.

A PRIVATE GENTLEMAN'S LIBRARY of choice Elizabethan and dramatic literature, nearly all in the best English editions and English bindings, including many Pickering and Murray sets, and many curious and rare works never before offered for sale in the United States, together with books from the libraries of Leigh Hunt and Charles Lamb, with their autographs, notes, &c. Catalogues ready, price 30c.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

SUPREME COURT SALE OF DESIRABLE PROPERTY ON SPRING, RENWICK AND MACDOUGAL STS.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, 1865, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of Daniel P. Ingraham, Jr., Esq., referee:

SPRING AND RENWICK STS.—The lot of ground, with the two two-story and attic dwelling houses and store thereon, on the southeast corner of Spring and Renwick sts. Lot 20x75 feet.

SPRING-ST.—The two-story and attic brick front house, with store and lot, No. 326 Spring-st., near Greenwich-st.; house 19.5 by about 32 feet, with store extension covering entire lot; lot 19.5 by 55.6.

ALSO, the three-story and attic frame house and lot, No. 349 Spring-st., near West-st.; house 18 by 40; lot 18 by 80.

MACDOUGAL-ST.—The two-story and attic frame house and lot, No. 4 Macdougal-st., near Spring-st.; house about 21 feet deep; lot 22 by 45 feet, with privilege of alley-way.

Maps, &c., may be had at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

R. H. BOWNE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BROOKLYN PROPERTY, SITUATED ON COVERT, DEAN, STATE, ATLANTIC AND SKILLMAN STS.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

COVERT-ST.—Three lots west side, 175 feet south of Bushwick-av.

DEAN-ST.—Two lots south side, 225 feet west of Vanderbilt-av.

SKILLMAN-ST.—One lot west side, 286.10 south of Myrtle-av.

ATLANTIC-ST.—Two lots north side, 125 feet east of Smith-st.

STATE-ST.—One lot south side, 125 feet east of Smith-st.

ALSO—The three-story brick house and lot south side State-st., 150 feet east of Smith-st.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE, BY T. R. MINTURN.—By virtue of an order of the United States District Court, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 14th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, at the warehouse of Messrs. Bailey & Steele, No. 40 Commercial-wharf, Atlantic-dock, Brooklyn, the cargo of the prize steamer *Charlotte*, consisting of Hardware, Groceries, Paper, Shoes, Hats, Army Cloth, Army Blankets, Solid Shot, Cartridges, Enfield Rifles, Army Buttons, Machinery, &c., &c., &c. The catalogues will be ready three days previous to sale. R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal, Southern District of New York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS ON 6TH-AV. AND BUTLER-ST., BROOKLYN.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, 1865, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

6TH-AV., BROOKLYN.—Three lots on the east side of 6th-av., adjoining the corner of Baltic-st.; each 25 by 100 feet.

BUTLER-ST.—One lot on the north side of Butler-st., 75 feet east of 6th-av., and adjoining above on the rear; 25 by 100 feet.

These lots are desirably located, and in the vicinity of fine improvements. Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE CITY OF BROOKLYN.—Being the residence of the late Rev. M. W. Dwight. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at aution, on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the executor of the Rev. M. W. Dwight, deceased, the plot of land, together with the large dwelling house and barn thereon, situate on the northerly side of 1st-st., 100 feet westerly from 7th-av., Brooklyn. The house is two stories and attic frame, filled in with brick. The main building is 44x30, with an extension of 25x33 feet; is in good order. There is a balcony extending around the entire extension. The land is 112 feet 10½ inches in width by 265 feet 10 inches in depth.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

THE
QUOTA OF NEW-YORK.
15,000
VOLUNTEERS WANTED FOR NEW-YORK COUNTY.
INCREASED BOUNTIES AND HAND-MONEY.

At a meeting of the County Committee on Volunteering, held on Saturday, Feb. 11, 1865,

Present—ORISON BLUNT, Chairman,
Hon. M. T. BRENNAN, Esq., Comptroller,
Hon. ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
Hon. WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor,
Hon. WM. R. STEWART, Supervisor.

On motion of Supervisor William M. Tweed, it was unanimously

Resolved, That the county pay for a one-year recruit three hundred ($300) dollars bounty and fifty ($50) dollars hand-money.

For a two-year recruit four hundred ($400) dollars bounty and seventy-five ($75) dollars hand-money.

For a three-year recruit six hundred ($600) dollars bounty and one hundred ($100) dollars hand-money.

BOUNTIES.

FOR THREE-YEAR RECRUITS.

County	$600
Government	300
Total	$900

FOR TWO-YEAR RECRUITS.

County	$400
Government	200
Total	$600

FOR ONE-YEAR RECRUITS.

County	$300
Government	100
Total	$400

The Bounty to be paid to the recruit in his own hand, as provided in section five (5) of the State Law relating to Bounties, (viz: Assembly bill No. 115 of 1865,) and the hand money to be paid to the person who may present the recruit.

By order of the committee.

CORNELIUS CORSON, Clerk.

RELIEF FROM THE DRAFT.

The Kings County Draft Relief Association still takes risks in New-York for $150.

Office, No. 21 Wall-st., corner of Broad.

DIRECTORS:
JOHN K. PRUYN, Pres. of the Central Bank, Brooklyn.
Hon. NATHAN B. MORSE, City Treasurer, Brooklyn.
STEPHEN CROWELL, Esq., Pres. Phenix Insurance Company, Brooklyn.
EDWARD R. McILVAINE, Esq., Banker, Brooklyn.

CAVALRY AND ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
No. 18 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1865.

I will purchase in open market all horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables on 35th-st., near 10th-av., until further notice, as follows:

Cavalry horses, 5 to 10 years old, 15 to 16 hands high.

Artillery horses, 6 to 10 years old, 15½ hands high, and over 1,100 pounds, and dark color.

Price for cavalry horses, $165. Price for artillery horses, $180. Payable in such funds as may be furnished by the Government.

GEO. T. BROWNING,
Capt. and A. Q. M.

NOTICE OF THE COMING DRAFT.—THREE YEARS' SUBSTITUTES, FOR NEW-YORK CITY.—Section 6 of the new State Bounty Law provides that the State shall pay $600 to any person who shall furnish a substitute previous to the draft. For a small additional sum, a substitute can now be obtained of WARNER & CORNELL, No. 65 Franklin-st., near Broadway. References given to officials and business men of high standing.

SUPERVISORS AND COMMITTEES IN want of men to fill town or county quotas can be supplied by applying to VAN BUREN & LUCKEY, Bankers, No. 243 Broadway.

THE DRAFT.—EXEMPTION PAPERS ATTENDed to at No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor.

PERSONAL.

GERALDINE FOOTE—THERE IS A LETTER for you at the New-York Post-office. Please call for it immediately.

ASSISTANT Q. M. OFFICE, FORAGE DEPARTMENT,
No. 66 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK CITY, Jan. 27, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED daily at this office, for the furnishing of this department with:

CORN,
OATS,
HAY AND STRAW.

Parties will specify in their propositions how the Hay and Straw is baled, and whether the Grain is sacked or in bulk.

E. D. CHAPMAN, Captain and Q. M.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR TWO-STORY ATTIC and basement brick dwelling-houses Nos. 145 to 151 West 17th-st. They are well built and in perfect order, with Croton water, and gas, and fixtures throughout, and are separately connected with sewer in the street. Price $4,500. Apply to JOHN H. NEILLEY, No. 24 Church-st., up stairs.

TO CAPITALISTS—A MAGNIFICENT INVESTMENT.

The advertiser offers for sale one of the most attractive large properties in Pennsylvania, at a price which cannot fail to make it, in any event, a perfectly safe and highly remunerative investment, while, in point of prospective appreciation, it challenges comparison with any tract of property in the State.

The advertiser will be happy to submit the particulars in person to such gentlemen as may desire the same, with a view to purchase. They will be communicated with or called upon between the 23d and 28th instant, if they will send their full address to PENNSYLVANIA, care of C. A. Stetson, Esq., Astor House, New-York.

N. B.—The advertiser would much prefer to retain an undivided interest in the property, but will not make this a condition absolute.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 269 UNION st., Brooklyn. Lot, 22 by 100; house, 22 by 50; three stories high, basement, sub-cellar; Philadelphia brick, and brown-stone front; cellar cemented, front and back. Basement, wash-room, stationary tubs, hot and cold water, two storerooms; first story, parlor, extension and smoking-room; second story, three rooms and bath-room; third story, four rooms and storerooms. Halls imitation of marble; gas in all the rooms. For permits and particulars, apply to H. A. SPAFARD, No. 13 Wall-st., or to HENRY STEVENSON, No. 245 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE THREE-story brick dwelling-house No 43 Clinton-st., Newark, N. J.; it is in the centre of the city, containing 14 rooms, gas, hot and cold water, bathing-room, furnaces, &c. The furniture will be sold or let with it. Possession given on the 1st of April or May next, if desired. Inquire of J. Y. BALDWIN, No. 17 Spruce-st., second story, New-York, or of the owner, J. W. POINER, Newark, N. J.

A SPLENDID COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—One of the finest opportunities is offered for a real bargain in country property. Dwelling nearly new; large, (Gothic style,) every modern convenience; hot and cold water baths, marble mantels and basins; beautiful lawn surrounding; great variety of fancy trees; wide gates; circular drive; fences in good order; fine out-buildings; new and large ice-house filled; duck pond; bennery; large garden and grapery; great abundance of choice fruit; seventy acres excellent land in high state of cultivation; fine neighborhood; one hour from city; trains almost every hour; on Central Road, New-Jersey, three minutes' walk from depot. Price $21,000; a real bargain. Apply to owner.

A. H. VAN ROESEN, No. 313 Canal-st.

A LARGE BROWN-STONE, HIGH-STOOP house, 25x60, with a picture-gallery extension, 14x40, on Madison avenue, within three blocks of Madison-square. Will be sold for ($35,000) thirty-five thousand dollars; $11,000 cash, $4,000 in exchange, and $20,000 can remain at 6 per cent. for ten years. Address Prof. W. G. LEVISON, No. 186 Washington-st., Brooklyn, or JAMES K. POND, No. 586 Sixth-ave.

FOR SALE—ON FRANKLIN-AV., CORNER Quincy-st., Brooklyn, double cottage house, five lots, stable, carpets, mirrors, three blocks from Fulton-av. cars; price moderate. FOSTER & LOPER, No. 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn; or H. E. FOSDICK, No. 60 Vesey-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—AT NEW-ROCHELLE, THE OLD homestead and grounds belonging to the Episcopal Church, fronting on Centre-st., over 300 feet; (adjoining the residence of Capt. Cutts;) grounds are well shaded, and filled with fruit, containing four acres, together with a desirable plot of land of two acres, in fine view of the Sound. A good investment. Apply to JOHN O. HIGGINS, No. 7 Pine-st., Room No. 8.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

TO CAPITALISTS.—THE SUBSCRIBER OFfers 1,000 acres of valuable oil territory, a short distance above "Burning Springs," Kanawha River, West Virginia. Will either sell or form a company. Maps and full particulars upon application to WM. J. KANE, Allegheny City, Pennsylvania.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 98 ACRES, WELL located at Rossville, Staten Island, with good house and outbuildings. Price $22,000; terms easy; or 40 acres with buildings at $15,500. Apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER, No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE WATER-FRONT ON North River, containing nearly two blocks, with a frontage of 520 feet on the river. Apply to BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

A FINE MODERN RESIDENCE, 15 rooms, water, baths, &c., neat outbuildings, large choice garden, fruit, shade, lawn, &c., beautifully located, high ground, near Newark, $8,500—a bargain; also, farms and residences, $2,500 to $50,000.

W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

FOR SALE—IN FIFTH-ST., NEAR THE BOWery, a three-story high-stoop brick house, in good order, with modern improvements; gas, croton, bath-room, shower bath, water-closets, washtubs, &c. Apply at FANNING'S Real Estate Office, No. 225 Bowery.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, THE SUPERior four-story brown-stone front house, with all the modern improvements, No. 258 Lexington-av. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE OLD AND WELL-KNOWN China, Glass and Earthenware establishment of the late F. B. Williams, No. 60 Barclay-st. The stock on hand is of the most salable description. For particulars inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF an old established Hardware Store, together with a ten-year lease. The owner declining business. Apply to L. BALDWIN, No. 202 Bowery.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEment brick house No. 6 Charles-st., Warren-place; good neighborhood, central location. To be seen from 10 to 4. For terms, &c., apply at No. 137 Waverley-place.

FOR SALE—A VERY HANDSOME DWELLING on 34th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av., finished in the most fashionable style. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

BROADWAY CORNER TO LET.—THE ENtire upper part of building No. 826 Broadway, corner 12th-st.; also basement in same building. Apply in the store on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY, HIGH-STOOP, brown-stone front house, No. 42 West 16th-st., in good order, with all modern improvements.

HOUSES FOR SALE IN SOUTH AND EAST BROOKLYN—From $2,500 to $6,500 each. Inquire at No. 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 1; hours from 12 to 3 o'clock.

FOR SALE ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, overlooking the bay, the three-story brick house, No. 120 Columbia-st., near Clark. Apply to A. QUEREAU, No. 108 Wall-st.

CORNWALL.—FOR SALE, SEVERAL BEAUtiful places with from one to thirty acres. Inquire of JAMES G. ROE, Cornwall, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE AND LOT ON CROSBY, near Houston-st. For particulars, apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, FOUR LOTS ON the southwest corner of Fulton and Franklin avs. Apply to FOSTER & LOPER, No. 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn.

TO CAPITALISTS.—FOR SALE—THE VALUable property No. 321 Grand-st., corner of Orchard, and No. 63 Orchard-st. Inquire of R. FASH, Shoe and Leather Bank, or address C. H. FASH, Bergen, N. J.

PROPOSALS.

No. 19.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 17, 1865.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until THURSDAY, March 2, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing this department with

IRREGULAR TROWSERS, of any color except light blue or gray, samples to be furnished by bidders.
CAVALRY TROWSERS—Army Standard.
CAVALRY BOOTS, (pegged)—Army Standard.
SPADES—Army Standard.
HAVERSACKS—Army Standard.

To be delivered free of charge at the United States Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good, new packages.

(The cases to be made in accordance with the specification on file at this office.) The name of the contractor, quantity and kind of goods, number and date of contract, must be distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods, should make separate proposals for each article offered, and must distinctly state in their bids when they will commence their deliveries, the quantity they propose to furnish each month, the price (*which should be written both in words and figures*) and conform to the terms of this advertisement, a copy of which should accompany each proposal.

Standard samples of the articles required may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

Samples when submitted must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposals will not be considered.

A guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Thursday, March 2, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Friday, March 3, 1865.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts, and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposal for [here insert the name of the article offered]," and address

Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, FORAGE
DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY, Dec. 20, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily for the

FREIGHTING OF FORAGE,

for the United States Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland and other ports on the coast of Maine,

TO

Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C.; Savannah, Ga., and New-Orleans, La.

PROPOSITIONS

must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to

E. D. CHAPMAN,
Captain and Assistant Quartermaster.

FOR SALE.

COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE,
By E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

Irvington, N. J.—38 acres, fine house	$35,000
Ravenswood, L. I.—fine house and grounds	16,000
Poughkeepsie—elegant residence, 9 acres	25,000
Jericho, L. I.—modern house and 20 acres	10,000
Rye—elegant residence and 16 acres	45,000
Riverdale—fine house and 6 acres	20,000
Hyde Park—several very fine places	
New-Lots, L. I.—elegant residence	25,000
Passaic River, N. J.—several fine places	
Dobbs' Ferry—fine house and 20 acres	40,000

Also, fine country seats and farms in all sections of the country. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

BENEDICT & COIT'S
REAL ESTATE OFFICE, NO. 4 PINE-ST.
Houses and Stores for sale or to rent.

FOR SALE IN UTICA.—THE ELEGANT house and lot No. 62 Broad-st., lot about 50x243 feet, extending from Broad to Catharine-st., in the rear; the house has on the first floor, a large drawingroom, library, bed room, dining-room, winter and summer kitchens and wood sheds. On the second floor are seven chambers and a large bath room; it has gas, water, bells, furnaces, water closet &c.; the garden is well stocked with choice fruits; a portion of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for a term of years if desired. Address No. 270 Genesee-st., Utica.

FARM FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST AND most pleasantly located farms in New-Jersey, situated in a pleasant village on Central Railroad, 1¼ hour from city; comprises 160 acres very productive land, especially adapted to hay and grazing; double two-story dwelling 30x46 feet; grounds handsomely laid out; plenty shade and fruit; outbuildings extensive; schools, churches and stores convenient; terms easy; if desired will be divided. For particulars apply at office National Wire Works, No. 63 Fulton-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FIRST-class residence in Eastchester, Westchester Co., consisting of about 54 acres, and only one hour's ride from New-York, on the New-Haven Railroad. Fine outbuildings, comprising large barns, stables, carriage-house, ice-house full of ice, large vegetable garden. Three dwelling-houses besides the main house. The place is also well stocked with fruit trees. Apply to JOHN B. DUNHAM, No. 76 East 13th-st.

A NEW SMALL BROWN-STONE FRONT HOUSE FOR SALE—No. 82 East 27th-st., near Lexington-av.; all improvements—furnace, dumb-waiter, marble washstands in every room, with hot and cold water; four stories and basement, high stoop; all in good order. Price $10,000. Apply to JOHN FOLEY, No. 169 Broadway, or at No. 82 Lexington-av.

FOR SALE—ON ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVenth-st., between 3d and 4th avs., near the Central Park, several neat, well-finished cottage houses, eight rooms each, and fine yards and outbuildings; facilities good for getting down town. Price $2,500. Also, on 19th-st., near Avenue B, a brick house, two-story, basement and sub-cellar. Price $4,000; three-fourths may remain on mortgage. Inquire of D. BIDWELL, No. 254 Pearl-st.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE the residence of the late Daniel Babbett, at Orange, N. J. Such property is seldom in the market and must be seen to be appreciated. Apply to W. H. VERMILYE of Orange Bank and H. B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, from 9 to 11 A. M., or No. 49 Main-st., Orange, N. J., from 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—BRICK DWELLINGS IN BROOKlyn, No. 248 Hicks-st., Nos. 63 and 65 Wyckoff-st., No. 14 Summit-st., No. 137 North 6th-st., Broadway, near Wilson.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 48 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY DWELLING-house in West 16th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., brick front, brown-stone basement and under cellar, with all modern improvements; gas fixtures. Would exchange for a snug house further uptown. Inquire of W. PINKNEY, No. 58 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—TWO THREE-STORY AND BASEment brown-stone houses, No. 122 and 124 East 50th-st., between 3d and Lexington avs., built by contract, and finished in the best manner; has modern improvements; if not sold by private sale, will be sold on 28th inst. by Muller & Wilkins, at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway. For particulars, apply on the premises, from 10 to 3 P. M.; after 4, at No. 101 West 25th-st., of owner.

FOR SALE—AT ORANGE, N. J., A PLACE containing about 2½ acres of land; house has 13 rooms, built in the best manner, with all modern improvements; good barn with room for 6 horses; also other outbuildings; garden stocked with the best varieties of fruit trees. For further particulars and price address Box No. 5,448 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS MODEL TENEMENT property, situated on 37th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.; a four-story building, 50x98 9, in good order; rented for $3,606, will be sold cheap. Apply to WM. H. RAYNOR, No 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR A PLACE ON the bank of a river or Staten Island, near the water, a cottage and six lots, beautifully laid out; fruit, barn, carriage-house, &c., at Cypress Hill, Brooklyn. SOUTHWICK & WOOD, No. 18 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—AN EXTENSIVE FOUNDRY, MAchine and Forge Shop, in a location convenient to the city, doing a large business; tools, patterns, buildings, machinery, &c., complete, for sale on most favorable terms. All in good order. SOUTHWICK & WOOD, No. 18 Pine-st.

WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSES AND LOTS for sale.—Two brown-stone houses, with extra lots, $30,000 each; 10 three-story brick houses, from $5,000 to $10,000; also, several beautiful cottages for $2,000 to $6,000. S. COCHCROFT, No. 165 Broadway, or No. 82 South 7th-st.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE AT FLUSHING, L. I., pleasantly located, with a fine water prospect. The house contains nine rooms, beside attic and cellar. Price $2,500. Inquire of WILLETT & CARLL, at Flushing, or GEO. W. PECK, No. 110 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AND IMMEDIATE POSSESSION GIVEN—The large and commodious stone front dwelling, No. 115 Hicks-st., Brooklyn; lot, 27¾x125 feet; house, 27¾x82; has all modern improvements. For terms, and permission to see the premises, apply to

J. W. W. DE FOREST & CO., No. 82 South-st.

FOR SALE—FIVE BROWN-STONE HOUSES IN West 35th-st., Nos. 131 to 137, four stories. English basements, well built; sold low for cash; a good investment. Apply to JOHN O. HIGGINS, No. 7 Pine-st., Room No. 8.

ILLINOIS OR IOWA IMPROVED FARM wanted, in any good part of either State, for cash and some Brooklyn property.

S. COCKCROFT, No 165 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A GOOD house, nearly new, with excellent garden, greenhouse and stable, near the depot, at Queens, L. I. Neighborhood unexceptionable.

VAN WINKLE & WINANS, No. 132 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—THRE-STORY AND BASEMENT brick house, No. 174 Clinton-st., Brooklyn; moderate price, and good location. Apply to R. SALTONSTALL, No. 69 Liberty-st.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—NO. 220 Sullivan-st.; three-story and basement; 20 feet front by 100 feet deep; will be sold on reasonable terms. Inquire of E. ROBINSON, No. 126 Wooster-st.

COTTAGE IN IN FLUSHING FOR SALE, with six lots, at head of Linneas-st.; price 3,500; cost $4,000; also, cottage No. 187 Adelphi-st., Brooklyn; price $4,000. Apply to CROCKER, No. 253 West 31st-st., evening.

YONKERS.—FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL RESIdence in the village of Yonkers; price, $35,000. For particulars, apply to

H. BAYLIS, No. 15 Murray-st.

FOR SALE—NO. 106 WEST 42D-ST., HIGH-stoop four-story brown-stone dwelling. ROBERT J. BROWN, No. 192 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A BROWN-STONE FRONT DWELLing, on 34th-st., near 5th-av.; possession on the 1st of May next. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF VERY HANDSOME dwellings, on 34th-st., at prices from $15,000 to $50,000. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE No. 2 Astor-place, 5th-st., Williamsburgh. For terms &c., apply to JAMES MAURICE, No. 67 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 47 BOND-ST.; 20 rooms, all in complete order; terms favorable. C. BARNUM, No. 90 Fulton-st., 2d floor, from 9 till 3.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE AND LOT ON GREENE, near Houston-st.; a very desirable investment. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.
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MUSIC—Gen. Baker's Grand March.
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BLIND. By Mystic.
THE NEW HOME.
BY THE LITTLE GRAVES. By Minnie Mary Lee.
MARIAN'S MYSTERY. By Author of "Watching and Waiting."
GROWING OLD.
NOT ANYTHING FOR PEACE. By. T. S. Arthur. Chapters V. VI.
THREE CHEERS FOR THE FLAG.
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Terms, $2 50 a year. Three copies for $6

For sale by News Dealers throughout the United States.

T. S. ARTHUR & CO.,
No. 233 WALNUT-ST., PHILADELPHIA.

NEW-YORK MONTHLY AND WORKING WOMAN'S ADVOCATE, VOLUME II. 1865.—A moral and refined miscellaneous Journal, devoted to polite literature, humor, wit, prose and poetic gems. In politics and sectarian questions, it is strictly neutral, therefore just the paper for the million. No free copies. Its name tells the cause it advocates. Several specimen copies sent on receipt of 25 cents. Terms, one copy one year, $1 25; four copies one year, $3 50; ten copies one year, $6 50; twenty copies one year, $12. Address Miss KATE J. BOYD, Box No. 5,423 New-York City.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The executors of the late GROVER C. FURMAN, in order to settle the estate, offer for sale the following desirable property in Brooklyn, E. D., late Williamsburgh, viz:

Dwelling house and lot, No. 145 Third-st.
Dwelling house and lot, No. 123 Fourth-st.
Store, and dwelling, and lot, No. 136 Fourth-st.
Store, and dwelling, and lot, No. 138 Fourth-st.
Store, and dwelling, and lot, No. 140 Fourth-st.
Store, and dwelling, and lot, No. 142 Fourth-st.
Dwelling house and lot, No. 71 South-First-st.
Dwelling house and lot, No. 77 South-First-st.
Dwelling house and lot, No. 97 South-First st.
Dwelling house and lot, No. 99 South-First-st.
Dwelling house and lot, No. 70 South-Second-st.
Dwelling house and lot, No. 72 South-Second-st.
Dwelling house and lot, northeast corner South-First and Third-st.
Dwelling house and lot, No. 97 Broadway near Bedford-av.
Dwelling house and lot, No. 99 Broadway near Bedford-av.

The present is an opportunity rarely offered to purchase productive and valuable real estate on reasonable terms. For full particulars apply to

F. L. KNEELAND, (one of the executors,) No. 66 Wall-st., New-York; or
W. MORGAN, No. 50 South-Seventh-st., Brooklyn, E. D.; or
HUGHES & GREEN, corner Fifth and Grand sts., Brooklyn, E. D.

JAMES MAURICE,
F. L. KNEELAND,
AARON F. HOWARD, } Executors, &c.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—LOcated on the Hudson River, about 10 miles north of Poughkeepsie, convenient to railroad depot, containing about 34 acres of land, well fenced, and stocked with fruit trees of all kinds in full bearing. The house is large, situated on high commanding ground; gives a delightful view of the river, mountains and the surrounding scenery of the country. The gate-house, carriage-house, barns, sheds, ice-house and other buildings are all first-class, built of the best materials, in the most substantial manner, and finished in a style equal to any. The place will be sold with the furniture in the house, together with the horses, carriages, sleighs, &c., &c., if desired; or if a suitable tenant could be procured, will be rented. Price $35,000; from $15,000 to $20,000 can remain on the place. For further particulars, inquire of JOHN T. BANKER, Esq., Cashier Hanover Bank, or Cashier City Bank of Poughkeepsie.

FOR SALE—THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE Tristram Allen, at Ravenswood, L. I., consisting of a very handsome and commodious Gothic house in the best condition; fine stable, barn, shed and well house; the grounds are 300 feet front on Vernon-ave. and on the East River, and have 450 feet depth; they are laid out very handsomely, forming one of the largest and finest lawns on the island; there is a great variety of choice fruit, ornamental trees and shrubs; the location is one of the pleasantest around New-York, less than a mile from Hunter's Point Ferry, making it of very easy access to the city, yet offering all the advantages of the country. Apply to DANIEL T. HOAG, No. 95 Wall-st., or to WILLY WALLACH, No. 43 John-st.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID COUNTRY RESIdence, with 20 acres of land, located upon Groton Heights, opposite New-London, with a frontage on the Thames River of several hundred feet, with delightful views of the surrounding country, Long Island Sound, &c. The house is first-class, modern, with every convenience, and contains about 20 rooms; verandah all around the house; within half a mile of the New-York steamboat landing, and of the Shore line of railroad. This is in every respect a gentleman's residence. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A VALUABLE country-seat on the west shore of the Hudson, 2½ miles from Newburgh, and the same distance from the opening of the Highlands; 115 acres. It has one mile of gravelly beach. The pleasure-grounds are extensive and the views superb, taking in both shores of Newburgh Bay. No description can give one a correct idea of the property. It must be seen. Those who know its formation, natural advantages and beauty, think it superior to any place on the river. If the above be not sold by the 20th of March, the house furnished, and outbuildings pertaining thereto, garden and fruit, will be offered to let for the Summer. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No 2 Pine-st., or P. A. VERPLANCK, on the premises.

MURRAY HILL PROPERTY FOR SALE—The elegant French roof four-story brown-stone front house, known as No. 14 East 38th-st., between 5th and Madison avs., with the vacant lot adjoining. The house is first-class in every respect, and has just been overhauled; dimensions, 26x52, with a two-story extension 18x22; lot 98.9. The carpentry, plumbing and painting all by day's work; the wood work throughout the parlor floor all of seasoned black walnut, with mantel in extension-room of same. Also, stairs all the way to the attic of the same. Immediate possession given. The extra lot is full size, without restriction. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT KINDERHOOK, Columbia County, N. Y., for sale; twenty-six acres of land, seven of which are in lawn and garden, the lawn extending about six hundred feet along the main road, and is filled with fruit and forest trees of large growth; the house is of brick, large and commodious; outbuildings extensive; great variety of fruit; good fishing, Sunday schools, &c., in the neighborhood. Price $20,000. More ground can be had, if desired.

Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE AT POUGHKEEPSIE, consisting of a residence on North-av., with 9 acres of choice land with every variety of fruit. Large mansion with fine views of river and mountain scenery, and is within half a mile of Post-office, churches and railroad depot; good water. All the necessary outbuildings, stables, carriage-house, &c. For further particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE, OR TO RENT, FURNISHED for the Summer season, an elegant country seat on the Hudson River, opposite Rhinebeck; contains about 00 acres of land, 500 or 600 feet on the river, elegantly fruited and shaded; house, carriage-house, large barn, gardener's house, &c.; extensive views, embracing the Kattskills, the Shawangunk, the Berkshire Hills, Highlands, &c., &c. For full particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT ORANGE, N. J.—THE CONcrete House, containing all the modern improvements, with lot of about two acres, situated in Washington-place, adjoining the depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad, at the Brick Church Station. Apply to GEORGE BARRELL & SON, No. 68 Wall-st., or to SAMUEL W. BALDWIN, Mercantile Bank, Orange.

AT ELTONA, MORRISANIA—FOR SALE OR to let, on easy terms, a fine, comfortable brick house, with ten and one-half lots, tastefully laid out, in a superior, healthy location, easy of access. Apply to PHILIP ERNST, No. 311 Sixth-av., near 19th-st., New-York, after 10 o'clock.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT FOUR-STORY brown-stone front house, replete with modern improvements; the material, design and finish of the very best kind, and location one of the best on Murray Hill. Inquire on the premises, northwest corner of Lexington-av. and 38th-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A TWO-STORY double house, a good barn and out-buildings, with over two acres of land, at Tuckahoe. Inquire of G. W. L. UNDERHILL, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—TEN TENEMENT HOUSES, PAYing 10 per cent. on the investment; terms very easy. Also, several cottages for exchange and some good farms.

SOUTHWICK & WOOD, No. 18 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, NO. 54 State-st., Brooklyn, with extension dining-room, billiard-room, and all modern improvements. Lot 25x100 feet. Price $12,500. Inquire at No. 61 Beekman-st., New-York, up stairs.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE, WITH STORE AND barn, 1¼ acres of land, 1½ miles from Mt. Vernon Depot, Town of Eastchester. Inquire of G. W. & W. M. BARNES, iron railing manufactory, No. 12 1st-st.

FOR SALE—THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP brick house and lot on Lexington-av., near 36th-st.; full-sized lot. For permits and particulars apply to

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COMMODIOUS store in Bleecker-st., near Carmine, long occupied as a china, glass and crockery store, with the dwelling-house connected therewith. Inquire at No. 208 West 28th-st.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 63 EAST 23d-st. Lot about 20 feet 8 inches by 110; 10 feet in front court-yard. Price, $19,000. For permits, &c., apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-STORY BRICK DWELling house, with stable in rear, situate No. 376 West 35th-st., between 8th and 9th avs. Apply to W. M. FARRINGTON, on the premises.

FOR SALE—IN 34TH-ST., NEAR 8TH-AV., A large plot of ground, about half covered with buildings, suitable for a factory, or to alter into dwellings. For further information, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., A HANDsome residence, with eight acres of ground, buildings nearly new, and in good order; fine garden, fruit and shade trees, shrubbery, &c. Apply to

A. T. BROWN, No. 74 Wall-st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.—OFFICE OF the Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments, No 28, Chambers-st., New-York, January 7, 1865.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Rolls of the real and personal estate of the City and County of New-York, for 1865, will be open for inspection and review from and after MONDAY, January 9, 1865, and will remain open till the 30th day of April, 1865, for the correction of errors and the equalization of the assessments of the aforesaid real and personal estate of the City and County of New-York. All persons believing themselves to be aggrieved must make application to the Commissioners during the period above-mentioned, in order to obtain the relief provided by law. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of the real estate, it must be made in writing, stating the ground of objection thereto, and thereupon the Commissioners shall examine into the complaint, and if in their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of the personal estate, the applicant shall be examined under oath by said Commissioners, who shall be authorized to administer such oath, and if, in his or their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected, and fix the amount of such assessment as they may believe to be just, and declare their decision thereon within thirty days after such application shall have been made to them. No reduction shall be made by the Board of Supervisors of any assessment on real or personal estate imposed under this act, unless it shall appear, under oath or affirmation, that the party aggrieved was unable to attend within the period prescribed for the correction of taxes, by reason of sickness or absence from the city.

J. W. ALLEN,
G. H. PURSER,
C. B. WOODRUFF,
Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments.

CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD NAILS, TENDER FEET, chilblains, &c., cured by Dr. BRIGGS, No. 212 Broadway, over Knox's. Branch office and residence No. 920 Broadway, corner 21st-st. Open day and evening. Briggs' Alleviator and Curative. Sold by druggists and sent by mail.

TO LET.

FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE to let, lease or for sale, at Great Neck, L. I., water front; 17 miles from the city, on the East River; 18 rooms; barns, ice-houses filled, gardens, fruit, &c.; piazzas, shade; 11 acres land to each; steamboat Arrowsmith from Peck-slip; railroad now building; superb view, good bathing, roads, &c. Apply to SAMUEL T. SKIDMORE, Esq., No. 66 Wall-st., or to the owner on the premises, EDWARD L. TREDWELL.

TO LET—FOR ONE YEAR FROM THE FIRST of April, a large old-fashioned mansion, with large garden, stables, pasture, ice-house filled, abundance of shade, and a beautiful river view. It is within a short walk of the Vail's Gate Depot, on the Newburgh branch of the Erie Railroad, and two miles from Cornwall Landing. It was formerly the residence of John L. Morton, Esq., of New-York, to whom reference is made.

THOMAS GEORGE, Newburgh, N. Y.

BROADWAY.—TO BE LEASED FOR TWENTY years, with renewals, the valuable property of Nos. 478, 480 and 482 Broadway, between Broome and Grand sts., extending through and including No. 40 Crosby-st., being 73 feet front on Broadway and 25 feet front on Crosby-st., containing about 10,000 square feet of land. The situation and size of the above is well adapted for a bank, or other large institution. Apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

TO LET—THE PREMISES, CORNER JAY AND Plymouth sts., Brooklyn, formerly occupied by HOWARD & FULLER as a brewery; possession immediately; also for sale a boiler, steam engine, copper coil (nine feet diameter), 23 stillions, or brewer's troughs, and other fixtures. Apply at the New Brewery of HOWARD & FULLER, corner Bridge and Plymouth sts., Brooklyn.

AT NEW-BRIGHTON—IN HAMILTON PARK, near the ferry, several first-class villas to rent, of English, French and Italian architecture, about ten rooms, water, gas, wash-tubs, dumb-waiters, bathrooms and other conveniences; perfectly healthy and views unsurpassed. Apply to M. HAMILTON, No. 132 Broadway.

TO LET—A BRICK TWO-STORY AND ATTIC dwelling, No. 110 West 10th-st., near Bleecker, together with shop in rear, brick, two stories, 15x25, fitted with machinery for straw hat business, or for any light business. House and shop to let to one party.

FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, No. 54 Wall-st.

STABLE TO LET—A PRIVATE STABLE AND coach house, suitable for four horses, with apartments for coachman, will be built to suit a good tenant; to be ready May 1; location 15th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply at No. 44 West 15th-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—COTTAGE HOUSE situated on 3d-av., Fort Hill, S. I., (Quarantine Landing,) opposite the residence of Dr. Hollock, with 3 or 5 lots of ground. Apply to WARREN MIX & CO., Nos. 68 and 70 Front-st., New-York.

TO LET—FURNISHED—A LARGE DOUBLE house, with garden, lawn, carriage-house, &c., in the town of Yonkers, on the westerly side of the Harlem Railroad, half a mile from Wood Lawn Station; will be let for one or more years. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 165 Front-st.

STORE AND LOFTS TO LET AT MODERATE PRICES.—The store, with four or eight lofts, Nos. 374 and 376 Pearl-st., above Franklin-square, communicating by arches with good light. Apply to A. B. SANDS & CO., No. 141 William-st.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT AND FIRST FLOOR of No. 85 Cliff-st.—It is 53 feet deep, well lighted, and has the water and gas. It will be let only for manufacturing or commercial purposes. Two hydraulic presses are on the premises, and may be let, if wanted.

TO LET—A FINE DWELLING, WITH STABLE and about 10 acres of land, fronting the water, at Fort Hamilton. VAN WINKLE & WINANS, No. 132 Broadway.

DWELLING-HOUSE TO RENT.—THE modern three-story and attic dwelling-house (full lot) No. 55 Amity-st. Has baths, gas &c. Apply to I. B. IRELAND, No. 124 Nassau-st. To be seen from 12 to 2 P. M.

TO LEASE—THE LOFTS NOS. 895 AND 897 Broadway, and one store 50 feet front by 40 deep; would answer a photographist, or other large business. Apply to S. C. CLARK, No. 825½ Broadway.

TO LET—ON NORTH SHORE OF LONG ISLAND some fifty miles from New-York, a house, with about three acres of land in good state of cultivation. Apply immediately to N. M. TERRY, No. 106 South-st.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE house, four stories, basement cellar, with or without lease. Immediate possession. Apply to HENRY MAXWELL, No. 126 East 35th-st.

BROADWAY STORE ON 20 YEARS' LEASE.—The store No. 181 Broadway, on the west side, between Cortlandt and Dey sts., 25x100, may be leased for 10 or 20 years from May next. H. G. MARQUARD, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

TO LET OR LEASE—THAT LARGE AND commodious building, with three fronts, &c., No. 1 Bond-st., next to Broadway, now occupied by the Commissioners of Charity, &c. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

STORE AND BASEMENT TO LET ON THE northwest corner of Broadway and 27th-st.; an entire new front to be put in; store rent, $1,200 a year. Also, dwelling-house, No. 1,165 Broadway to let. Apply to J. W. COLLINS, next door.

TO LET—A TWO (2) STORY FRAME HOUSE and ten lots of ground, in 88th-st., near 8th-av. Apply to GEORGE G. MOORE, No. 204 Broadway. Will be let low to a good tenant.

TO RENT, ON 5TH-AV., BELOW 23D-st., an elegantly furnished house; 49 feet wide, 4 large rooms on a floor; $1,000 a month. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO RENT—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED parlor floor, with private table only; references exchanged. Apply at No. 55 West 11th-st., one door from 5th-av.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS MARBLE STORE, IN Worth-st., about 200 feet east of Broadway. To be finished 1st of August next. 25x80 feet. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

STEADY STEAM POWER TO LET.—ONE room 75x25, well lighted; steam hoistway. Possession immediately, No. 499 Water-st., between Pike and Rutgers-slip.

TO LET—LARGE AND SMALL OFFICES IN house No. 113 Nassau-st., on the third and fifth floors. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, office No. 5.

OFFICES TO RENT—IN TIMES BUILDING. Inquire at the TIMES office.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED—TO RENT A SMALL UNFURNISHED house, with all the modern improvements, and in a good neighborhood, between 9th and 4th avs., and 10th and 32d sts.; rent $800 to $1,000 per annum. Address Box No. 1,811 New-York Post-office.

WANTED TO LEASE OR RENT—A SMALL farm, convenient to cars or boat, with handy access, about one hour's ride to the city; must be healthy and pleasant. Address, with number of acres, rent, and full particulars, S. Y. M., Box No. 3,569 Post-office.

GREENWOOD CEMETERY.—WANTED TO purchase, a part of a lot in Greenwood Cemetery. Address, stating location and price, S. A. MOORE, No. 69 Franklin-st.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—HOUSES AND lots, in any good and desirable location.

ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

WANTED—BY MAY 1ST, ONE GOOD FACTORY for 30 men, and one blacksmith shop; all with steam power. Address Box No. 3,721 Post-office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A LADY AND GENTLEMAN DESIRE two single rooms with board, at moderate price; a private family in the 22d ward preferred; the most satisfactory evidences of neatness and respectability required. Address BREWSTER, Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

A SINGLE LADY DESIRES BOARD IN a strictly private family; terms moderate. The most satisfactory references required. Address M. E., Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

BOARD.—A PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM, suitable for a single gentleman. House convenient to cars and stages. Dinner at 6. No. 34 West 29th-st.

BOARD WANTED IN SOUTH BROOKLYN, in a private family, by a gentleman who will pay liberally for good accommodations. Apply at No. 18 State-st., New-York.

A LADY WITH UNEXCEPTIONABLE references desires a home in a private family of refinement, or in a quiet boarding-house; highest references required. Address W. A., Box No. 4,238, New-York Post-office.

BOARDING.—TWO OR THREE SINGLE GENtlemen, or a gentleman and his wife, can obtain board with pleasant rooms, by applying at No. 59 Vandam st.

WANTED—A SUITE OF ROOMS FOR A SMALL family. Apply by letter to L. J. H., Box No. 3,721 New York Post-office.

BROOKLYN—TO LET—A SUITE OF ROOMS with board, on first floor of No. 18 Clinton-st., to a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen.

PROPOSALS.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
No. 19 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK CITY, February, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M., on TUESDAY, the 28th inst., for the construction of a United States General Hospital at Newark, N. J. The principal buildings to be erected are as follows: Eighteen pavilions, administration building, dining-room, with wings for kitchens; laundry, guard-house, knapsack-house, dead-house, operating-room and tank-house. The builder is to furnish all materials, of whatever nature, and all labor and services necessary in the construction. The workmanship and materials are to conform to the plans, specifications, and detail drawings, and to be subject to inspection and approval of an officer appointed for that purpose.

Bidders must accompany their proposals with guarantees, signed by two responsible parties, that in case their bids are accepted, they will, as soon as required, execute a contract for the same with good and sufficient sureties, in the sum of ($25,000) twenty-five thousand dollars, for the faithful performance of the contract and to the satisfaction of the inspecting officer. The privilege is reserved of rejecting any or all of the bids, if deemed advisable. The site selected for the hospital is the "Garside" property on Mill-street. Parties intending to bid are requested to visit the site, and to examine plans and specifications at this office.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for U. S. General Hospital at Newark, N. J., and addressed to the undersigned.

By order of Gen. STEWART VAN VLIET,
Quartermaster U. S. A.

R. O. MORGAN, Captain and A. Q. M.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, FEB. 23, 1865

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the TIMES (Daily) is FOUR CENTS.
To Mail Subscribers per annum..........$10 00
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Address H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—MRS. GEN. TOM THUMB AND BABY, TWO MAMMOTH FAT WOMEN, GIANT BOY, LIVING SKELETON, DWARF. Afternoon and Evening: WORKMEN OF NEW-YORK; or THE CURSE OF DRINK—EXPOSE OF SPIRITUALISM.

WINTER GARDEN—HAMLET.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—DAY AND EVENING.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—MAGIC—TARTINI'S DREAM.

HIPPOTHEATRON—HARLEQUIN MOTHER GOOSE, or THE FAIRY LEGEND OF THE GOLDEN EGG.

BROADWAY THEATRE—FORTY WINKS—THE TOODLES

WALLACK'S—STILL WATERS RUN DEEP.

NIBLO'S—MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

No. 625 BROADWAY—PAINTINGS.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC—MARTHA.

STEINWAY'S CONCERT ROOMS—SOIREE MUSICALE.

BROADWAY ATHENÆUM—METROPOLITAN MUSICAL ASSOCIATION.

NIBLO'S SALOON—CAMILLA URSO.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Admiral PORTER officially reports to the Navy Department, under date of Feb. 19, the evacuation of Fort Anderson on the night of the 18th, and its occupation by our troops on the morning of the 19th. On the 17th, Gen. SCHOFIELD, with a force of 8,000 men, moved up from Smithville and at the same time, Admiral PORTER attacked the fort with a portion of his fleet, the monitor *Monadnock* being placed closed to the works, and other vessels pouring in an enfilading fire. On the 18th, the fleet moved up still closer, and kept up a heavy fire during the day, silencing the fort by 3 o'clock. In the meantime Gen. SCHOFIELD moved around in the rear of the rebels, but they didn't wait to get caught, and hastily evacuated the fort during the night, leaving the heavy guns, mostly unspiked. Our troops entered at daylight on the morning of the 19th, and raised the Stars and Stripes over the works. Our loss was only three killed and four wounded. Lieut. CUSHING, bearer of dispatches to Washington, states that the army was moving on toward Wilmington. He also states that there is only one line of obstructions in the river above the fort, and that it is not defended by batteries.

The latest intelligence from Gen. SHERMAN represents him as moving northward from Columbia, and his advance on Saturday was said to have reached Camden, forty miles north of that city.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, a resolution was reported to increase the compensation of naval contractors. Mr. TRUMBULL, from the Committee on the Judiciary, asked to be relieved from further consideration of petitions asking for a recognition of the Supreme Being in the Constitution of the United States. Reports were received from the Naval Committee, adverse to propositions amending the Constitution so as to permit Congress to tax imports, and in regard to the basis of representation recently proposed by Mr. SUMNER. A joint resolution was reported from the Military Committee concerning the enlargement of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, and the improvement of the Upper and Lower Mississippi River, and that of the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers. A bill amendatory of the Copyright Law was passed. The bill to establish a uniform militia throughout the United States was reported back, with a recommendation that it be passed. The bill establishing an Eastern Judicial District in New-York was passed. The Freedman's Bureau was under consideration, and resulted in the rejection of the report of the Committee of Conference on that subject. The Senate insisted on its amendment to the original bill, and another Committee Conference was called for.

In the House Mr. A. P. FIELD, who assaulted Judge KELLY, of Philadelphia, was brought before the bar and reprimanded by the Speaker for his offence, after which he was discharged from the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms. A number of miscellaneous bills were reported from the Judiciary Committee and passed, embracing the following: Providing for the publication of the opinions of the Attorney-Generals of the United States since March, 1857; regulating the appropriating of private property to public uses; designating the mode of selecting jurors in the United States Circuit and District Courts, and regulating proceedings in criminal cases. The subject of elections in the States declared to be in insurrection was discussed at some length, and resulted in the tabling of the bill referring to the matter. The Senate resolution to promote enlistments in the army, by declaring the wives and children of such colored men as enter the service forever free, any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding, and declaring married such men and women as have lived together in that character, was reported and passed.

GENERAL NEWS.

The celebration of WASHINGTON'S Birthday was observed in this city yesterday with unusually imposing demonstrations. The fall of Charleston added to the enthusiasm of the people, which was expressed by one of the finest displays of bunting ever witnessed in this city. Flags were displayed from public and private buildings, and from the shipping in the harbor. Several regiments paraded, and in the evening fireworks were exhibited in several parts of the city. The streets were thronged by citizens, who congratulated each other upon the fall of Charleston, and spent the day in social enjoyments.

Gov. FENTON will review the Metropolitan Police to-day, at noon, at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Eight hundred policemen are to appear.

Gen. HOOKER writes to the lady managers of a fair organized in Chicago for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission Soldier's Aid Society: "The Briarean arms of these generous associations have been stretched out to the uttermost parts of the land wherever a sick or wounded soldier needed help. They have raised up the head that was bowed down, and have nursed with tenderest care, those who were dying that a nation might live. In this work the women of our land have been the first and most earnest. God bless them. While Europe during the Crimean war produced but one FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE, we of the Young Republic have such a goddess enshrined in almost every household. I can only urge the loyal and the true everywhere to renewed efforts in this good work."

A case of astonishing juvenile depravity has just been developed in Louisville, Ky. CAROLINE MILLER, a girl thirteen years old, deliberately poisoned her father with arsenic, after having made an unsuccessful attempt to kill him with rat-poison, the principal ingredient of which was phosphorus. The only excuse she made was that she thought she might have a better home and less work to do if her father was dead.

KATE GORMAN, of No. 104 Prince-street, an attractive female, who has been a pickpocket ever since her eleventh birthday, and realized $35,000 from her operations, was arrested by Officer FIELD, on a bench-warrant from Recorder HOFFMAN, and committed, yesterday, by Justice DOWLING.

A large meeting of prominent citizens was held at the Custom-house yesterday, for the purpose of making arrangements for the celebration of our late victories. Mr. MOSES TAYLOR presided. Resolutions were adopted appointing a committee of citizens to draw up a programme and to report at a subsequent meeting. A resolution was also adopted requesting the President of the United States to send Gen. ANDERSON to Fort Sumter, in a national steamer to replace the old flag on the fort. The meeting then adjourned.

The Toronto *Globe* states that BURLEY will be tried at Port Clinton, Ottowa County, Ohio, on the charge upon which he was extradited, namely, robbery. If acquitted, he will have a safe convoy out of the United States, Mr. SEWARD having written to that effect to Mr. RUSSELL, the United States District-Attorney at Detroit, who will conduct the prosecution. It is not yet known when the trial will commence. LAMBERT states that BURLEY is confined to his cell all the time, and does not look so well as when confined in the Toronto Jail.

An Indiana exchange states that only about one in six of the rebels confined in Camp Morton are willing to be exchanged. Therefore only about one thousand will be sent on, unless, to get our men out of rebel hands, the Government makes the felons go home. Evidently the majority of the rebels in the North are not sanguine of success, nor are they languishing to die in the last ditch. This is not because they are so delightfully situated in Camp Morton; for although our military authorities avoid everything that approaches cruelty, the location is not a desirable one for a thin-skinned man.

The Senate Committee continued its investigation of the City Inspector's Department yesterday. W. B. C. CHAMBERS, CHAS. G. SISSON and DANIEL E. DELAVAN were examined. Mr. DELAVAN said the streets of the city could be cleaned for $400,000 a year, and he would like to take a contract at that price for five years.

From a compilation of the statistics of the Cumberland coal trade, it appears (says the Alexandria *Gazette*) that, notwithstanding the interruptions, the shipments during 1863 and 1864 were greater than at any time since 1860, or before the commencement of the war. Of the gross amount sent to market last year, 258,642 tons were brought by the canal.

The tunnel under the lake at Chicago is making very rapid progress. The estimate for the tunnel was fixed at the rate of three and a half feet a day, but they are actually making as much as twelve feet every twenty-four hours.

A Lower Canada journal says: *Le Courier de St. Hyacinthe* states that the number of Canadians who have enlisted since the beginning of the war is placed at 43,000. Of this number 35,000 were French Canadians, no less than 14,000 of whom have died on the battle-field.

Though business at the Stock and Produce Exchanges, and other commercial centres, was formally suspended yesterday, there were a few irregular Street transactions in Stocks and Gold, the latter ranging from 200@201¼, and closing at about the even rate of 200.

The subscriptions to the 7-30 Loan, through the Ninth National Bank, yesterday reached $908,350.

Capt. BEALL will be executed on Friday next at Governor's Island.

The draft in the Third District, Brooklyn, was suspended yesterday in order that the day might be properly observed. The Twenty-eighth, Seventh and Thirteenth Wards will be drawn to-day.

Several boats are advertised in St. Louis for the Upper Missouri. The river is now open and in navigable condition from here down.

North Carolina—Gen. Sherman.

Gen. SHERMAN'S army is now on the verge of North Carolina, if it is not already within the lines of the State. We hear of no frantic proclamations from the Governor, no "last ditch" resolutions from the Legislature which is in session, no wild appeals from popular leaders or from the press; but the whole people, as far as we have heard, seem to await the advance of SHERMAN'S invincible army with perfect composure, if not with torpor. In the meantime a private letter has been received from Gen. SHERMAN himself, of which our Washington correspondent made mention yesterday, in which the General says that the people of the "Old North State" are prepared to hail the advent of his army among them, and promptly wheel the State into the Union. Gen. SHERMAN does not speak at random, nor without full and definite information concerning that of which he writes. He is not a sanguine man, nor one who is ever led away by his fancy. He knows the Southern people well from long residence in various parts of the South before the war, and from campaigning in *nine* of the Southern States during the past four years. He has never expressed himself in the same way about any other State.

Such a course on the part of North Carolina is just what might be expected. The traditions of the State are Union and National, its antecedents Whig, its spirit Conservative. It always stood aloof from political ultraism, and from the fanatical vagaries of South Carolina. The points of antagonism between these two States were innumerable, the feelings of mutual animosity were very strong, and the public councils and action nearly always different. There will be no grief in North Carolina over the chastisement administered to South Carolina, no sympathy with the practical humiliation which has followed her windy bluster. South Carolina's intolerable self-conceit is not better known in the North than her contempt for her sister States is known in the South. If there is anything a South Carolinian hates more than a "Yankee," it is a Georgian; if there is anything he despises more than a "free nigger," it is a North Carolinian. The way in which the Palmetto chivalry have lately acted will not increase the admiration of North Carolina for them.

North Carolina never wanted to secede from the Union. Her geographical position made it hard for her to stay in, after Virginia and South Carolina had seceded. She did not want to go to war with them, and therefore joined their fortunes. Indeed, she did not want to go to war at all, and had no thought that Secession would plunge her into it. It will be remembered also how, during the secession frenzy, North Carolina was overrun by fire-eating and hot-headed politicians from South Carolina, Virginia and other States. Madmen, foaming at the mouth, flew from town to town, from county to county, from the mountains to the seaboard, stirring up the people, inflaming their passions and driving them half out of their wits by menacing them if they did not join the South. Sober North Carolina, or North Carolina by her own will and motion, would never have passed an ordinance of secession. Nothing would be more natural than, now that she has had opportunity to come to her senses, and see the results of secession, she should, to use Gen. SHERMAN'S words, "promptly wheel back into the Union."

Militarily viewed, North Carolina has no means of self-defence against SHERMAN'S army. Nearly all her soldiers are in LEE'S army, and the few that are not there are defending Wilmington against Gen. SCHOFIELD.

It would be the most cheering sign we have ever had, if Nroth Carolina should take the judicious step of quitting the broken-down Confederacy, and returning to the old Union. She would be welcomed back.

We have often complained of the slow progress of reconstruction on the part of the Southern States conquered by our arms. If North Carolina took the lead, we would quickly see other States follow her example; and the people of Georgia and Alabama, at least, would soon unfurl, with their own hands, the flag of the Union. The words of Gen. SHERMAN are the most encouraging we have ever had.

National Celebrations and Municipal Filth.

The condition of the streets is simply horrible. We have had four or five days of as fine February weather as the present generation has seen. Yesterday, as far as a genial sunshine, and a healthy breeze go to constitute a luxury for holiday-makers, was one of the most charming days that imagination could well paint. And yet here, in New-York, with its expenditure of fifteen millions a year for cleanliness, safety, health and comfort, all that the smiling season had so bountifully contributed to the enjoyment of the day was marred and blurred by the foul surgings of corporation filth in every thoroughfare and alley-way of the city. Along the street-gutters, from river to river, and from the South Ferry to Harlem, composite piles of ice and muck, alternated with a blubbery stagnant Styx of liquid mud.

On the widest of the streets, a roadway barely wide enough for a single carriage was flanked on either side by an escarpment of glaciers, in different stages of motion or solution. Along and athwart the perilous pathway, creatures rational, irrational and brute toiled and waded, and splashed and stumbled—a patient, persistent, but desperate and bewildered mass of animated nature, the like whereof has probably not been known to the memory of man.

Around and above the scene, there floated at midday the exuding vapors from ten thousand heaps of essential dung, piled promiscuously on sidewalk and roadway, as domestic expediency or municipal convenience had ordained. That rank exuberance of filth which has held so long an undisputed sway in these corporate precincts, was not to be driven yesterday from its local heritage. And in the interest of city inspection and sanitary science, we hereby make the record that it reigned supreme on WASHINGTON'S anniversary.

There may be those who question the expediency of even admitting the existence of local abominations in connection with what is most properly one of our most cherished national celebrations. Those who see—and there are many thoughtful citizens who do see—in the present condition of the streets of New-York the forecastings of a pestilence, are ready to hold, that any and every occasion must now be sought to *force* upon the attention of the authorities the absolute necessity of immediate action in the matter of our sanitary standing. The question is not one to be trifled with even for a day. It is not one that will bear the dallying of investigating committees. It is here before our senses, glaring, palpable, irrepressibly foul. It is a nuisance, moreover, which the Legislature has happily provided us with a means of reaching through the Health Board, if other means shall fail. A few more such days, and the blessings of a genial sun will be turned into a curse, by our municipal sloth and corruption.

The Last Humiliation of Virginia.

The Richmond papers announce that Virginia has determined to give its able-bodied slaves to the military service of the Confederacy. It has cost the public mind of the State tremendous throes to come to this. Desperation alone has made it possible. A very peculiar desperation, too. It is not that sort which has a certain reason in it and would make the most of even the smallest chance to escape from an extremity, but the desperation of the scorpion girt with fire that turns and stings itself to death. It is no sublime audacity; it is insensate and abject despair.

The idea is preposterous that the negroes of Virginia can save LEE. Even were they willing to take up arms for their masters—which as long as no promise is given for the freedom of their wives and children, seems a moral impossibility—they could not possibly be disciplined and drilled in season to do any effectual military work. No diligence can transform raw recruits into effective soldiers in less than three months, even though they be intelligent white men. At least twice that period is necessary to bring stolid slaves to the fighting standard. But LEE'S fate is already close upon him. Its proximity is reckoned, not in months, but in weeks. GRANT is holding him with a grasp that tightens with each day. SHERMAN sweeps on toward him, cutting off all his means of supply, and all his ways of escape. It is but four weeks since SHERMAN left Savannah, and he is already nearly half way to Richmond. Before March closes, LEE will be hemmed in, and forced to strike his last blow or surrender. His mob of negroes, instead of being a help to him, would only hurry the exhaustion of his scant stores, and precipitate his ruin.

It is an excellent thing for the poetic justice of history that slaveholding Virginia is to signalise its last days by this piece of incredible folly. It is the final supreme humiliation without which the requital of destiny would not be complete. Of all the slave States, Virginia involved herself in the vilest guilt. In 1830 when the question of emancipation was before her, and it was distinctly proved that slave labor had ceased to be profitable within her limits, it was deliberately decided that the slaves should not be set free. From that time, Virginian slavery began to be transformed into a huge breeding system for the supply of the cotton and sugar plantations of the Southwest. Long before the rebellion broke out, Virginia had become decidedly and distinctly the slave-breeding State of the South. The seventy-thousand "first families" of the State were mainly supported, year in and year out, by the annual sales of their slave boys and girls which had grown old enough to bring the best price from the slave-driver. They had no more shame in this, or sense of wrong, than the Vermont farmer has in raising his horses for market, or the Ohio farmer in breeding his hogs. It is not too much to say that during the ten years previous to the rebellion, not less than half a million of young negroes were sold out of the State. The amount of suffering thus produced in the separation of children and parents, and the violent breaking up of all the natural ties, admits of no calculation. It was the fear of the loss of this business that did more than anything else to determine Virginia to accept the Montgomery Constitution, and cast her lot with the rebel Cotton States. During the weeks in which she hesitated, the threat that was constantly plied was, that one of the first laws of the cotton Confederacy would be a law prohibiting the slave-trade with any of the slave States North; and the standing argument of the secession prints of Richmond was, that this would fatally damage the interests of Virginia. The State of WASHINGTON and MADISON and JEFFERSON chose rather to band with traitors, and destroy their handiwork, than to cease to get the vilest gains possible from the institution they accounted vile at the best.

It is well then that the Virginia cavaliers, before their submission to the flag they have defied, should first bend to the bondmen they have despised. It is well that the treason which they embraced for the basest of ends should compel them, before they are quit of it, to the most galling of humiliations. The punishment is exquisite enough to satisfy even their worst enemies. It will go into history as another and most memorable illustration that justice is sure to vindicate itself in the end—that "the mills of the gods, though they grind slowly, grind sure."

Steamboat Lights on the Lakes and Rivers.

We published, some days since, a British Order in Council in relation to rules of navigation on the inland waters of this continent. We desire to call attention to one subject which was embraced within those rules, viz.: that of the lights to be carried at night by vessels navigating those waters.

Our readers will recollect that these "rules for preventing collisions at sea," as they were called, were of British origin. They were made law in England in 1862, by an amendment of the Merchants' Shipping Act. They not only direct the mode of navigation for vessels when they approach each other, but also prescribe a system of lights to be carried at night, and of signals for fogs, &c. It was obvious, of course, that their efficiency in preventing collisions would be increased by their being adopted by other nations, whose vessels sailed the sea, because that would bring uniformity and certainty. It was accordingly provided in the statute, that if any nation would make these regulations apply to its vessels when out of British jurisdiction, the British courts should apply them when the vessels were within British jurisdiction, or, as the act was worded, with characteristic English unpleasantness of speech, Her Majesty might "direct that such regulations should apply to the ships of such foreign nation, *whether within British jurisdiction or not.*"

Our Congress took the matter up at the last session, and passed a law adopting the rules, without the change of a word. They went even further than the English law had gone, though perhaps unintentionally, for they made the rules imperative upon the whole "American Mercantile Marine," thus making them applicable not only to vessels at sea, but to those upon our many navigable rivers, and also upon the great lakes.

The passage of this act having been communicated to the English Government, they, by an Order in Council, extended the application of their rules to our vessels when within British waters. Thereupon, as we surmise, our Government notified them that our law was made to affect our vessels not only on the seas, but also when navigating the great lakes, and this led to the British Order in Council, which we published the other day, extending their rules to those waters also.

Now there is one difficulty about this matter, to which we fear the attention of Congress and of our Government has not been sufficiently directed. This is in reference to the lights to be carried by steamboats on these internal waters. There had grown up on these waters a system of lights for vessels. Indeed it had been specially made law by an act of Congress, passed March 8, 1849, as far as the Northern and Western lakes were concerned, and these new rules made no reference whatever to that system, but proposed at once to change it arbitrarily. Such a thing cannot be well done at once. Men who have been accustomed to one system will not readily adopt a new one. And the result has been that here on the Hudson River, for instance, the law has never been carried into effect. Pilots who had navigated our immense steamboats up and down from here to Albany year after year under the old system, positively refused to take the responsibility of piloting steamers on that crowded thoroughfare with any system of lights but that one which was well known to them and to all other navigators on the river, and with reference to which all their experience was formed, and their eyes and judgments governed.

This difficulty was at once felt by the Board of Supervising Inspectors of steam vessels, and at their last annual meeting in this city, the matter was brought before them for consideration. A committee to which the matter was referred, reported that inasmuch as the "system of signal lights, adopted for the Northern and Western lakes only, by the act of 1849, is best calculated to promote the security of life and property upon those waters, and that a change of said system to that of the Act of April 29, 1864, will be productive of serious results and will require at the hands of Congress legislative relief for that locality;" therefore, under the authority of the Act of Congress of Aug. 30, 1852, which gave the board power to make rules and regulations for vessels passing each other, the board would adhere to the rules previously adopted by them for the government of pilots, and regulating the system of signal lights.

This report of the committee was adopted by the board and embodied in their annual report to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Now, it will be readily seen that this is a state of things calling for immediate attention and action. It is quite doubtful whether the Board of Supervising Inspectors has the power thus to repeal or nullify an act of Congress, and if not, every vessel which does not run in conformity to the Act of April, 1864, is in fault and accountable for any damage she may do. If our courts should even hold that the Board had this power, the English courts could not fail, under the action of that Order in Council which we have referred to, to treat such vessels as in fault; and now that this Order in Council has been issued, unless it shall be disregarded by the English vessels on the lakes, as our statute is, in consequence of this action of the Supervising Inspectors, the effect of the law may be to prevent that very uniformity and certainty which it was intended to bring about.

Would it not be well for Congress, even at this late day of the session, to take up this matter so far as to restore the old system upon the internal waters? On the sea there should be no change. But on the rivers and lakes, it seems quite clear that if any change is made it should be made with some consideration of the circumstances and facts of that peculiar navigation of which England has little or none, and for which she could hardly therefore be trusted to adopt rules as she well might be for the sea. With more consideration, and with a conference and comparison of views with our navigators and those of Canada, a system might be adopted which should be as beneficial upon those waters as these rules for the sea will doubtless prove to be in their own province.

THE LAST DITCH-ITES.—What has become of those valiant South Carolina heroes who have been proclaiming their determination to die in the last ditch, and never, *never*, NEVER surrender to the Yankee invaders? We don't hear a syllable of one of them. None of our official bulletins make any mention of the discovery of their remains. The chivalry of Charleston seem to have shown quite as much alacrity in running away as any of the more ordinary and common-place specimens of the human race. They began to "evacuate," we are told, about three weeks before our army approached. This was discretion,—decidedly the better part of *their* valor. There is a great deal of human nature in South Carolina, after all.

One noble exploit alone seems to have signalized the fall of Charleston. Finding that they must run away themselves, the chivalry blew up their powder magazine and killed about one hundred of their own people. All that were left in the town, say the reports, were of the *lower orders*—people who could not run away, and were, therefore, compelled to stay *by* the last ditch, if not *in* it. In no single instance, as yet, in any town taken by our troops, have the chivalric defenders of Southern independence been one whit more determined to die than other people. So long as danger has kept at a distance, they have shown themselves insolent braggarts; the moment it has come near them they have proved themselves selfish and cowardly sneaks. Among the many lessons taught by this war, that of the real character of the Southern chivalry is the most useful.

Amusements.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—The "Belle's Stratagem" was produced here on Monday night with fair success. Mrs. LANDER is an admirable *Letitia Hardy*. The various phases of the character are interpreted by her with an earnest delicacy which no other actress now on the stage can even pretend to impart to them. Mrs. LANDER was substantially supported by Mr. WHEATLEY as *Doricourt*. The part requires a versatile artist, and one who is also volatile. Mr. WHEATLEY cannot be accused of possessing the latter quality, but he is certainly versatile, and his performance was artistic and good. The general distribution was excellent. We have seldom seen Messrs. POPE, BURNETT, COLLIER and BECKS to such advantage. The comedy was received with decided favor.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—There was a change of bill here on Monday evening. Two old Burtonian pieces were given instead of "Paul Pry" and the "Live Indian," namely, "Forty Winks" and the "Toodles." They were successfully given, and the success has to be accredited entirely to Mr. OWENS. The management of the Broadway Theatre is so feeble, that it does not even rise to the possible exigencies of a farce. To call the company mediocre would be to pay it a high and unmerited compliment—a thing which we certainly do not desire to do. The genius of one man has raised the establishment from the depth of an oblivion which, notwithstanding that success, it has since persistently tried to earn, and which we frankly confess it has often merited. That man is Mr. OWENS. Without a very wide capacity for characterization, he at least is admirable in nearly all that he has essayed. Considering the blank and deadening influences by which this fine comedian is surrounded, it is really remarkable that he has succeeded in preserving an identity of his own, to say nothing of the identity of many characters which he has successfully impressed upon us. In "Forty Winks" Mr. OWENS plays the part of *Horatio Sprugglns*, the miserly button-maker. The curmudgeon we have named desires to save the expense of a bed at a wayside inn, on the ground that he merely desires to take forty winks as a preparation for the fatigues of travel in the London coach which is about to arrive. He wanders into a bed-room where he believes he can obtain the surreptitious repose, and there encounters all the disturbances and chastisements which were intended for the real occupant of the apartment. It is impossible to describe the broad and unctuous humor with which Mr. OWENS seized the advantages offered to him by the situation here presented. With the mere repetition of a few words concerning the adamantine character of the bed, he evokes (and honestly, by breadth of genuine humor) the uncontrollable merriment of the audience. Otherwise, and, in fact, everywise, as a sustained effort of pure fun, it is, we think, the best illustration Mr. OWENS has yet given us of his pure comic strength. They who would laugh must certainly see this remarkable performance.

In essaying *Toodles* Mr. OWENS has probably been influenced by the very brilliant management which controls this very brilliant establishment. He has necessarily fallen into a mistake. We retain, and are likely to retain, some remembrance of Mr. BURTON,—who, with all due deference, was the greatest comedian America has ever known,—and of Mr. CLARKE, who, next to Mr. BURTON, was the best representative of the part. It is impossible for Mr. OWENS to play anything badly, even with the awful *entourage* of the Broadway Theatre, but he does not approach Mr. BURTON or Mr. CLARKE, and, comparisons being inevitable, we must confess that he is worse than either. Nevertheless, he made the people laugh, and in the tavern scene introduced a piece of business with the table which was new. This is all that we can say.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—"Martha" will be given here to-night, with the same cast as at the New-York establishment.

CONCERT.—Mlle. CAMILLE URSO will give her second grand concert at Niblo's Saloon this evening.

The New-Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, N. J., Wednesday, Feb. 22.

The action on the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery has been made the order of the day for Tuesday next in the House.

Naval Movements.

DEPARTURE OF THE SUWANEE.

This double-ender steamed out of the harbor yesterday at 11:15 A. M., having repaired her rudder chain, which broke down when she set out from the Philadelphia Navy-yard, about three weeks since, for the Gulf Squadron. She carries 10 guns, is 1,030 tons burden, and was built at New-York in 1864. She is under the command of Commander SHIRLEY.

THE GRAND GULF IN COMMISSION.

The United States screw-steamer *Grand Gulf*, 11 guns, and 1,200 tons burden, was yesterday put in commission. The following officers reported: Commander, JOHN DOWNES; Lieutenant, Fred. Rodgers; Acting Master, George Cables; Acting Ensigns, N. Larsen, O. S. Lawrence, John E. Smith, Charles B. Pyne, C. H. Littlefield; Acting Assistant Surgeon, W. N. Vandell; Acting Assistant Paymaster, Ed. B. Southworth; Acting Gunner, John B. Powell; Acting Master's Mates, R. C. Tyler, Thomas Stanfield and George H. Fletcher; Acting First Assistant Engineer, William Campbell; Acting Second Assistant, James Sullivan; Acting Third Assistants, R. Reilly, John W. Lyons, Samuel E. Gould, Thomas Hineline.

MAILS FOR THE BLOCKADING SQUADRON.

The *Florida*, side-wheel, nine guns and 1,261 tons burden, will sail for the North Atlantic Squadron on Saturday next. The *Florida* takes the place of the transport *Newbern*, which, when she arrives, will go into sectional dock at New-York for repairs, which will keep her out of service eight or ten weeks. Letters, papers and parcels, properly directed and sent to the Naval Lyceum, at the navy-yard, will be forwarded. The following is a list of the officers of the *Florida*: Act.-Vol.-Lieut. Com. WM. BUDD; Acting Masters Allen Hoxie, W. C. Staples; Acting Ensigns Thos. E. Ashmead, C. E. Beck, T. J. Rollins, L. G. Sampson; Act. Asst. Surgeon Edgar S. Smith; Act. Asst. Paymaster W. F. Keeler; Acting Master's Mates Chas. Cameron, F. A. Loby, H. F. Pickering; Act. First Asst. Eng. Wm. McLean; Act. Second Asst. W. P. McGaw, R. B. Swift; Act. Third Asst. E. C. Collins.

The Progress of Recruiting.

The following is an account of the number of men paid by the County Volunteer Committee and credited to the county during the past eight days:

	No. of men.		No. of men.
Monday, Feb. 13	38	Friday, Feb. 17	94
Tuesday, " 14	83	Saturday, " 18	94
Wednesday, " 15	83	Monday, " 20	147
Thursday, " 16	122	Tuesday, " 21	130

Men paid in eight days.......... 792
Men enlisted by Provost-Marshals on 21st and accounts not returned (estimated).......... 20
Total number enlisted in eight days.......... 812

Nearly all these men enlisted for three years; and recruits are coming forward in greater numbers than last week.

The funds at the disposal of the Committee are nearly exhausted, and at the present rate of recruiting will not last more than a few days longer. Unless our capitalists come forward, the work of recruiting will have to cease.

Probable Loss of the Pilot-Boat George Steers and Crew.

The pilot-boat *George Steers* has been missing since the gale of the 12th inst., and information has lately been received in this city which renders her total loss almost a matter of certainty. The last pilot was put out from her on the 11th inst., off Cape May. During the gale of the 12th inst., a pilot-boat was seen on the South Shoals near Barnegat. At daylight, the next morning, she appeared to be almost a wreck, all her masts having gone. On the 14th inst. a surf boat was enabled to get to her, but there was nothing of her left but a piece of the deck, some spars and rigging.

A piece of her burgee was found in the rigging, with part of her name, which was "eorge." All hands on board must have perished. Some dead bodies were found about twelve or fourteen miles south of where she lay, and as there was a heavy current setting in that direction at the time it is supposed they were the bodies of some of her crew.

The *George Steers* was built in 1851 by the eminent ship-builder of that name. She belonged to the New-Jersey Association; was valued at $15,000, and was supposed to be the fastest boat sailing from this port.

CITY NOTES.—The right wing of the Seventh Regiment will assemble at its armory on March 3, for battalion drill....The fruit growers hold their weekly conversational meeting at No. 41 Park-row, at 1½ P. M. to-day....Mr. P. T. BARNUM will repeat his lecture on the "Art of Money Getting," at Prof. MATTISON'S Church, this evening....Dr. GARRISH will lecture on the all-important subject of Vaccination, at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, corner of Fourth-avenue and Twenty-third-street, on Friday evening, the 24th inst. Students of medicine, and all persons who take an interest in this subject, are invited to attend....Our readers who desire tickets for the Charity Ball, which takes place next Monday, will do well to apply at once to the managers, in whose hands they are, as, judging from the fabulous prices which are offered for the boxes, the tickets will be at a similar premium within a day or two....Dr. DRAPER will deliver the third of his series of lectures before the Historical Society this evening. The subject is "Influence of Ideas in History."

RELIEF FOR THE WRETCHED.—Probably no community in our land was ever in such wretched destitution as the people of Charleston. Plundered and oppressed by four years of rebel rule, their supplies exhausted, they have now been visited, through the cruelty of the rebel officers, by a devastating fire, which has laid waste the city. Enemies though they are, we cannot see them suffer. The aged and the helpless must not perish. The Union Commission takes the matter in hand, and its agent, MAHLON T. HEWITT, Esq., goes gratuitously on this errand of mercy on the first Government steamer. All who are disposed to aid this work of kindness may send money to A. V. STOUT, Esq., Treasurer of the commission, at the Shoe and Leather Bank, No. 271 Broadway. Supplies of clothing, bedding, food and cooking utensils sent to the office of the commission, at No. 14 Bible-House, will be immediately forwarded.

REVIEW BY GOV. FENTON.—Eight hundred members of the Metropolitan Police force are under orders to report at Washington-square, at 10 o'clock this morning, to march thence to the Fifth-avenue Hotel, there to be reviewed by Gov. FENTON at noon.

CAPT. BEALL TO BE EXECUTED ON FRIDAY.—By order of the President, Capt. BEALL is to be executed on Friday next, and there is very little if any chance of a further reprieve.

ADDITIONAL FROM EUROPE.

In addition to the full summary of European news in our paper of yesterday, we give the following interesting correspondence and extracts from our English files.

OUR PARIS CORRESPONDENCE.

The Olinda—The Cession of Sonora and the Duke—Making Money Dr. Gwin's Trade —Personal.

Paris, Friday, Feb. 10, 1865.

Nothing new has transpired since my last in regard to the *Olinda*. The inquest in regard to the matter is going on, and as the French Government cannot be expected to judge the case before the testimony taken by its own agents is complete, the decision may be postponed yet for some days. But little has been said in the press on the subject, because every one comprehends instinctively its delicacy; there exists, nevertheless, a good deal of excitement about it, and the impression prevails that the blame lies between M. Arman and the Minister of Marine. There is even talk of a demand being made for the privilege of prosecuting M. Arman before the tribunals; for, as a member of the Corps Legislatif, he is otherwise inviolable. The affair, as you may well conceive, is a source of great joy to the English and to the Secessionists, because if the *Olinda* commits depredations on American commerce, or in any way on American property, we must, to be logical, demand compensation for the damage from the French Government, the same as from the English Government for the damage done by the *Alabama* and consorts. If the demand were alone made on England, she might deem it best to pay; if made on both France and England, the two might join together and defy us. From this fact our enemies appear to draw an unusual amount of consolation.

The *Moniteur* has officially contradicted the story of the cession of Sonora to France, and the appointment of Ex-Senator Gwin as Viceroy. As regards the title of Viceroy, that much of the story is an absurdity; but most people believe in regard to the rest that there has been some sort of a conditional cession of territory—that is to say, an arrangement for a provisional occupation by France till the Mexican debt is paid. Mr. Slidell, I understand, declares that it is true, and I have even seen a man who saw another who had seen the treaty! The family of Dr. Gwin, who reside here, know nothing, I understand, of the pretended cession, or of the title of Viceroy. Their last news from the doctor left him at the City of Mexico, with the title of Superintendent of the mines of Sonora, with six thousand soldiers at his command, and a nucleus of emigrants for the working of the mines, ready to start on their destination, but mud-bound for the present. The title of Duke had been offered the Ex-Senator, and it was expected that he would be made Governor of Sonora; but that is all.

When Dr. Gwin was in Paris last year he had several interviews with the Emperor Maximilian and the Emperor Napoleon, and numerous interviews with the Duke de Morny. At that time it was believed by these persons that the Southern rebellion would never be conquered, or if conquered, that the North would be so enfeebled as not to be able to do for a long time than to hold its "Southern Poland" in subjection. There was therefore no danger, in their view of the case, in hypothecating Sonora as a guarantee for the payment of the debt due France for the throne of Mexico. But in order that the mortgage on this territory should be paid off in good faith, it was necessary to go seriously at work to obtain from the mines of Sonora the wherewith to pay it. For this work no better man than Dr. Gwin could have been found. In fact the plans presented by him for this object were so far superior to those presented by other candidates for the place, that there was no hesitation in accepting them.

The next step was to draw up an agreement or treaty; and the provisions of this agreement or treaty are believed to be these: The agreement was signed by the Duke de Morny as a Frenchman, and as the agent of the French Government, and by Dr. Gwin as a Mexican, and as the agent of the Mexican Government; the Duke de Morny to furnish a certain amount of money for preliminary expenses, and to act as agent in France, and Dr Gwin to give his time and talent to the superintendence of the working of the mines in Mexico; one-half the proceeds to go to Mexico and the payment of Dr. Gwin's per centage, and the other half to the payment of the French debt and the Duke de Morny's per centage. To guarantee the faithful observance of this contract on the part of Mexico, France demanded and was accorded some sort of mortgage on the whole of the mining region, which mortgage is supposed to run fifty years, or until the French debt is extinguished.

Dr. Gwin having become a Mexican, it is quite natural that Maximilian should have offered him titles, but it is not natural that Dr. Gwin, with his American education, would care about accepting them. Dr. Gwin, before leaving here, said that he had renounced politics and political honors, and that he was going to spend the rest of his life in making money. In Sonora, he hopes to create such an opening for remunerative labor as will make it an object for the Southern refugees, wherever they may be, but especially for the Southern people in California, to flock there.

The opinion appears to be general among the French people, and the admission is timidly made even in the journals, that the relations between the United States and France are at the present moment in a very delicate position. The result is that many alarming reports are started of a more or less hypothetical nature, but there is no reason to believe that, whatever may be the nature of the negotiations which circumstances may have rendered necessary, there is any other disposition on either side than that of an honest desire to come to an amicable understanding.

I ought to mention, however, one of the reports, which is that the French Government has resolved not to send the Marquis de Chateaurenard to Washington till the Government of Mr. Lincoln had recognized the Mexican Empire.

There was an unusual turn-out of Americans at the ball at the Tuileries on Wednesday evening last. Among the Northern people we noticed Mrs. Ronalds, Mrs. Ryers, Mrs. and Miss Penniman, Miss Alice Riggs, Miss Jessup, Mrs. and Miss Torrence, beauties, all of them; and of our Confederate friends Mr. and Mrs. Eustis, Miss Lillie Hitchcock, the Misses Sims, Mrs., two Misses and young Mr. Gwin, the Misses Bloodgood, the Misses Bell, Miss Greenfield, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Wisdom, Miss Ludlum and sister, Mrs. Moore, also beauties, every one of them; and among the Confederate gentlemen, Mr. Corbyn, of Va., Mr. Rost, son of Judge Rost, Confederate Agent, Mr. Coleman, grandson of the late J. J. Crittenden, Mr. Prather, Dr. Rudd, and Lieut. Moore, now in command of the Confederate vessel the *Rappahannock*, retained by the French Government in the port of Calais for a violation of the neutrality laws. Lieut. Moore, (who is in command of the vessel, while his superior, Capt. Fontleroy, is absent in Italy on a bridal tour,) appeared at the ball in the Confederate uniform, and attracted great attention by the beauty and novelty of the costume, and was in fact the lion of the evening.

MALAKOFF.

AMERICAN TOPICS.

THE CASE OF THE RAPPAHANNOCK.

A NOTE FROM THE UNITED STATES CONSUL AT LONDON.

From the Liverpool Globe, Feb. 8.

We observe a letter in the columns of a morning contemporary, the *Daily News*, signed by the United States Consul in London, in which we find the following somewhat mysterious statement:

"There is as yet an unwritten history of this case to appear. When a suitable occasion shall call it forth, and the truth is suffered to see the light, it will be shown that if there was any tampering with witnesses, or if there were any [illegible] astray by any means whatever, no 'Federal agent,' or American citizen, or the prosecutors for the Crown, had the slightest participation in it. I think I may safely say that the solicitors for the Crown had in their hands the means of showing that some real agents had done work of a far darker shade than anything attributed to the imaginary 'Federal agents.'"

There is, and can be, no motive whatever on the part of the Crown, or its legal functionaries, to screen from condign exposure any "real agents," who may have been concerned in this or in any other such "dark" affair. As the surmise had naturally arisen that the "coaxing" of witnesses, which it appeared in evidence had been carried on by some party or other, must have been carried on by the party chiefly interested in securing their testimony, it certainly seems in the first instance incumbent on that party to contribute whatever is in its power to clear up the case. "Infamy must attach somewhere," (to borrow a phrase once applied in a notorious case of public malversation,) and the Government and public in this country can have no other wish than that on the present occasion infamy should attach to the right men in the right place.

FRANCE AND MEXICO.

THE ALLEGED CESSION OF MEXICAN TERRITORY TO FRANCE.

A Paris correspondent of the *Nord* writes as follows upon the alleged cession of Mexican territory to France:

In the first place the French Government has not the slightest thought of any territorial annexation in Mexico whatever; at the most, with a view to the relief of the Mexican finances, it merely thinks of substituting for the annuities that Mexico pays us for the expenses of the war the usufruct of a certain number of auriferous and argentiferous deposits which France would undertake to work and render productive, either directly or by a financial society. This is a question under consideration which is not independent of future contingencies, and which is connected with the mission of an engineer of mines, M. Laur, who had previously been charged with the duty of studying the auriferous deposits of California. His report was published last year in the *Moniteur*. As most of the mines which might become the subject of a convention of this kind between the two Governments are situated in Lower California and Sonora, people, owing to their imperfect information, have concluded that there was a plan of territorial cession.

The correspondent of the *Nord* then gives an explanation of the appointment of Dr. Gwin as Governor of the three provinces of Sonora, Lower California and Chihuahua. He says that that gentleman played a prominent part in the colonization of California, and that he has been selected by the Emperor Maximilian in the hope that he may be as successful in the analogous part he will be called upon to fill in the three Mexican provinces above-named. Emigrants from Europe are to be invited to the provinces under his jurisdiction, they are to be provided with land on easy terms, and to be naturalized almost at once as in America. In connection with this project there is a great emigration scheme, which is said to be supported by the French Government, and by means of which it is hoped that from five to six thousand Europeans will arrive every month in the provinces governed by Dr. Gwin. The *Nord*, in calling attention to this correspondence, says it places complete confidence in the information furnished by the writer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OUR MONITORS.

From the British Army and Navy Gazette.

That portion of Rear-Admiral Porter's report in which he refers to the conduct of the monitors is interesting, if not very valuable. The praise which he bestows upon the *Monadnock* must be taken *quantum valeat*. The *Achilles* is the most efficient iron ship we have now afloat, still she is comparatively weakly armed. Her broadside of ten 100-pounders would, however, be unequal to the fire which could be poured in from the *Monadnock's* cupolas, containing only four guns. We are not yet, fortunately, at war with America, and we trust the day may be far distant when we may be called on to draw the sword against her; but it behooves us to ponder upon the lessons now being taught us, and so to act that, should a quarrel be forced upon us, we may be able to maintain unsullied the trust which has descended to us. The armament of the *Achilles* is totally inadequate to her pretensions as a first-class man-of-war, and until means are devised by which she is made to carry, in addition to the guns at present on board, three 300 pounders on each side, we shall in no wise be confident that the boast of Admiral Porter would prove to be so empty as we might wish it to be. The praises lavished by the Federal commander on the two different classes of vessels with which he made his successful attack were impartial, as, notwithstanding all that he said was done or might be done by his favorite monitor, he finished by giving the preference on the whole to the broadside ship, the new *Ironsides*, built on the angular system. We have not yet made a trial of this plan, but we have reason to know that the constructive department at Whitehall have not as yet ignored its importance.

GEN. M'CLELLAN.

From the British Army and Navy Gazette, Feb. 11.

Gen. McClellan has, we believe, left London for Paris, and those officers who were desirous of showing any attention to him in their power, as a mark of their appreciation of his courtesy whilst they were visiting the camps under his command, have had no opportunity of doing so. The General is now nearly ten years older, and many years wiser, than when he wrote his remarks on our army in the Crimea; and as he has come over to study the progress of arms and military matters in Europe, as well as for the private reasons of which we regret to hear. He will do well, perhaps, to look a little closely into the system under which a larger army than that of any power in the world, except perhaps Russia, is administered and ruled by the Crown. He will find a good deal to astonish him when he has mastered the details of the elaborate machinery of Horse Guards, War Office, and India Office, and studied the functions of the Sovereign, of the Parliament, and of the Commander-in-Chief, and of the Secretary of War, and the Secretary for India, in relation to the soldier and to his service. Whether he will admire it all is more than we can predict. When the youthful Captain of engineers was criticising our performances against Russian earthworks, how little he dreamed that he would be in less than a decade at the head of a larger army than France or England, or Russia had in the field in that peninsula, and that he would be treated by the exaggerated enthusiasm and hope of the hour as the "Young Napoleon," who was to crush to the earth the tremendous revolt against the American Union of so many sovereign States of America! As little did he dream that, as Todleben could have imagined the fame he would achieve in the city of the Chersonese when first he walked through its streets without any consideration, or authority, or reputation. If the American would ask the Russian what he thinks of our army and military resources, he will perhaps find that they are not so undeserving of attention as he thought in 1856, and appears to think in 1865.

THE BLOCKADE AND THE SOUTH.

From the London Times, (City Article.)

The New-York advices indicate that the Federal Government are about to make efforts to increase the stringency of the blockade of the Southern ports. Owing to the recent success at Wilmington about seventy blockading vessels will be released from that station, and these will be distributed at other points, especially Galveston, Mobile and Charleston. It is said that probably three-fourths of the foreign goods and munitions that have reached the South during the past six months came in through Wilmington; but although this statement may be correct, it is believed that in the West the Confederate armies have derived abundant supplies from Federal traders, who find the operation enormously profitable, and who contrive through the best channels to obtain facilities for it. It is, therefore, possible that instead of the South being crippled for want of materials of war, the main result of foreign blockade-runners being more effectually shut out will be that the traffic and its gains will henceforth pass more largely into Federal hands.

THE FEDERALS BUYING AN IRON-CLAD.

The *Index* says: "We are credibly informed that secret negotiations are now progressing between the Government of the United States and that of Denmark for the acquisition by the former of the large Clyde-built iron-clad, of the *Warrior* model, which, it will be remembered, was at one time supposed to be designed for the Confederates, and under the threat of proceedings by the Crown, sold by her owners to Denmark, then a belligerent. The vessel now lies at Copenhagen, and, if we are well informed as there is no reason to doubt, about the negociations there pending in regard to her, the practical result of English neutrality will be to transfer this formidable engine of maratime warfare into the hands of the North, probably to match herself before long against her model, the *Warrior*."

NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES.

The NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price Five Cents.

In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number full details of all military movements in the different departments, from the pens of our special correspondents. Also, all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news. European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the Weekly Times has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agriculture and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "Weekly Record," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

The WEEKLY TIMES will be sent to subscribers in any part of the country on the following terms: One copy one year, $2; three copies one year, $5. Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the Weekly and Semi-Weekly, at Club rates. Payments invariably in advance.

Important to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately, depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States.

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Sudden Changes of Weather are productive of Throat Diseases, Coughs, Colds, &c. There is no more effectual relief in these diseases to be found, than in the timely use of BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. They possess real merit.

"The Best Physicians are Dr. Diet, Dr. Quiet, and Dr. Merryman," says an old apothegm. But neither simple food, nor repose, nor mirth will cure debility and physical prostration. Vigor must replace weakness before either diet, quiet, or amusement can be of any real service. First revitalize and strengthen the system with the most genial and harmless of all stimulants and alteratives, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and then there will be no difficulty in keeping it in perfect order.

Gentlemen will find Burnett's Oriental Tooth Wash an effectual detergent after smoking.

D. Barnum's Self-Sewer or Self-Guide AND SELF-BASTER, for all sewing-machines, at Barnum's Museum, or at the inventor's office, No. 508 Broadway, New-York; $1 50 with directions; sent by mail; weight half an ounce. Agents canvassing with other things can make from $5 to $15 per day.

Deafness, Impaired Sight,

NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
affections of the
THROAT, LUNGS AND ASTHMA
cured by
DR. VON EISENBERG,
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Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
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A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
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ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
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The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.—A certain cure for coughs, cold, influenza, hoarseness, difficult breathing, and all affections of the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, leading to consumption. The Honey of Horehound soothes all irritation. The Tar of Balm of Gilead penetrates, cleanses and heals all parts of the throat and lungs. There is nothing like it. *Fifty cents per bottle.* For sale by all druggists. CHARLES DOWNER, General Agent, No. 44 Cedar-st., New-York.

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All Ladies should use Sterling's Ambrosia for the Hair.—It cleanses, beautifies, preserves and renders the hair soft and glossy.

MARRIED.

Penfield—Farrington.—At St. Andrew's Church, Harlem, on Wednesday, Feb. 22, by Rev. Wm. G. Farrington, of Christ's Church, Hackensack, N. J., Mr. Henry L. Penfield, of East Saginaw, Mich., and Louisa A., eldest daughter of John G. Farrington, Esq., of the former place.

DIED.

Abrams.—On Wednesday morning, Feb. 22, John P. Abrams, aged 35 years, 9 months and 25 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his father, Isaac Abrams, No. 32 Goerck-st., at 2 P. M. on Friday, the 24th inst., without further invitation.

Boyd.—On Wednesday, Feb. 22, at No. 60 East 35th-st., this city, Jane, daughter of John, Jr., and N. W. Boyd, in the 5th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th-st., near 5th-av., on Saturday next, the 25th inst., at noon.

Chambers.—On Wednesday, Feb. 22, at the residence of his son-in-law, Dr. E. Hall, No. 336 4th-av., Robert Chambers, aged 77 years.

The remains will be removed to Trenton, N. J., to be interred in the family vault, and funeral services held at the residence of his son, Abner R. Chambers, Greenwood-av. and Chambers-st., on Monday, the 27th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M. Friends and relatives are invited, without further notice.

☞ Philadelphia papers please copy

Cooney.—On Tuesday, Feb. 21, Catherine A., wife of Capt. John M. Cooney, aged 29 years.

The friends of the family, and those of her brothers, William A. and Charles E. Henney, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from St. Francis Xavier's Church, West 16th-st., on Friday morning, the 24th inst., at 10½ o'clock, where a solemn Requiem Mass will be offered up for the repose of her soul.

Cooke.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Feb. 22, Harriet S., eldest child of Wm. and Frances Cooke, aged 7 years and 8 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from Quincy-st., near Nostrand-av., on Friday, at 2 P. M.

Devore.—On Wednesday, Feb. 15, at Louisville, Ky., a victim of the barbarity of guerrillas in Georgia, Bessie J., wife of S. H. Devore, of Tenn., and daughter of Rev. R. G. Dickson.

Funeral services from the Church of the Redemption, East 14th-st., at 2 o'clock to-day.

Dod.—On Wednesday, Feb. 22, Lewis S. Dod, in the 58th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 300 Stanton-st.

Gilbert.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 21, Lizzie Anderson, youngest daughter of Joseph G. and Ruth Gilbert, aged 4 years and 3 months.

Funeral services will be held at the residence of her parents, No. 412 Dean-st., near Pearsall, this day, (Thursday,) the 23d inst., at 3 P. M. The remains will be removed to Greenwood on the following day.

Gale.—On Tuesday, Feb. 21, Margaret Lillian Gale, daughter of Wm., Jr., and Lizzie N. Gale, aged 4 years and 2 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 56 East 37th-st., on Friday afternoon, the 24th inst., at 4 o'clock, without further invitation.

Glenn.—The funeral service of the late James B. Glenn, son of Esther A. and the late Robert Glenn, will take place at St. Mark's Church, [illegible] Friday, Feb. 24, at 4 o'clock P. M. Friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend; also the members of Company B, 22d Regt. N. Y. S. M.

Hand.—At Milburn, N. J., on Tuesday, Feb. 21, Jane M., wife of Isaac M. Hand, in the 74th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, on Thursday, the 23d inst., at 1 P. M. Trains via Morris and Essex Railroad leave foot of Barclay-st. at 11:30 A. M.

Jones.—On Wednesday morning, Feb. 22, Henry J. Jones, aged 54 years.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited, without further invitation, to attend his funeral, from his late residence, at Wooderry, L. I., on Friday, the 24th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

Lane.—On Monday, Feb. 13, at Greenwich, Conn., Ephraim Lane, aged 73 years and 5 months.

Mora.—On Tuesday, Feb. 21, of water on the brain, Antonio Southgate, infant son of Antonio L. and Fannie J. Mora, aged 7 months and 8 days.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, on Thursday, the 23d inst., at 10 A. M., at the residence of his parents, No. 131 East 52d-st., between Lexington and 4th avs.

Peters.—On Wednesday, Feb. 22, Hubert, infant son of Rev. Thomas M. and Alice C. Peters.

Funeral service in St. Michael's Church, corner of Broadway and 99th-st., on Friday, the 24th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

Ryerson.—At Flatlands Neck, of scarlet fever, on Tuesday, Feb. 21, John W. Ryerson, aged 8 years, 8 months and 18 days.

The relatives and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, this day, (Thursday,) Feb. 23, at 2 o'clock.

Sauer.—On Wednesday, Feb. 22, of scarlet fever, Louis Joseph, infant son of Philipp Emil and Leontine Sauer.

Wilmore.—At Little Falls, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 22, Sarah Frances, youngest child of James and Martha Wilmore, aged 4 years and 2 months.

Funeral will take place on Friday, at 2 o'clock, from No. 133 Monroe-st. Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Williams.—On Saturday, Feb. 18, Morris Williams, aged 36 years.

His friends, and those of his family, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Welsh Presbyterian Church, 13th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., on Friday, Feb. 24, at 1 P. M.

OFFICIAL.

Department of State,
Washington, Feb. 20, 1865.

Information has been received at this department from Mr. George F. Seward, the Consul-General of the United States at Shanghai, China, of the death, on the 18th day of November last, at that place, of Mr. William Saultern, a seaman on board the ship *Nabob*, a citizen of the United States, and former resident of New-York City.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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LORD OAKBURN'S DAUGHTERS.
BY MRS. HENRY WOOD.
Price, $1 50 in paper, or $2 in cloth.

Mrs. Wood, in "Lord Oakburn's Daughters," has taken part of the plot and some of the characters from the first story ever written by her, years since, entitled the "Earl's Heirs," but in doing so, has also introduced new characters, and rearranged the whole plot of the story, and has also rewritten and enlarged the entire work, from beginning to end, making it near three times the size of the "Earl's Heirs," as originally published, of which it may be called a sequel or continuation, and it will, no doubt, prove to be in America, as it is in Europe, the most popular work ever written by Mrs. Wood.
It is published and for sale at
T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
No. 306 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
For sale by all Booksellers.

WHAT ENGLISH CRITICS SAY OF JOHN GODFREY'S FORTUNES,
(Bayard Taylor's last Novel.)

The London *Morning Post* says: "It is a refreshing experience to read such a *thoroughly satisfactory* novel as this; a book over which one can *pause* and *think* and *turn back*; a book which offers pictures of distant lives and far different social systems, and which yet is full of those broad and kindly human sympathies which are of all climes and ranks. It is a *highly artistic production*, * * * pervaded by an air of perfect naturalness, and deriving all its interest and attraction from true, healthy and legitimate sources."

The London *Daily News* says: "There is a knowledge of life in this novel, a keenness of observation and a mastery of expression, which will give pleasure to all readers."

Similar language is also used by the
Spectator. Nonconformist.
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ELEVENTH THOUSAND NOW READY.
Also, the
FIFTEENTH THOUSAND OF
HANNAH THURSTON,
A STORY OF AMERICAN LIFE,
by the same author.
Bayard Taylor's works, 11 vols., $22.
Bayard Taylor's works, Caxton edition, $27 50.
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THE "TIMES" REVIEW OF McCLELLAN
BY WILLIAM SWINTON.
PRICE 15 CENTS.

A few copies of this valuable document, which has attracted so much attention, are for sale at the Times Office. Sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of 15 cents.

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Spring is the time to use DR. LEATHE'S
YELLOW DOCK SYRUP,
Which purifies the blood, invigorates the body, gives tone to the nerves, strength to the muscles, and health to every channel, joint and limb.
$1 50 per bottle, [which often cures.]
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Ask for LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP. Take no other. Established 1848. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

IN PROOF THAT "EPILEPTIC FITS" can be cured, read the article in THIS DAY'S issue (Thursday, Feb. 23,) of HENRY WARD BEECHER'S paper, the INDEPENDENT, and be convinced.

LADIES' BREASTPINS,
NEW STYLES—TWO, THREE, FIVE, EIGHT, TEN, to THIRTY-FIVE DOLLARS EACH. For sale by G. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

THE GREAT GERMAN
HEILMITTEL
WILL CURE
COUGHS AND COLDS.
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WILL CURE
CONSUMPTION IN ITS FIRST STAGES,
And is the best remedy for
DIPHTHERIA.
For sale by all Druggists. Price per Bottle, $2.
WEEKS & POTTER,
Druggists, No. 170 Washington-st., Boston, Wholesale Agents.

LOMBARD PINS,
For ladies' hair. New styles, just received from Paris. Two, three, five, eight, ten, twelve, fifteen, twenty to forty dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

New-York, Feb. 23, 1865.

NOTICE.—THE MESSRS. EDGE DESIRE TO INFORM the public that they did not furnish the displays of fireworks for the city exhibitions last evening.

CRANDALL SPRINGHORSE CARRIAGES, Gigs, Propellers, &c., neatly repaired; also gigs altered to perambulators at the manufactory, No. 130 East 6th-st.

AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION IN DENTISTRY.

The Public and Profession are invited to examine Dr. LEVETT'S "PATENT" in COMBINATION with a gold web and rubber base for artificial teeth. It forms the LIGHTEST, most DURABLE and ELASTIC Denture yet produced, occupying but half the space in the mouth heretofore deemed indispensable, while its adhesion is perfect. No. 832 Broadway. Hours 9 till 5.

Can refer to patients of the highest respectability.

THE PICTORIAL PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for January has 32 quarto pages and a beautiful illustrated cover. It contains portraits of Tennyson, Silliman, Sheridan, Cobb, Phillips, Susanna Wesley, mother of John; an Indian Chief, Franz Muller, Miss Muggins, Miss Fury, the Princess of Wales, Florence Nightingale, a group of warriors, Hannibal, Julius Cæsar, Pizarro, Cromwell, Charles XII., Frederick the Great, Scott, Wellington and Napoleon.

The February Number contains the great surgeons of the world—Harvey, Abernethy, Jenner, Hunter, Cooper, Mott and Carnochan. Also, W. S. Landor, Mrs. Farnham, Mr. Clark, Mr. Kilbourn, Mr. Morrill, &c. Prof. Owen on the Brain; the Human Face; Pre existence; with Ethnology, Phrenology, Physiology, Physiognomy and Psychology.

The March Number has Gov. Fenton, of New-York; Edward Everett, the Orator; Aristotle, the Philosopher; Major Davidson, the Patriot; Charles Fourier, W. H. Fry; The Races of Men—Caucasians, Mongolians, Ethiopians, American Indians, Malays, with grouped portraits of each, and a map showing the geographical distribution of the races; How the Brain Changes the Cranium; The Inscrutable; Foreseeing and Seeing at Sea, &c. All double numbers, with numerous illustrations, sent by first post, for 20 cents each, or $2 per year. For sale by all newsmen. Address Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

CHRONIC CATARRH:

ITS

SYMPTOMS, CAUSES AND EFFECTS.

A FEW PRACTICAL REMARKS BY

DR. LIGHTHILL,

Author of "A Popular Treatise on Deafness," "Letters on Catarrh."

NO ARK'S-PLACE, NEW-YORK.

Catarrh is a disease of the mucous membrane of the nasal passages and those cavities of the head communicating with them. Insignificant as it appears in its first stages, it is apt in its progress to become instrumental in causing the loss or impairment of smell, taste, hearing and sight, and of creating serious constitutional derangements, not unfrequently terminating in consumption.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.

A feeling of irritation, sensitiveness, heat or pain is experienced in the nose, the edges of which are red and swollen, and which is stopped up sometimes on one side, sometimes on the other, and occasionally on both, rendering respiration through it either difficult or impossible. The irritation in the nose produces a frequent desire to sneeze, and is accompanied with a discharge of either clear acrid water, or what is far oftener the case, a profuse, thick, yellowish and extremely offensive matter, which forms one of the most characteristic features of the disease, and is a source of the greatest annoyance and danger. As the disease progresses, the discharge becomes prurulent, increases in quantity, and assumes an exceedingly fetid odor. It escapes not only by the nose, but passes into the throat, producing irritation there, and requiring frequent expectoration, hawking or scraping for its removal, as its passage into the throat is very much facilitated by a horizontal position of the body; sleep is frequently disturbed by a sensation of choking in consequence, and many are obliged to lie in a semi-recumbent position to obtain the necessary sleep.

Owing to the heat in the head the watery portion of the secretion often evaporates, and assuming a condition of solidity, is deposited upon the membrane of the nose and upper part of the throat, in the shape of crusts or hardened lumps. The accumulation of these incrustations produces a feeling of discomfort, and narrows the nasal passages so as to embarrass respiration. Therefore, frequent efforts have to be made to remove them, either by forcibly blowing the nose, or by persistent hawking—a practice as disagreeable to the one affected as it is to those around him. After the removal, that side of the incrustation which adhered to the mucous membrane will sometimes be found bloody, a fact which explains the force required for its dislodgment. During sleep these incrustations accumulate more rapidly, and the feeling is therefore most uncomfortable in the morning. Sometimes all efforts to clear the throat are futile until after breakfast, or after some stimulant had been swallowed. Ulceration of the mucous membrane of the nose takes place frequently, sometimes attacking the bones, when small particles of that substance will occasionally be found mixed with the discharge.

The breath assumes an excessively fetid and sickening odor, and becomes occasionally so offensive as to render the patient an object of disgust to himself as well as to others.

The accumulation of the discharge, together with the thickened condition of the mucous membrane, renders respiration through the nasal passages very difficult, and oftentimes impossible, necessitating respiration principally through the mouth—a method very deleterious to the general health, but more particularly so to the lungs, which become weak and irritable. The voice loses its musical quality, and assumes a discordant, harsh and nasal character; the sense of smell becomes much impaired or entirely lost, and the same effect, though less frequent, is produced on taste. Occasionally, while blowing the nose, a crackling or bubbling sound is heard in the ears, and hearing becomes quite thick or stopped up, but returns suddenly with something like a snapping sound. This phenomena may be repeated several times, until hearing does not return, but remains permanently injured. In other cases hearing is lost so gradually that a considerable degree of deafness may exist before the person is really aware of the fact. Either condition is often accompanied with noises in the head of every conceivable description, materially increasing the distress of the sufferer.

The eyes are apt to become weak, irritable and disposed to water on exposure to cold and wind, or after the slightest exertion. A pain, more or less acute, or a distressing feeling of pressure, is experienced over the eyes, and sometimes on the top or back of the head, and also pain in the face, closely resembling neuralgia, for which it is very often mistaken. The distress in the head weakens the memory, and produces irritability and moroseness of disposition. The stomach generally suffers more or less, is weak and irritable; the appetite is capricious, and is nearly always bad in the morning. In severe cases the system becomes feeble and prostrated.

This is manifested by a disposition to drowsiness and sleep, an aversion to either physical or mental exertion, and a feeling of fatigue and weakness.

Not unfrequently catarrh proves fatal, either by debilitating the system and wearing out the patient, or by traveling downward, and producing throat affections, bronchitis, and finally consumption. It may be safely asserted that, after hereditary predisposition, catarrh is the most frequent and important cause of this fatal complaint.

The symptoms of catarrh vary considerable in different individuals, and the degree of their severity depends upon constitutional idiosyncrasies and various external influences. With some the complaint continues for a number of years in a mild form, and without causing any of the injurious results above described, while with others all the worst effects are produced in a short space of time, and cases, apparently most harmless, may, through imprudent exposure, additional cold, or unfavorable changes of the weather, suddenly exhibit all the violence and malignity which characterizes the severest ones.

TREATMENT OF CATARRH.

Catarrh has been considered an incurable disease, and on the strength of that supposition, has been neglected by both the profession and the public.

The author has for years past made this complaint his special study; was the first to publish a minute description of its nature, symptoms and effects, and has, by doing so, directed the attention of both the profession and the public to the vast importance of the subject.

By the established success of the treatment as instituted and perfected by him, he has proved beyond dispute the curability of catarrh, if properly treated. All doubts of the corrected of this statement will be dispelled by the perusal of the annexed testimonials from parties occupying well-known positions in society.

Clarendon Hotel, New-York.

I take pleasure in recommending Dr. Lighthill to those affected with catarrh or diseases of the throat, as I have myself suffered for some years past from those difficulties, and been relieved by the Doctor's efficient and skillful treatment.

J. S. BEECHER,
Firm of Ives, Beecher & Co., No. 98 Front-st.

FROM MAJ. ALVIN WALKER, PAYMASTER, U. S. A.

No. 63 Bleecker-st., New-York.

I have been suffering from catarrh in a severe and complicated form for many years, which was very much aggravated by exposure in the field, and threatened the most serious consequences.

I placed myself under the medical care of Dr. Lighthill, who was highly recommended to me, and to whom I am indebted for a radical cure.

I cannot but speak in terms of the highest praise of Dr. Lighthill's skill and method of treating catarrh.

ALVIN WALKER.

No. 107 Lexington-av., New-York.

I cheerfully add my testimony in regard to Dr. Lighthill's treatment of catarrh, as I have experienced the greatest benefit from his treatment, after some of our most celebrated physicians failed to relieve me.

B. R. BIXBY, Office No. 56 Greenwich-st.

Dr. Lighthill has been very successful in treating my case of catarrh, entirely removing the trouble incident to this disorder, to which I have been subject for some years. H. A. DOWS, No. 14 Harrison-st., Brooklyn.

No. 312 Broadway, New-York.

I have been for a long time affected with chronic catarrh, and an affection of the throat, which last Spring became so bad that I could not sleep from incessant coughing, continued dull pain in my head, &c., &c.

I applied to several physicians, but without any relief; my friends all thought I was affected with that sure and fatal disease, consumption. I at last applied to Dr. Lighthill, and am happy to state that under his treatment I have greatly improved, my cough has left me, and my nostrils are free from inflammation, and my general health is so much better that I look for its permanent restoration as a fixed fact. I cheerfully recommend all persons suffering from catarrh or throat affections to apply to Dr. Lighthill, feeling assured they will derive great benefit from so doing.

A. J. CUNNINGHAM, with
NORTHRUP & TAYLOR, No. 312 Broadway

No. 3 Wall-st., New-York.

Having been a sufferer from catarrh, I am enabled, from personal experience, to indorse Dr. Lighthill's mode of treatment, and can heartily recommend it to those affected with that disease.

H. N. SMITH, firm of
SMITH, MARTIN & CO., Bankers.

CATARRH OF TWENTY YEARS' STANDING CURED.

FROM W. D. ALLEN, ESQ., CASHIER OF THE EXCHANGE BANK, GREENCASTLE, IND.

I have been a sufferer from catarrh for more than twenty years; have been treated by a number of physicians, without receiving any benefit, and used a great many so-called remedies, with no beneficial result.

I was recommended to Dr. Lighthill, and placed myself under his treatment. In a few months my catarrh entirely disappeared, my throat became perfectly well, and my general health is now better than it has been for years. *I consider myself entirely cured.* Not being a resident of this city, I refer to the following gentlemen for any substantiation of these facts:

P. M. Bryson, Esq., Pres. Phenix Bank, No. 45 Wall-st.
W. H. Larrabee, Esq., Editorial Department, Brooklyn *Union*.
Messrs. McIlvaine & Bros., No. 48 Broad st.

W. D. ALLEN,
Cashier Exchange Bank,
Greencastle, Ind.

FROM W. LARRABEE, ESQ.

Office of the Brooklyn Daily Union,
Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 15, 1865.

I have been personally acquainted with W. D. Allen, Esq., for twenty years. I know him to be a man of high social position, unimpeachable character, and of strong common sense. He is not likely to be mistaken or deceived, and I rely, without question, on any statement he makes.

W. H. LARRABEE.

This is to certify that I have been affected with catarrh for some years, which produced partial deafness. I consulted Dr. Lighthill, and at once placed myself under his care. I am now *entirely free from catarrh*. My throat is perfectly healthy and my hearing is greatly improved.

P. E. NOLAN,
Office Erie Railroad, foot of Duane-st., New-York.

FROM REV. FRED. S. JEWEL, PROFESSOR OF STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, ALBANY, N. Y.

Dr. Lighthill—*Dear Sir*: Under date of March 18, I sent you a careful statement of my case, my former treatment, my failure to obtain relief in that direction, my resort to your treatment and its beneficial result.

I have been, since the Winter of 1841, subject to violent periodical attacks of catarrh, marked by febrile symptoms, violent inflammation of the lining membranes of the cavities of the head, accompanied in the first stages by a watery discharge from the nose, subsequently becoming acrid and yellow, and toward the close of the attack prurient and bloody, as these attacks produced a most distressing species of headache, occurring periodically each day for a period varying from one to three weeks, sometimes so violent as to wholly incapacitate me for business and confine me to the bed. At times the attendant inflammation would extend to the teeth, occasioning toothache, or to the throat, producing hoarseness and partial loss of voice; and twice within the last few years it has so affected the left eye as to confine me for weeks to a darkened room.

I have tried medicines and applications of various kinds; snuffs and other catarrhal preparations of some half a dozen kinds; applications to the head of camphor, ginger, and hot fomentations of different kinds; and in connection with these, the emetics or cathartics employed to induce counter action. But none of these had produced any permanent improvements, and in the few instances in which temporary relief was afforded, it was at the expense of so much strength as to leave me greatly exhausted. Under these circumstances I was led, though with reluctance, from the supposed incurability of the disease, to make a trial of your treatment. I found it soon, even beyond my hopes, reaching the disease as it has never been reached before, and alleviating its symptoms to an extent which I had supposed impossible. At the time I gave you my former certificate, while I did not feel assured of a complete cure, I had obtained a material relief, which amply repaid me for a trial of your treatment, and which satisfied me that that treatment was as effective as it was simple and philosophical. A substantial escape from my old attacks of catarrh, for the unprecedented period of nearly half a year, and that in spite of severe occurrences of illness, which would have formerly rendered such an attack inevitable, was to me proof of an important success. It is now six months since I sent you that statement, and while it is unpleasant to me to appear thus constantly and in this guise before the public, it seems to me a matter of simple justice to yourself and to those who may be suffering as I was, to add that I am not only as fully satisfied as to the utility and efficacy of your method of treating catarrh as I was six months ago, but I am now of the belief that if there is such a thing as a cure for chronic catarrh, in my case a substantial cure has been effected.

Yours, respectfully,
FREDERICK S. JEWEL.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 1, 1864.

PETROLEUM.

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE UNITED REPUBLIC PETROLEUM COMPANY,
OF THE
CITY OF NEW-YORK.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC PETROLEUM COMPANY is a corporation, organized under the laws of the State of New-York, with a capital of $2,500,000, divided into 250,000 shares, of the par value of $10 each, the shareholders of which are exempt from all personal liability.

FIVE HUNDRED THOUSNND DOLLARS WORKING CAPITAL.

The books are now opened for a limited number of subscriptions, at the following offices:

Messrs. Lowber, Ostrom & Co., No. 105 Front-st.; Messrs. Fancher & McChesney, corner Moore and Water-st.; Wm. M. Parks, No. 19 Broad-st.; Messrs. Wellington & Cox, No. 74 Broad-st.; Wm. A. Fowler, No. 74 Broadway, N. Y.; D. K. Ducker, No. 38 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; George J. Hardy, No. 13 Court-st., Brooklyn, and at the office of the company, No. 74 Broadway, N. Y.

TRUSTEES:

E. J. LOWBER, firm Lowber, Ostrom & Co, No. 105 Front-st.

J. C. DAYTON, firm J. C. Dayton & Co., No. 107 Front-st.

WM. A. FOWLER, No. 74 Broadway.

I. B. WELLINGTON, firm Wellington & Cox, No. 74 Broad-st.

SMITH FANCHER, firm Fancher & McChesney, No. 5 Water-st.

JOHN CHADWICK, No. 181 Pearl-st.

FREDERICK LACEY, firm Mead, Lacey & Co., No. 47 Water-st.

W. M. PARKS, No. 19 Broad-st.

EDWARD DODGE, No. 51 Wall-st.

OFFICERS:

President—E. J. LOWBER.
Vice-President—J. C. DAYTON.
Treasurer—WM. A. FOWLER.
Secretary—JAMES H. KIDDER.

The property of this company has been selected by practical judges of oil interests, and includes territory which is considered the very best in the whole oil region, embracing selections on Cherry Run, Pit-hole and Oil Creeks, and Alleghany River.

The producing interests are now yielding over one hundred and eighty barrels per day, principally from new wells, and this alone is sufficient to pay two per cent. per month on the entire capital, and with the developments to be made with the unusually large working capital, promises increased dividends at an early day.

FEE SIMPLE INTERESTS.

1.
159 acres D. Gaines Farm, on Horse Creek, laying nearly a mile on either side of the creek—an excellent piece of oil territory.

2.
20 acres Stuart's Run, all boring land on each side of the run, within a mile of the great U. S. Well, on Pithole Creek, McKinley Farm.

3.
85 acres Graham Farm, on Pit-hole Creek, one mile from the U. S. Co's well—over 50 acres fine boring land, one of the finest farms on the Creek, and not to be excelled for oil purposes.

4.
110 acres Shirk Farm, on Sugar Creek, two miles above Cooperstown, where heavy oil is found—a fine location, and a very long distance on the Creek.

5.
38 acres Fry farm, on Cherry Tree Run—all boring land, and full of streams—a splendid piece of oil territory, one mile from Cherry Tree.

6.
5 acres McClure Farm, on Cherry Run, lying one half mile above Plumer, which is very promising for oil purposes.

7.
250 acres Tidioute Creek, running one mile on the creek—100 acres fine boring land.

8.
30 acres Haworth Farm, on Pit-hole Creek—a beautiful site, all boring land, two miles above the great Well, and the property is believed to be fully as valuable as the Smith Farm on Cherry Run.

LEASEHOLD INTERESTS.

9.
¾ working interest in Lease No. 18, McClamont Farm, Cherry Run, on which there is a well now going down.

10.
¾ working interest in Lease No. 4, Lamb Farm, Cherry Run—a well now drilling, night and day—A fine location, just above the Humboldt Works.

11.
¾ working interest in lease No. 10, Lamb Farm, Cherry Run—a well going down, and a good situation, below the Humboldt Works.

12.
¾ working interest in Lease No. 8, Lamb Farm—an excellent lease, with a well now being put down.

13.
Lease No. 6, Henry Farm, at Henry's Bend, Alleghany River, for one half the oil, for fourteen (14) years—adjoining the great Heydrick Well, which has turned out over 51,000 bbls. of oil, and is still pumping over 60 bbls. per day. Well to be put down and completed at once on this lease.

14.
Lease No. 8, Henry Farm, at Henry's Bend, Alleghany River, for one half the oil, for fourteen years.

15.
Lease No. 9, Henry Farm, at Henry's Bend, Alleghany River, for one half the oil, for fourteen years.

16.
Lease of 15 acres Haworth Farm for twenty-five (25) years, for one half the oil, on Pit-hole Creek, lying on both sides of the Creek, and a selection of his Farm of over (400) acres. Seven (7) wells to be put down on this property at once, free of all expense to this Company.

17.
Lease of 10 acres, being a selection from 76 acres of the Heydrick Farm, on Muskrat Run, near Pit-hole, for one-half the oil. This is a valuable piece of oil territory.

18.
Lease No. 2, Heydrick Farm, Pit-hole Run, for one-half the oil, only a few rods from the great United States Well. Well to be put down free of expense.

19.
Lease No. 4, Heydrick Farm, Pit-hole Run, for one-half the oil, same as above. Well to be put down by the company.

20.
Lease No. 5, Heydrick Farm, Pit-hole Run, for one-half the oil. Well to be put down by the company.

21.
Lease No 1, Prather Farm, ⅝ working interest, on which there is a well going down.

PRODUCING INTERESTS.

22 ¾ working interest Grocery well and lease, Smith Farm Cherry Run. This is a flowing well and now producing 200 barrels per day. Our interest in this well is	90 bbls.
23 ⅛ working interest Coquette Well, Egbert Farm, Oil Creek, now flowing 650 barrels per day. Our interest in this well over	80 bbls.
24 ⅛ free interest, Lady Washington Well, and lease, Blood Farm, Oil Creek, now pumping 80 barrels per day. Our interest in this well	10 bbls.
Total producing interest per day	180 bbls.

IMPORTANT TO SUBSCRIBERS
TO THE
COTTER FARM OIL COMPANY

Notice is given that the BOOKS OF THE COMPANY will positively be closed March 5, 1865. No stock will be sold at subscription price after that date. All subscriptions not paid by that time will be canceled. The company have on their property one of "Bolles' Patent Rock-drilling Machines," and expect by the aid of this machine to have at least TWO WELLS in successful operation within six weeks. Persons wishing the stock of the company AT SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, must make immediate application, as there are but ten thousand shares to be sold at subscription price ($2 50 per share.) Maps, prospectuses and all information can be obtained at the offices of the company, No. 42 Pine-st., New-York, and Nos. 23 and 24 Washington Buildings, No. 274 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.

ISAIAH LUKENS, President,
WM. M. STEWART, Vice-President,
WM. E. SMITH, Treasurer,
E. J. HARRISON, Secretary.

PETROLEUM LANDS FOR SALE.—117 acres superior Oil Lands, on Pithole Creek, near the celebrated United States well. Inquire at the office of EDWARD GILBERT, No. 25 Chambers-st.

OFFICE OF THE PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 18 BROAD-STREET,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1865.

THE STOCK OF THE PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY will be issued on SATURDAY, 25th inst., at their office, on and after which date subscribers may call and receive their certificates.

A dividend will be declared about the middle of March, and either monthly or quarterly dividends regularly thereafter.

THOS. W. PHILLIPS,
President.

GREAT NORTHERN OIL CO.
OFFICE, NO. 67 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEAR BROADWAY.

Capital........$2,000,000

Manufacturers and Sole Proprietors of the
HENDRICK LUBRICATOR.

Also dealers in SPERM, LARD, WHALE and other OILS.

OFFICERS.
JOHN BRYAN, President, New-York.
JACOB S. ATWOOD, Vice-President.
J. A. WISNER, Secretary and Treasurer.
E. E. HENDRICK, Superintendent.
WM. N. MARCUS, General Agent.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COMPANY,
PRESIDENT, VENANGO COUNTY, PENN.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 21, 1865.

A special meeting of the Stockholders of the President, Porcupine and Redfield Petroleum Companies, will be held at the Continental Hotel in the city of Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of voting on the proposition to issue to the Stockholders of the President Company, separate certificates for their interest in the Proctpine Company, and also on the proposition for the sale of such portion of the Capital Stock of the Porcupine Petroleum Company as may be required to raise a working capital for said company.

By order of the Board of Directors.
J. EDWIN CONANT, Secretary.

PETROLEUM.

DE KALB
PETROLEUM COMPANY.

First dividend declared to all stockholders of record on 1st of March. Nearly all of the stock subscribed for.

CAPITAL........$350,000

35,000 SHARES OF $10 EACH.

Two new Wells on the Company's property: one yielding forty barrels per day, the other on striking oil flowed ten barrels per day, and when tubed will yield a very large flow of oil.

Six more Wells to be sunk immediately.

OFFICERS:
PRESIDENT,
GEORGE L. EIGENBRODT.
TREASURER,
HENRY DE ZAVALA.
SECRETARY,
SAMUEL W. BOOCOCK.
TRUSTEES:

GEORGE L. EIGENBRODT, Esq., No. 30 Broad-st.
J. KENNEDY SMYTH, Esq., No. 74 Broadway.
MAHLON S. FROST, Esq., No. 2 Cedar-st., and Titusville, Penn.
EDWARD G. LUDLOW, M. D., No. 49 East 23d-st.
SAMUEL HASKELL, Esq., Platt, corner Gold-st.
J. VAN. RENSSALAER, JR., Esq., No. 44 Exchange-Place.
J. LEE SMITH, Esq., No. 92 Beekman-st.
RICHARD AMERMAN, Esq., No. 74 Broadway.
HENRY DE ZAVALA, Esq., No. 100 Broadway.

COUNSEL,
JOHN H. BIRD, Esq., No. 137 Broadway.

BANKERS,
CARR, TAYLOR & CO., No. 30 Broad-st.

SCHEDULE—No. 1. On Oil Creek; one acre on Bennehoff farm, with two wells, one yielding 40 barrels per day, one ready to tube, which has flowed 10 barrels per day.
No. 2. Frost refinery, buildings, offices, &c.
No. 3. 120 acres in fee on Pit Hole Creek.
No. 4. 1,300 acres on Little Kanawha River.

The company having been formed for permanent and secure investment, its capital stock is offered only as full paid, thus securing stockholders immunity from all liabilities.

Subscriptions will be received for a limited number of shares, until further notice, at the office of the company's bankers,

CARR, TAYLOR & CO.,
No. 30 Broad-st., Room No. 15,
New-York,

where circulars, giving full descriptions as well as maps of the property, can be seen.

Communications from out of town promptly attended to

THE STELLA
PETROLEUM COMPANY.

OFFICE NO. 74 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

ORGANIZED UNDER THE GENERAL LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL........$500,000
100,000 SHARES, PAR VALUE, $5.
$75,000 RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.
SHAREHOLDERS ARE EXEMPT FROM ALL PERSONAL LIABILITY.

OFFICERS.
SAMUEL BOOTH, President.
JOHN FRENCH, Vice-President.
HEMAN B. AUTEN, Secretary.
WILLIAM M. LITTLE, Treasurer.
ALEX. McCUE, Counsel.

TRUSTEES.
SAMUEL BOOTH, No. 66 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.
JOHN FRENCH, Clinton-av., Brooklyn.
FOSTER PETTIT, of Pettit & Crook, No. 136 Water-st., New-York.
WILLIAM H. WALLACE, No. 131 Washington-st., New-York.
RICHARD INGRAHAM, No. 16 Court-st., Brooklyn.
WILLIAM M. LITTLE, of Wyckoff & Little, Montague-st., near Court, Brooklyn.
ALFRED BECAR, of Becar, Napier & Co., No. 342 Broadway, New-York.
JOHN DOHERTY, Park-place, Brooklyn.
L. HORATIO BIGLOW, L. H. Biglow & Co., No. 2 William-st., New-York.

PROPERTY IN VENANGO COUNTY, PA.,

Consisting of two hundred and thirty-eight acres of the best oil territory lying on Pithole Creek, Cherry Run, Maguire Run and Dun Run, near tide-out, in fee simple, and interests in the "Lady Washington," "Amazon," and "Colby" wells, and in a number of wells being put down.

Wells will be immediately sunk on the property held in fee simple by this company, and with the large working capital of $75,000 great results are anticipated.

The developed interests, as will be seen above in the "Lady Washington," the "Amazon" and the "Colby" wells, are already sufficient to enable the company to pay monthly dividends.

The company has been formed not as a matter of speculation, but to develop a property which, it is believed will prove to be of great value. The reputation of the gentlemen composing the Board of Trustees is a sufficient guarrantee that this object will be rapidly and faithfully carried out, and thus the stock will prove a most desirable and profitable investment.

Subscription Books for a limited number of shares are now open at the following offices:

Office of the Company, No. 74 Broadway, N. Y.; Wm. H. Wallace, Esq., No. 131 Washington-st., N. Y.; L. H. Biglow & Co., No. 2 William-st., N. Y.; Pettit & Crook No. 136 Water-st., N. Y.; Wyckoff & Little, Montague-st., near Court, Brooklyn; S. & W. C. Booth, No. 66 Myrtle-av.; Stewart & Co., No. 102 Fulton-st.; N. Nevin, No. 302 Fulton-st.; also, with either of the Trustees.

THE
PLAINFIELD PETROLEUM COMPANY,

Organized under the Laws of Pennsylvania.

CAPITAL........$300,000.
DIVIDED INTO 60,000 SHARES AT $5.
10,000 SHARES ONLY FOR SALE AT $3.
WORKING CAPITAL........$25,000

President.
ENOS W. RUNYON.
Vice-President.
CHAS. H. STILLMAN, M. D.
Secretary.
ELIAS R. POPE.
Treasurer.
CARMON PARSE.
Superintendent.
J. F. HUBBARD.
Trustees.

ZACHARIAH WEBSTER, President Union County Bank, Plainfield.
J. R. VANDEVENTER, President First National Bank, Plainfield.
PHINEAS M. FRENCH, Plainfield.
GEORGE D. MERRILL, No. 34 Warren-st., N. Y.
NATHAN VAIL, No. 23 South-st., New-York.

The property owned by the company consists of 106 acres of land, in fee simple, and the lease of 2½ acres, the company receiving four-fifths of all the oil.

The lease is upon the Conver Farm, Cornplanter Township, Venango County, Penn., on Walnut Bend, on the Alleghany River, about ¾ of a mile below Humbolt Ferry, surrounded by good producing wells. A few rods below it is a well yielding 60 bbls. daily.

Walnut Bend Territory ranks among the best in the county, as any one familiar with the locality knows.

The Graham Farm, of 106 acres, owned in fee, is in Cranberry Township, in said county, on Lower Two-Mile Run, between Franklin, the county seat of Venango County, and East Sandy, on the Waterford and Susquehannah turnpike, about 3 miles from Franklin, and 2½ miles from the Alleghany River.

It is handsomely and eligibly located—every foot of it being boring territory—containing no high bluffs so common there.

It was selected by a gentleman thoroughly acquainted with the whole county, having resided near Oil City for three years, as exhibiting the best natural indications of oil in the County of Venango.

Lower Two-Mile Run empties into Deep Hollow, where the Van Buren Company, of Philadelphia, are developing, and a small run empties in Two-Mile Run on this farm.

It is very conveniently located for transportation in all seasons, being on the great turnpike, and a short distance from a railroad depot at Franklin.

Besides a large amount of valuable timber growing on the said farm, there is a fine bank of coal upon it, which promises an abundant yield.

The company have commenced operations upon both tracts, and intend prosecuting the same with all the vigor and energy possible, having a splendid engine and a full set of drilling tools on the place, and two more first-class 15-horse-power engines nearly finished.

Their superintendent has been three months on the ground, preparing the lands for drilling.

There is plenty of room on the Graham Farm for 200 wells, and the managers intend sparing no pains or expense in making the enterprise profitable to stock owners.

The capital stock is very small for the amount and value of the boring land upon which it is based, and the managers invite the most rigid scrutiny into the company's operations—the value, location and quantity of their lands.

The managers could have bought with the money paid for this farm a dozen or more of such small interests as are usually put in oil companies; but being determined to make their money upon the oil rather than from sale of stock, they determined to purchase this farm in preference to a score of small interests.

They have only 10,000 shares of stock to sell, which will be offered at the subscription price of $3.

The Office of the Company in New-York is with Messrs. MACKENZIE & MITCHELL, No. 34 Pine-st., who are our agents for selling, delivering and transferring stock.

CANADA OIL LANDS.

Valuable oil lands in the Township of Enniskillen and vicinity, Canada West, for sale by

LEE & ELY,
No. 54 William-st.

LEE & ELY, NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST.—Petroleum lands in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia for sale. Stocks of all descriptions bought and sold on commission.

QUEENS COUNTY BONDS.—THE INterest on the Bonds of Queens County, falling due the 1st and 10th of March next, will be paid on presentation at the Atlantic Bank of Brooklyn, or at the County Treasurer's Office in the village of Hempstead.

LEWIS W. ANGEVINE, County Treasurer.
HEMPSTEAD, Feb. 20, 1865.

PETROLEUM.

THE IRONSIDES
PETROLEUM COMPANY.

Organized under the laws of the State of New-York.

Capital........$350,000.
Divided into 35,000 shares.
Par value........$10 per share.
Shareholders are exempt from all personal liability.

OFFICERS:
President, WILLIAM HEGEMAN.
Secretary and Treasurer, WM. H. CLARK.
Counsel,
WILLIAM C. DE WITT.
TRUSTEES:

WM. HEGEMAN, of Hegeman & Co, Druggists, No. 203 Broadway, New-York.
J. PRIOR RORKE, Secretary Corn Exchange Insurance Company, corner William and Beaver streets, New-York.
WM. F. FOWLE, of W. F. & J. F. Fowle, Boston.
A. A. FOSTER, of Foster & Tower, No. 79 Beekman-st., New-York.
F. R. BACKUS, of Lehigh Crane Iron Company, Philadelphia.
L. B. VAN KLEECK, No. 169 Broadway, New-York.
ALEX'R McCUE, Counselor at Law, Brooklyn.
EDWARD F. PATCHEN, of T. Ketcham & Co., No. 68 Wall-st, New-York.
WM. H. CLARK, No. 71 Broadway, New-York.

Bankers,
FOURTH NATIONAL BANK.
Superintendent at Oil City,
FRED. B. BACKUS.
OFFICE, NO. 71 BROADWAY, N. Y.,
ROOM No. 65.

The lands and possessions of this company are situated in the heart of the oil region of Venango County, Pennsylvania. It will be observed that enough working interests are now in the possession of the company to give the stockholders fair dividends from the start.

The incorporators design making this a permanent company, whose stock shall become an excellent investment rather than a mere means of speculation. Those among them having the largest financial interest in its affairs, will devote themselves personally to its management.

Its lands and wells will be constantly and thoroughly developed. Oil, and not stock, will be made the source of its revenue.

The subscription books for a limited number of share of the stock of this company are now open at the office of the company, and at the office of either of the above-named trustees.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

1. Twenty-one acres, in fee simple, of the bottom land of the William McKinley Farm, lying upon both sides of Stuart's Run, within two miles, on a straight line east, of the new well of the United States Petroleum Company, now flowing 240 BARRELS PER DAY. Upon this beautiful oil territory wells will be sunk as soon as the weather permits.

2. One hundred acres, in fee simple, of the Purdy Farm, lying both sides of Tionesta Creek, and two miles above the famous Conroy Wells. The rapid development of this land by different companies indicates that it is among the best of the whole oil region. This, also, will be developed at the earliest opportunity.

3. A lease of the entire working interest of one-half the oil in Lot No. 11, of the Heydrick Farm, Henry Bend, Alleghany River, within a few rods only of the great Heydrick Well, that flowed 700 barrels of oil per day for a long time, and is still pumping OVER 60 BARRELS PER DAY, although having been worked for four years without intermission. Lease for fourteen years.

4. A lease of the entire working interest of one-half the oil in lot No. 25 of the same farm, with a well going down, and to be delivered, complete, with a new engine, without expense to this company.

5. One-eighth working interest in the lease No. 28, Smith Farm, Cherry Run, including a new well just struck, now pumping about 40 BARRELS PER DAY, and expected soon to flow.

6. One-eighth working interest in the Hicks Well, Smith Farm, Cherry Run, now 590 FEET BELOW THE SURFACE, and going down night and day. This will be finished without expense to this company. From the show of oil in boring, and its proximity to the great Granger and Auborn wells, this will promise to be one of the best in the vicinity.

7. A lease of the entire working interest of one-half the oil in Nos. 12 and 16 of the Keyster Farm, Cherry Run, just above Humboldt Refinery. No better location than this can be found in the whole oil region. All the adjoining leases are being bored by various companies, with every indication of success. Lease for twenty years.

8. One-sixteenth working interest in lease No. 19, Smith Farm, including the new Balliett Well, now pumping 40 BARRELS DAILY, and expected soon to flow. New wells will soon be put down on both the above leases.

9. A lease of one acre of the Haworth Farm, directly on Pithole Creek. A finer location is not possible. A well is now being sunk, which will be DELIVERED TO THIS COMPANY, WITH A NEW ENGINE, FREE OF EXPENSE. Lease 25 years.

10. One-eighth working interest in the famous Auborn Well on Cherry Run, FLOWING 70 BBLS. PER DAY, and the same interest in a new well now being sunk upon these premises.

11. One-eighth working interest in the new Faunce Well on Smith Farm, Cherry Run, adjoining the Auborn Well lease, and now pumping 40 BBLS. PER DAY, with evidences of an early flow.

12. A lease of the entire working interest in lot No 7 on Heydrick Farm, Pithole Run, within a short distance of the great Heydrick Well, and only a quarter of a mile from where the run empties into the Alleghany River. Lease 14 years.

13. A lease on lot No. 19 of the same farm, with a well now going down, and to be DELIVERED TO THIS COMPANY, WITH A NEW ENGINE, FREE OF EXPENSE.

THE
'OLD DOMINION'
PETROLEUM COMPANY,
OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL, $750,000,
DIVIDED INTO 75,000 SHARES,
AT $10 PAR VALUE.

WORKING CAPITAL, $100,000 IN CASH.

ALLAN CAMPBELL, President.
WALTON W. EVANS, Vice-President.
S. VAN BENSCHOTEN, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES:

ALLEN CAMPBELL,
WALTON W. EVANS,
EDWIN BARTLETT,
J. E. ZIMMERMAN,
JOSEPH W. ALSOP,
JOHN RUTHERFORD,
S. VAN BENSCHOTEN,
FRED'K W. JONES,
WILLIAM FRAZIER, of Marietta, Ohio.

The subscription price is $5 per share. No further call or assessment to be made on subscribers.

The Prospectus of the Company may be had at the office of the "UNITED STATES" PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 47 Exchange-place, or at the office of Messrs. RUNDLE, JONES & RUDGE, No. 172 Pearl-st.

At both of which places Subscription Books are now opened.

NOTICE.—THE UNITED STATES PETROLEUM COMPANY will receive proposals at the offices of the Company, No. 47 Exchange-place, New-York, and Plumer, Venango County, Penn., until noon on Saturday, the 25th of February next, for leasing parts of the large and valuable oil producing territory now in possession of the Company on Pithole Creek, and at Walnut Bend, Alleghany River, Venango County, Penn. Most of the property on Pithole Creek is in the immediate vicinity of the "Frazier Well," recently developed by the Company, and now flowing from 250 to 300 barrels of oil per day.

Maps of the property can be seen at the offices of the Company, where further information will be given.

By order of the Board.
P. G. FENNING, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 25, 1865.

DUTCHMAN RUN OIL COMPANY.

CAPITAL........$1,000,000.
$200,000 RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.
PAR VALUE $10 PER SHARE; SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $3.
5,000 SHARES ONLY FOR SALE AT $3.

OFFICERS:
PRESIDENT: J. H. HENRY.
TREASURER: HIRAM J. MESSENGER.
SECRETARY:
T. C. GOETCHIUS.
TRUSTEES:

JOHNSON LETSON, President New Brunswick Rubber Company.
J. H. HENRY, of North American Life Insurance Company.
PAUL N. SPOFFORD, of Spofford, Tileston & Co.
HIRAM J. MESSENGER, Banker, No. 139 Broadway.
THOMAS H. WAGSTAFF, of Wagstaff & Goetchius, No. 71 Broadway.

The property of this company consists of THREE THOUSAND ACRES of land in fee simple in Wirt and Ritchie Counties, West Virginia, on Dutchman Run and Hugh's River. This land is all paid for, and it is proposed to sell but 5,000 shares of the working capital, which is considered ample until a portion of the land is sold, for which there are many offers at a large advance upon cost.

There are a number of oil springs on the property, also coal and timber. There is but little doubt that productive wells can be had at from one hundred and fifty to two hundred feet, and will be at once commenced; and by the 1st of May large dividends will doubtless be realized.

Professor Richardson, who has examined the property, says: "The Dutchman Run property lies between the crystalized lode of Petroleum and the Burning Spring Oil region; that the crystalized Petroleum lode in itself is the most positive evidence that this vicinity is a superb oil-bearing region."

Reports and Prospectus can be had at our office, where the books are now open for subscription.

WAGSTAFF & GOETCHIUS, No. 71 Broadway.

NEW-YORK AND BOSTON OIL COMPANY.

Stock now ready for delivery. A few shares of stock FOR SALE in this favorite company.

PETROLEUM.

PETROLEUM

ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
STOCK AUCTIONEERS,
BROKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,
NO. 52 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

☞ OIL STOCKS of first-class companies, that we can recommend as good investments, may at all times be found at our office, and at the lowest market rates, in lots to suit the purchasers.

SALES MADE AT THE REGULAR PETROLEUM STOCK BOARD,
at their two sessions, daily, 11¼ o'clock A. M. and 3 P. M.
ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

THE HOMESTEAD PETROLEUM COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL, $250,000, IN 50,000 SHARES OF $5 EACH.

This company offers for sale to immediate subscribers, 10,000 shares of its capital stock at $2 50 each, which will be in full payment therefor. The amount derived from the sale of these shares will be entirely devoted to the further development of the company's property.

The company owns, in fee simple, the greater part of the well-known Miller Farm, on the Alleghany River, near Franklin, Venango County, Penn.; and from the character of wells now producing on the same farm, the trustees expect soon to make large and regular dividends.

Subscriptions may be made to either of the following-named trustees:

PAUL N. SPOFFORD, of Spofford, Tileston & Co.
F. S. LATHROP, President Union Mutual Insurance Company.
JOSEPH COLWELL, of Colwell Bros.
THOMAS HARRISON, No. 260 West-st.
W. H. MIDDLETON, of W. M. Rogers & Co.
WM. J. REID, New-Orleans.
F. M. FRENCH, President Produce Exchange.
Or at the office of the company, No. 17 Broadway.

F. M. FRENCH, President.
LEWIS L. JONES, Treasurer and Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

MARCH, MAY AND JULY
COUPONS
Cashed in Gold,
BY
HENRY A. HEISER'S SONS,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 44 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

U. S. 7 3-10 Treasury notes ready for immediate delivery, in sums to suit, AND ONE QUARTER OF ONE PER CENT. COMMISSION ALLOWED TO ALL PARTIES PURCHASING FOR ACCOUNT OF OTHERS.

TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW-YORK.
For the Year ending Feb. 1, 1865.

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

OFFICE, NOS. 144 AND 146 BROADWAY, CORNER OF LIBERTY-ST.

Net cash assets Feb. 1, 1864		$10,029,264 81
Receipts during the year:		
Original premiums	$545,581 06	
Renewal premiums	1,324,118 55	
War extra premiums	29,164 07	
Annuity premiums	5,720 98	
	$1,904,584 66	
Interest (including premium on gold)	945,281 84	—2,849,866 50
		$12,879,131 31
Disbursements during year:		
Paid claims by death	$536,750 00	
Paid dividend additions	166,092 86	
Surrendered policies	88,128 83	
Annuities	8,428 77	
Profit and loss	3,942 67	
Commissions	124,787 62	
Expenses	151,585 88	—1,079,716 63
Net cash assets Feb. 1, 1865		$11,799,414 68
Invested as follows:		
Cash on hand and in banks	$1,023,524 25	
Bonds and mortgages	5,103,663 69	
United States Stocks (cost)	4,915,921 25	
Real estate (cost)	724,387 44	
Due from agents	31,978 05	—$11,799,414 68
Add interest accrued, not due		$130,000 00
Add interest due and unpaid		8,371 30
Premiums due and unpaid		72,621 88
Deferred semi-annual and quarterly premiums		225,000 00
Gross assets, Feb. 1, 1865		$12,235,407 86
Increase in net cash assets during year		1,770,149 87

POLICY AND RISK ACCOUNT.

Issued	4,216 policies, insuring	$14,336,395 00
Lapsed	818 policies, insuring	2,373,534 00
Net increase	3,398 policies, insuring	$11,963,861 00
In force Feb. 1, 1864	15,044 policies, insuring	43,778,065 00
In force Feb. 1, 1865	18,422 policies, insuring	$55,741,926 00
Dividend additions to policies in force		8,111,467 03
Total amount at risk Feb. 1, 1865		$63,853,393 03

I have carefully examined the foregoing statement, and believe the same to be correct.

(Signed) SHEPPARD HOMANS, Actuary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

Fred. S. Winston, Millard Fillmore, Alex. W. Bradford,
John V. L. Pruyn, Oliver H. Palmer, David Hoadley,
William Moore, Sam'l E. Sproulls, Henry A. Smythe,
Robt. H. McCurdy, Sam'l M. Connell, William V. Brady,
Isaac G. Pearson, Lucius Robinson, W. E. Dodge,
Martin Bates, Jr. W. Smith Brown, George S. Coe,
William Betts, Richard Patrick, Wm. K. Strong,
John P. Yelverton, Wm. H. Popham, Wm. M. Vermilye,
John Wadsworth, Wm. A. Haines, John E. Develin,
Alfred Edwards, Ezra Wheeler, Wellington Clapp,
Nathaniel Hayden, Seym'r L. Husted, M. M. Freeman,
John M. Stuart, Sam'l D. Babcock, Alonzo Child.

Secretaries { ISAAC ABBATT, THEO. W. MORRIS,
Actuary, SHEPPARD HOMANS.
Cashier, FRED. M. WINSTON.
Medical Examiners { MINTURN POST, M. D., ISAAC L. KIP, M. D.
Counsel { WILLIAM BETTS, LL. D., Hon. LUCIUS ROBINSON.
Attorney, RICHARD A. McCURDY.

The business of this Company is conducted on the MUTUAL principle, in the strictest sense of the term; the entire surplus, DEDUCTING NECESSARY EXPENSES ALONE, being equitably divided among the Assured.

P. M. Myers & Co.,
NO. 48 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
AGENTS FOR U. S. 7.30 LOAN.

USUAL DISCOUNT allowed to Banks and Bankers.

COUNTRY ORDERS promptly supplied, and the notes delivered free of charge on Railroad and Express lines.

All DESCRIPTIONS of Government Securities dealt in on commission at the New-York Stock Exchange.

CAPITAL $5,000,000.
FOURTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
P. C. CALHOUN, President.
BILLOP SEAMAN, Cashier.
ANTHONY LANE, Assistant Cashier.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 21, 1865.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Five Per Cent. out of the earnings of the last six months on the capital stock of this bank, payable March 1, free of Government tax.

The transfer books will be closed after the 23d inst., and reopened March 1.

B. SEAMAN, Cashier.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD.—Agreeably to the provisions contained in the Trust Indenture of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company, dated April 1, 1863, sealed proposals —indorsed "Proposals for sale of Bonds"—addressed to R. S. WATSON, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon of SATURDAY, March 4, 1865, for sale to the undersigned of $30,000 of the LAND BONDS of said company. Refers to WARD, CAMPBELL & CO., No. 56 Wall-st., New-York.

WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
SIDNEY BARTLETT,
NATHANIEL THAYER, } Trustees.
BOSTON, Feb. 21, 1865.

NOTICE.—BOOKS FOR THE REGISTRY AND transfer of stock in the Cary Improvement Company, have been opened at the office of the Farmer's Loan and Trust Company in the city of New-York. Stockholders desiring to have their shares thus registered, will forward their certificates to the office of the company, No. 28 Milk-st., Boston, for proper discharge to New-York books. By order of Directors.

S. A. DIX, Secretary
BOSTON, Feb., 1865.

WARD & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 54 Wall-st.,

Agents for the sale of the Popular U. S. 7-30 Loan.
All denominations on hand for immediate delivery.
U. S. 6 per cent. Certificates bought and sold.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission at the New-York Stock Exchange.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 17, 1865.

PARTIES HOLDING (30) THIRTY OR more coupons of the "Loan of 1864," (10-40s) maturing on the 1st of March, are requested to hand them in with schedules, at any time before that date. Holders complying with the above will have their coupons examined, and checks given for them on the 28th inst., after 3 o'clock P. M.

Blank schedules will be furnished upon application at the Interest Department of this office.

(Signed) JOHN A. STEWART,
Assistant-Treasurer U. S.

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
AND
U. S. 7-30 LOAN AGENTS,
No. 38 Wall-st.,

have all denominations of THE 7-30 NOTES constantly on hand for IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,

All Classes of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold at market rates.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-STREET, N. Y.,
GOVERNMENT AGENTS
FOR THE SALE OF THE
NATIONAL 7-30 LOAN.

These bonds are issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, dated Aug. 15, 1864, and convertible in three (3) years from that time into the Popular 5-20 Loan Gold-bearing Interest.

Also, buy and sell at market rates all classes of Government securities. Maturing certificates of indebtedness collected or purchased.

Railway stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission.

U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENCY
FOR THE SALE OF THE
7-30 NATIONAL LOAN.
ALL DENOMINATIONS ON HAND AND READY FOR DELIVERY AT ONCE.
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
NO. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
United States Securities of all kinds bought and sold.

UNITED STATES
6 PER CENT
DEBT CERTIFICATES
BOUGHT AND SOLD
BY
G. S. ROBBINS & SON,
NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST., CORNER PINE.

REMOVAL.

THE CLINTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY have removed to No. 156 Broadway, between Liberty-st. and Maiden-lane.

HOPE
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 92 BROADWAY.

CASH CAPITAL	$200,000 00
ASSETS	$282,248 76

This company having DECLINED JOINING the combination of Fire Insurance Companies, is prepared to write policies on terms as favorable as are offered by any other responsible company, whether IN OR OUT of the board.

DIRECTORS.

HENRY M. TABER,
STEPH. CAMBRELENG,
JOSEPH GRAFTON,
L. B. WARD,
STEPHEN HYATT,
JACOB REESE,
ROBERT SCHELL,
JOHN PENFOLD,
JAMES S. SANDFORD,
FREDK. SCHUCHARDT,
THOMAS P. CUMMINGS,
THEODORE W. RILEY
AMOS ROBBINS,
D. LYDIG SUYDAM,
J. W. MERSEREAU,
JOSEPH BRITTON,
WILLIAM H. TERRY,
WILLIAM REMSEN,
HENRY S. LEVERICH,
JOSEPH FOULKE.

JACOB REESE, President.
THOMAS GREENLEAF, Secretary.
CHAS. D. HARTSHORNE, Asst. Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 24, 1865.

THE TRUSTEES, IN CONFORMITY TO the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1864:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from Jan. 1, 1864, to Dec 31, 1864		$7,558,437 25
Premiums on Policies not marked off Jan. 1, 1864		2,407,334 61
Total amount of Marine Premiums		$9,965,771 86
No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks, nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.		
Premiums marked off from Jan. 1, 1864, to Dec. 31, 1864		$7,964,359 14
Losses paid during the same period	$3,316,625 67	
Returns of Premiums and Expenses	1,313,299 63	

The company has the following Assets:

United States and State of New-York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks	$4,974,715 00
Loans secured by Stocks and otherwise	2,187,950 00
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages	143,760 00
Dividends on Stocks, interest on Bonds and Mortgages and other loans, sundry notes, reinsurance and other claims due the company, estimated at	120,812 89
Premium notes and bills receivable	2,876,618 99
United States Gold Coin	541,899 63
Cash in Bank	288,432 91
Total amount of assets	$11,133,589 42

Six per cent. interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 7th of February next.

After reserving three and one half million dollars of profit, the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1863 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 7th of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and canceled.

A dividend of forty per cent. is declared on the net-earned premiums of the company for the year ending Dec. 31, 1864, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday, the 4th of April next.

The profits of the company, ascertained from July 1, 1842, to Jan. 1, 1864, for which certificates were issued, amount to	$16,951,020
Additional from Jan. 1, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1865	2,740,000
Total profits for 22½ years	$19,691,020
The certificates previous to 1863 have been redeemed by cash	12,653,730
Net earnings remaining with the company on Jan. 1, 1865	$7,037,290

By order of the board.

J. H. CHAPMAN, Acting Secretary.

TRUSTEES.

John D. Jones,
Charles Dennis,
W. H. H. Moore,
Henry Coit,
William C. Pickersgill,
Lewis Curtis,
Charles H. Russell,
Lowell Holbrook,
R. Warren Weston,
Royal Phelps,
Caleb Barstow,
A. P. Pillot,
Daniel S. Miller,
Joshua J. Henry,
George G. Hobson,
David Lane,
James Brice,
William Sturgis, Jr.,
Henry K. Bogert,
William E. Dodge,
Dennis Perkins,
Joseph Gaillard, Jr.,
J. Henry Burgy,
Cornelius Grinnell,
C. A. Hand,
Watts Sherman,
R. J. Howland,
Benjamin Babcock,
Fletcher Westray,
Rob't B. Minturn, Jr.,
Gordon W. Burnham,
Frederick Chauncey,
James Low,
Charles H. Marshall.
William H. Webb.

JOHN D. JONES, President.
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President.
W. H. H. MOORE, Second Vice-President.

NATIONAL BROADWAY BANK.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 17, 1865.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
AND AGENT FOR THE SALE OF
UNITED STATES 7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES,

convertible at maturity into 5-20 Gold-bearing interest Bonds.

F. A. PALMER, President.
J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

SARATOGA AND WHITEHALL RAILROAD
GENERAL OFFICE,
SARATOGA SPRINGS, Feb. 16, 1865.

THE COUPONS DUE 1ST OF MARCH next on the bonds of this Company, will be paid on and after that date, at the bank of the State of New-York, in the City of New-York.

WM. H. WARREN, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual election of ten Directors of this company, constituting the third class, and for three Inspectors of Election, will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 6th day of March, proximo, between the hours of 12 o'clock, noon, and 1 o'clock, P. M. By order

JOHN EADIE, Secretary.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank.

OFFICE LAFAYETTE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 14 Wall-st., Feb. 17, 1865.

THE FOLLOWING GENTLEMEN WERE elected Directors of this company at the annual election, held on the 14th inst.:

JAMES FREELAND,
HIRAM E. ST. JOHN,
EDW'D T. BACKHOUSE,
JAMES HARPER,
LEWIS HURST,
JOHN L. SPADER,
HENRY J. CULLEN,
LEVERITT H. SAGE,
PHILIP S. CROOKE,
JOHN G. SCHUMAKER,
HENRY TIENKEN,
ALEXANDER McCUE,
D. S. VOORHEES,
MICHAEL NEVIN,
SAMUEL GARRISON,
JESSE C. ROWAN,
EDWARD HARVEY,
STEPHEN A. DODGE,
ANDREW FITZGERALD,
CALVIN B. CAMP,
SAM. VAN BENSCHOTEN
CURTIS NOBLE,
EDMUND T. H. GIBSON,
RUFUS R. GRAVES,
EDWARD W. TAPP,
MOSES F. ODELL,
GEORGE L. SHAW,
WILLIAM H. WEBB,
JACOB PHILIP,
AMOS ROBBINS,

At a subsequent meeting of the board, JAMES FREELAND, Esq., was unanimously reelected President.

J. B. THOMPSON, Sec Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS.
THE NEW-JERSEY BLACK-LEAD COMPANY.
CAPITAL, $500,000.
200,000 SHARES. PAR VALUE, $2,50.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $1,25.
40,000 Shares reserved for working capital.
10,000 Shares only to be sold at subscription price.

President:
E. M. SWART.
Vice-President:
JOHN WHITBECK.
Treasurer:
ELY H. KING.
Secretary:
W. F. WHITBECK.
Trustees:

E. M. SWART, Merchant, No. 104 Duane-st., N. Y.
JOHN WHITBECK, Mining Engineer, Brooklyn, N. Y.
BENJAMIN DEFRECE, Merchant, No. 225 William-st., N. Y.
LEWIS WHITE, Agriculturist, Pompton Plains, N. J.
ELY H. KING, Merchant, No. 104 Duane-st., N. Y.
M. STRASBURGER, Importer, No. 29 Maiden-lane, N. Y.
W. F. WHITBECK, Mining Agent, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The property of this Company consists of 900 acres of well-selected mineral lands, within twenty-five miles of the City of New-York, in the Counties of Morris and Passaic, New-Jersey, upon the Pequannock River, and has been fully developed and analyzed, and found to be fully equal to any in the market.

The Company have already taken out since September last, over 200 tons of this very valuable mineral.

The Company is fully and legally organized, under the laws of the State of New-York, and have opened an office at No. 156 Broadway, where books of subscription will be opened on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, 1865.

U. S. 7 3-10 NOTES.

MANGAM, JENKINS & CO.
NO. 40 WALL-ST.

ALL DENOMINATIONS FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

BANKS, BANKERS AND BROKERS FURNISHED ON AS LIBERAL TERMS AS BY ANY OTHER BANKING HOUSE.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

LAWRENCE, BALDWIN & CO.,
NO. 70 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BANKS, BANKERS AND DEALERS
SUPPLIED WITH
10-40s, 5-20s, 7-30s, 6s of '81
AND UNITED STATES DEBT CERTIFICATES
ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

PETROLEUM
AND ALL OTHER
STOCKS, BONDS, &C.
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION ONLY,

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITE accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Individuals.

DEWITT C. LAWRENCE, Member New-York Stock Exchange.
SIMEON BALDWIN, JR., Member New-York Petroleum Stock Board, and the New-York Mining Exchange.
CYRUS J. LAWRENCE, Late Cyrus J. Lawrence & H. Faile.
WILLIAM A. HALSTED.

WM. S. CHARNLEY. W. T. HATCH
CHARNLEY & HATCH,
NO. 34 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.
AGENTS FOR
7 3-10 NATIONAL LOAN

Notes ready for immediate delivery in any amount. The largest discount allowed to Banks, Bankers and Brokers.

COLUMBIAN (MARINE) INSURANCE CO.
STOCK,
BOUGHT AND SOLD
BY
GIDEON POTT & CO.,
No. 7 Broad-st.,
New-York.

OFFICE WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1864.

TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS OF MONEY TO CALIFORNIA AND OREGON made, and Exchange on
SAN FRANCISCO,
LONDON,
DUBLIN and
PARIS.
For sale by
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

T. L. TAYLOR & REED,
NO. 5 BROAD-ST.,

having been appointed Agents for the sale of the 7-30 Loan will receive subscriptions on the most favorable terms.

All denominations on hand for immediate delivery.

REMOVAL.

THE OFFICES OF THE
HARMONY
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY
have been removed from No. 50 Wall-st. to
No. 158 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital	$300,000 00
Surplus	187,210 11
Total Assets	$487,210 11
Liabilities	18,000 00

R. O. GLOVER, President.
D. D. GASSNER, Secretary.

TELEGRAPH AND EXPRESS STOCKS.

Western Union Telegraph.
Western Union Extension Telegraph.
American Telegraph.
United States Telegraph.
American Express.
Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.
Adams' Express.

All descriptions of Telegraph and Express Stocks bought and sold by GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.

WALDEN & McILVAINE,
NO. 13 BROAD-ST.,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
AND PETROLEUM STOCKS.

OFFICE OF THE PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 21, 1865.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Directors of the Phenix Fire Insurance Company, held at their office on the evening of Feb. 14, 1865, it was unanimously resolved, that it was deemed expedient to increase the capital stock from five hundred thousand dollars to one million dollars.

The stockholders of the company are hereby notified that the consent and subscription papers are now ready for their signatures, at the Brooklyn office, No. 1 Court-st., and at the New-York office, No. 139 Broadway.

PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY CO.,
OFFICE OF SECRETARY,
PITTSBURGH, Penn., Feb. 14, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stock and Bondholders of this company for election of Directors and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the THIRD WEDNESDAY (15th) of MARCH, A. D. 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Stock and Bond Transfer Books of the company, at their office, in the City of Pittsburgh, and at the office of the Transfer Agency, in the City of New-York, will be closed on the 1st day of March, at 2 P. M., and remain closed until the 17th day of March thereafter.

W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

FOR SALE—STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS five per cent. coupon bonds, due in 1894; interest and principal payable in gold. Apply to BLAKE BROS. & Co., No. 17 Wall-st.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,

Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.

We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. 6s, OF 1881,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS,
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81.
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.

Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.

ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

$200,000 BOSTON, HARTFORD AND Erie Railroad Company First Mortgage seven per cent. Bonds, for sale in sums to suit.

By LOCKWOOD & CO.,
No. 23 William-st.

FINANCIAL.

TEN YEARS' LOAN.

500,000.

KINGS COUNTY (BROOKLYN) SEVEN PER CENT. COUPON BONDS.

KINGS COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE,
No. 13 COURT-STREET, BROOKLYN, Feb. 11, 1865.

The County Treasurer hereby invites subscriptions in sums of one thousand dollars and upward, to a loan of $500,000, authorized by Chapter 8, of the Laws of 1864, and by resolution of the Board of Supervisors adopted Dec. 20, 1864, for the purpose of filling the quota of the County under the President's last call for more troops.

Subscribers will receive "Certificates of Indebtedness," bearing interest from the date of subscription, until the bonds are ready for delivery.

The Bonds will bear interes. at the rate of SEVEN PER CENT PER ANNUM, payable semi-annually, to wit: On the 1st days of May and November; the principal will be due and payable on the 1st day of May, 1875.

The subscription book is now open at the Treasurer's office. THOMAS A. GARDINER, County Treasurer.

CITIZENS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY have removed to NO. 156 BROADWAY.

Authorized Capital....................$2,500,000

Capital paid up....................$300,000 00
Reserve....................244 093 66

Assets Jan. 1, 1865....................$544,093 66

JAMES M. McLEAN, President.
EDWARD A. WALTON, Secretary.

OIL LANDS AND STOCKS.—CAPITALISTS desirous of investing in Petroleum Properties, or of joining in the formation of companies, will find a large list of the best selections of Oil Lands in Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia and Canada, at our office.

A new company, with small capital and upon the best territory on Oil Creek and Cherry Run, producing two per cent. per month, just forming.
SHREVE & KENDRICK, No. 35 Wall-st.

DIVIDENDS.

FIRST DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF THE EMPIRE CITY PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 74 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

THE TRUSTEES OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a DIVIDEND of TWO PER CENT. free of Government tax, payable March 1, 1865. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th to the 28th February, inclusive.
JAMES M. WESTERVETT, Treasurer.
Feb. 14, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, CHICAGO, Feb. 1, 1865.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given to the Stockholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, that the following resolution was this day adopted by the Board of Directors of said company:

Resolved, That a dividend of five (5) per cent., free from Government tax, be declared by this company out of its net earnings for the last six months upon the Preferred and Common Stock, payable at the office of M. K. Jesup & Company, No. 59 Exchange-place, agents for the company in New-York City, on the 25th day of February, to the holders of said stock who may be registered as such at the close of business hours, on the 11th day of February, on which day the books will be closed and be opened on the 27th instant for transfers.
WM. H. LARRABEE, Secretary.

OFFICE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 14, 1865.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DIVIDEND.—NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent., out of the next earnings of the last three months, payable at the office of the Company, on THURSDAY, 23d inst.

The transfer books will be closed on THURSDAY, 16th inst., and reopened on FRIDAY, 24th inst. By order of the Board of Directors.
THEODORE T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

NEW-ENGLAND PETROLEUM COMPANY,
Feb. 20, 1865.

FIRST DIVIDEND.—THE TRUSTEES OF THIS Company have declared their first quarterly dividend of five per cent., free of Government tax, payable March 15, 1865. Owing to the destruction of their office at No. 60 John-st., by fire, the dividend will be paid at the office of J. D. BATES & CO., No. 16 Cortlandt-st. The transfer books will be closed on the 10th of March, and reopened on the 15th of the same month.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
S. H. GROSVENOR, Treasurer.

DE KALB PETROLEUM COMPANY,
OFFICE No. 30 BROAD-ST., ROOM No. 15.

DIVIDEND.—THE TRUSTEES OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of One per Cent. on its capital stock to all stockholders of record, on the 10th day of March. Transfer Books closed from 10th to 15th of March, inclusive.
SAM'L W. BOOCOCK, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 22, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—HUIDEKOPER PETROLEUM OIL CO. of New-York. The trustees of this company have this day declared a Dividend of Three (3) Per Cent. upon the capital stock, free of Government tax, payable on and after Monday the 20th of February inst., at the office of the company, No. 22 William-st. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 21st inst. inclusive.
L. M. HOFFMAN, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1865.

OFFICE OF SECURITY INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 31 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 13, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared the usual Semi-annual Interest Dividend of Three and a half (3½) per cent, free of Government tax, payable on demand. By order.
RICHARD L. HAYDOCK, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK—CORNER of 14th-st. and 8th-av. Open daily from 1 to 5 P. M. Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1 to 7 P. M. Six per cent. interest allowed, free from Government tax. Deposits made on or before March 1 will draw interest from that date.
THOS. CHRISTY, President,
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK, NO. 82 NASSAU-st., N. Y.—OPEN EVERY DAY, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS from 5 to 7 P. M. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST (free from Government tax) allowed. Money deposited on or before March 1 will draw interest from that date.
JAMES C. STONEALL, President.
HENRY R. CONKLIN, Secretary.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN

Those who are desirous of having teeth extracted should call on Dr. HOYT, the originator of Anæsthetic Nitrous Oxide. Office No. 878 Broadway, near 18th-st.

DR. B. L. WAIT, NO. 98 FOURTH-AV., opposite 11th-st., inserts teeth cheaper and better than most dentists, for the reason that he confines himself strictly to the mechanical branch of the profession. Parties in need of artificial denture are invited to call and examine specimens and prices.

DR. VAN VLECK'S CHEAP AND SUPERIOR dentistry, No. 47 Bond-st. Twenty-five cents deducted from any customer's bill by presenting this advertisement.

TEETH EXTRACTED POSITIVELY without pain, with NITROUS GAS, ETHER or CHOLORFORM, at 50 cents each, by Dr. WAIT, SR., No. 263 4th-av, corner 21st-st. Teeth inserted and filled on moderate terms.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION originated the nitrous oxide, and no charge is made for extracting teeth if pain is caused. Come to headquarters. The best teeth inserted. No. 19 Cooper Institute.

LECTURES.

SCIENCE AND ART.

The Polytechnic branch of the American Institute will meet THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in Room No. 24 Cooper Union building. Principal topic—*Bells.* S. D. TILLMAN, Chairman.
B. GARVEY, Secretary.

"MONEY-GETTING."—BY SPECIAL REquest P. T. BARNUM, Esq., will repeat his celebrated lecture on *The Art of Money Getting*, in Prof. MATTISON'S Church, 41st-st., near 6th-av., on FRIDAY EVENING Feb. 24, at 8 o'clock. Tickets 30 cents, for the benefit of the church.

REV. PETER STRYKER, D. D., WILL deliver a lecture in the Church of the Pilgrims, 48th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., Rev. S. A. BAKER, Pastor, THURSDAY, Feb. 23, at 8 o'clock P. M., for benefit of church. Subject—*Washington.* Tickets 25 cents; had at the door.

LOST AND FOUND.

$100 REWARD—WILL BE PAID FOR THE apprehension and delivery on board of this ship, for each of the following-named marines:

DENNIS TRACY—Born in Ireland, 28 years of age, 5 feet 8½ inches high, blue eyes, light-brown hair, fair complexion.

JOHN SHAW—Born in Ireland, 26 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, gray eyes, brown hair, fair complexion.

BENJAMIN COSTLOW—Born in Ireland, 32 years of age, 5 feet 5½ inches high, hazel eyes, brown hair, dark complexion.

GEORGE WILLIAMS—Born in Ireland, 24 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, blue eyes, brown hair, light complexion.

The above-named marines deserted from the United States Receiving Ship VERMONT, Feb. 14, 1865.
W. MOSLANDER, Ex-Officer.
NEW-YORK NAVY-YARD, Feb. 21, 1865.

MISSING.—NINE UNITED STATES TREASURY Notes, commonly known as "Seven-Thirties," of the denomination of $1,000 each, numbered from 1,384 to 1392, inclusive; and two similar notes of the denomination of $500 each, numbered 12,038 and 12,039, all dated Oct. 1st, 1861, and belonging to the Landholders' Bank, Kingston, Rhode Island. Said $1,000 notes are payable to and indorsed by SOLON BUFFUM, and said $500 notes are payable to and indorsed by R. A. HOLDEN & Co. Any person who will give information to the Landholders' Bank, or the Hanover Bank, or to the undersigned, whereby the said notes or any of them shall be restored to said owners, will be liberally rewarded by the undersigned.
T. L. TAYLOR & REED, Bankers,
No. 5 Broad-st.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 18, 1865.

LOST—ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, A PHYSICIAN'S MEMORANDUM BOOK. Ten dollars reward will be given for its return to No. 77 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Feb. 22.
EUROPA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 1.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 8.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 15.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 22.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 29.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage....................$132 50
Second Cabin Passage....................80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage....................$112 50
Second Cabin Passage....................65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON..........3,204 tons.....900-horse power
LAFAYETTE..........3,204 tons.....900-horse power
EUROPE..........(Afloat).....900-horse power
FRANCE..........(Afloat).....900-horse power
NAPOLEON III..........(Building)...1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the
WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE;
LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;
as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.
LAFAYETTE..........WEDNESDAY..........March 1.
WASHINGTON..........WEDNESDAY..........March 29.
First Cabin, (including table wine)..........$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine)..........$70 or $80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent.
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE

FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.
GREAT REDUCTION IN STEERAGE RATES.

The following first-class side-wheel steamships will be dispatched at noon, precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River:

Feb. 23..........OCEAN QUEEN..........WEIR.
(Connecting at Panama with CONSTITUTION.)
March 3..........NORTH STAR..........SLOCUM.
(Connecting at Panama with SACRAMENTO.)
March 13..........COSTA RICA..........TINKLEPAUGH.
(Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN CITY.)

For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steampacket Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Feb. 27, and SATURDAY, March 25.

Passage money to Nassau....................$45
Passage money to Havana....................$50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.
Passengers must have passports.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No 4 Bowling Green.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

Line of Side-Wheel Steamers to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
Will sail as follows:

MORNING STAR......Nelson......Saturday, Feb. 25.
EVENING STAR......Bell......Saturday, March 4.
GUIDING STAR......Knapp......Saturday, March 18
MORNING STAR......Nelson......Saturday, March 25
EVENING STAR......Bell......Saturday, April 1.
GUIDING STAR......Knapp......Saturday, April 15
DAY STAR......(Building.)

At 3 o'clock, P. M.,
From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

PASSAGE—Chief cabin staterooms, $75 to $100, according to location of stateroom. Second cabin, $50.

The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,412	
ENGLAND—building	3,430	
SCOTLAND—building	3,430	
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,315	Prowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Grogan.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Asplitt.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
PENNSYLNANIA..........SATURDAY, March 11
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $125 in currency; Steerage, $45 in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails, are intended to sail as follows:

ETNA..........SATURDAY..........Feb. 25
CITY OF BOSTON..........SATURDAY..........March 4
EDINBURGH..........SATURDAY..........March 12

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New York.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS.

THROUGH BILLS LADING TO ST. LOUIS AND ALL POINTS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, VIA NEW-ORLEANS.
THE ATLANTIC AND MISSISSIPPI STEAMSHIP COMPANY, OF ST. LOUIS,
JOHN J. ROE, President,
is now ready to contract, and give THROUGH BILLS OF LADING for shipment as above.

This Company now owns some twenty first-class steamers running between New-Orleans, St. Louis, and Louisville, and are now arranging connections between New-York, Boston, Philadelphia and New-Orleans.

One of their steamers will leave New-Orleans daily, and by judicious arrangements they are enabled to offer inducements to shippers in lower rates and quick dispatch. Average time of transit, eighteen days.
J. EAGER, Agent,
No. 41 Broad-st.

FOR HAVANA—THE NEW AND SPLENDID SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIP COLUMBIA,
Captain BARTON,
Will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, March 1, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for Havana direct.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

The new and splendid steamship MORRO CASTLE, will succeed the COLUMBIA, and leave on March 8.

N. B.—All passengers must procure passports before securing passage.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND, by TAPSCOTT'S favorite lines of LONDON AND LIVERPOOL PACKETS, sailing every week. Parties wishing to send for their friends, and remit money to the old country, can do so on the most favorable terms, by applying to
TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway.—U. S. Passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Notary Public

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY.

NO. 212 5TH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST., N. Y.
NO. 137 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.

Classes for gentlemen on TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, in Brooklyn—WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in N. Y., at 8 o'clock. Call for a circular.

DE GARMO'S DANCING CLASSES—AT the Academy of Physical Culture, No. 59 West 14th-st., on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. Young ladies, misses and masters at 4 P. M. Private evening classes for ladies and gentlemen at 8 o'clock. New classes forming.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.
TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

ENGINES FOR SALE.—CAN BE SEEN AT 450 West-st., cor. Bank-st. A horizontal steam-engine, 10x24, Snow's governor and all modern improvements.

MACHINERY.—ENGINES AND BOILER bought and sold, and constructed to order.
GERNER FURNACE CO.,
No. 5 Beekman-st.

TURKISH BATHS.

If you wish to enjoy health, strength, youth, beauty, luxury, and rid yourself of cares, wrinkles and infirmities, go to Nos. 13 and 15 Laight-st., and take a genuine Turkish bath. See description of it in Monday's and Wednesday's *Times*. Hours from 6 to 8 A. M., and from 3 to 9 P. M. for gentlemen, and from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. for ladies. Sundays, from 6 to 11 A. M., for gentlemen only.

RAILROADS.

PERTH AMBOY AND WOODBRIDGE RAILROAD.

From foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York.

Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.

Leave Perth Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.

Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:19 and 6:20 P. M.

JERSEY CITY, Jan. 21, 1865.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:05 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.
Nov. 1 1864.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD

Trains for Albany, Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Tickets may be procured at the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn. Baggage checked from the residence to all points on this road and its connections.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M. Mail Train for Greenport, Sag Harbor, &c.; and on Saturdays, at 3 P. M., Express Train for Greenport, stopping at stations east of Hicksville. For Farmingdale, Deer Park, Islip, Lakeland, Waverley and Yaphank at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. For Syosset at 10.30 A. M. and 4 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Winfield, Jamaica, Hemstead, &c., at 9, 10:30 A. M. 3, 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 9:15 A. M., for Yaphank, stopping at all stations, (except Hemstead and Syosset.) Excursion tickets sold for this train.
A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York, via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
H. F. SWEETSER, General Superintendent.
J. C. CALHOUN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

CHANGE OF TIME.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

From foot Murray-st., daily at 3½ P. M., connecting with trains for Highlands, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Manchester, &c.

BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA.

Fare $2. Excursion tickets $3—good for three days. Steamer JESSE HOYT leaves Wall-st. Ferry, Brooklyn, daily, (excepting Sundays,) at 9 A. M., connecting at Port Monmouth with express trains for Philadelphia, Tuckerton, Barnegat, Tom's River, &c.

Returning leave Vine-st. Ferry, Philadelphia, at 11.15 A. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and West, connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—ON AND after MONDAY, Jan. 23, 1865, trains leave 30th-st. station for Albany and Troy, and places North and West, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., 3:40, 6, and 10:30 P. M. Sleeping cars attached to the 6 and 10:30 P. M. trains from 30th-st. Small cars will be run between Chambers and 30th-st. stations. Sunday train 6 P. M.
J. M. TOUCEY, Ass't Sup't.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE,
VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.
THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT.
AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."

The magnificent steamer
COMMONWEALTH,
ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
The elegant steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK,
ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
AT 4 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

REMOVAL.

The Peoples' Line, "New-Jersey Steamboat Company, have removed from the foot of Cortlandt-st. to their spacious new offices, Pier No. 41, south side Canal-st., where on the opening of navigation, they will be happy to transport passengers and freight as heretofore.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 27, 1865.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Trains north and east from New-Haven 11 P. M.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT under and by virtue of a certain instrument of indenture, dated the sixth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, made and entered into between EDWARD K. COLLINS, JAMES BROWN, ELISHA RIGGS, WILLIAM S. WETMORE and STEWART BROWN, of the first part; PROSPER M. WETMORE, of the second part, and the United States of America, by JOHN Y. MASON, Secretary of the Navy of the United States, of the third part, and for the purpose of obtaining repayment of the sum of one hundred and fifteen thousand and five hundred dollars, being the amount of the outstanding balance of advances due, unpaid and unrefunded to the United States, with interest thereon from the twentieth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, I will on the first day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, at twelve o'clock at noon, sell at the Merchants' Exchange, at the City of New-York, at public auction, for cash, the steamship *Atlantic*, her tackle, apparel, &c.
PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

NEW-YORK, April 19, 1858.

The above sale having been postponed from time to time to this date, it is hereby again postponed until THURSDAY, October twenty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, at twelve o'clock at noon.
PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

NEW-YORK, May 31, 1864.

The above sale is postponed till Wednesday, November thirty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, at the same hour and place.
PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, October 20, 1864.

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, Jan. 26, 1865, at the same hour and place.
PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 30, 1864.

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, March 23, 1865, at the same hour and place.
PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 26, 1865.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Sixty-sixth-street, from Fifth-avenue to the East River, in the City of New-York. Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York hereby give notice that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on SATURDAY, the Fourth day of March, 1865, at the opening of the court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the opening of Sixty-sixth-street, from Fifth-avenue to the East River, in said city, as laid out on the map or plan of said city, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An act relative to improvements touching the laying out of streets and roads in the City of New-York, and for other purposes," passed April 3d, 1807.—Dated NEW-YORK, Feb. 7, 1865.
JOHN E. DEVELIN, Counsel to the Corporation.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, from Mount Morris-square to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York. Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York hereby give notice that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865, at the opening of the court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the opening of One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, from Mount Morris-square to the Hudson River, in said city, as laid out on the map or plan of said city, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An act relative to improvements touching the laying out of streets and roads in the City of New-York, and for other purposes," passed April 3, 1807.—Dated NEW-YORK, Feb. 7, 1865.
JOHN E. DEVELIN, Counsel to the Corporation.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New-York relative to the extension of Church-street, from the southerly side of Fulton-street to Morris-street, in the city of New-York. Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New-York hereby give notice, that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said court, to be held at the City Hall, in the city of New-York, on SATURDAY, the 4th day of March, 1865, at the opening of the court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the extension of Church-street from the southerly side of Fulton-street to Morris-street, in said city.
JOHN E. DEVELIN,
Counsel to the Corporation.
Dated NEW-YORK, Feb. 7, 1865.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.

THE LAST NIGHTS
of
HAMLET
are drawing near.
TO-NIGHT,
EDWIN BOOTH
will appear in his grand role of
HAMLET,
being its
SEVENTY-SEVENTH
CONSECUTIVE PERFORMANCE.

ONE OF THE NOBLEST PIECES OF DRAMATIC ART EVER SEEN IN ANY LAND OR IN ANY AGE. WE TRUST IT WILL NOT BE WITHDRAWN UNTIL EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD IN THE COMMUNITY HAS SEEN IT.—*New-York Herald.*

Doors open at 6¾; commence at 7½.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Mr. Stuart has to announce that on SATURDAY, 25th, will take place the second of the series of grand matinées of
BOOTH'S HAMLET,
which will be presented with all its splendor of appointments and appliances and perfection of cast. Private boxes, orchestra chairs and reserved seats may be secured at the usual prices. The whole of the rest of the house will be thrown open to the public at one price, 75 cents. Doors will be opened at 1 o'clock, and performance commence at 1½, in time to enable families from Brooklyn, Staten Island, and adjacent cities on the Philadelphia, Harlem, New-Haven and Hudson River lines, at whose special request these matinées were given, to reach home in seasonable time. Ladies in the country desiring seats can have them secured by writing to Mr. Stuart or Treasurer, Winter Garden.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. LESTER WALLACK
THURSDAY,
(Second time here.) Tom Taylor's admirable comedy,
STILL WATERS RUN DEEP,
And, second time in ten years, the excellent farce of
HIGH LIFE BELOW STAIRS.
FRIDAY—Benefit of Miss MADELINE HENRIQUES, first time this season, Sheridan Knowles' standard play of
THE HUNCHBACK.
SATURDAY, (third time here)—STILL WATERS RUN DEEP and HIGH LIFE BELOW STAIRS.
MONDAY—Tom Taylor's great Domestic Drama,
THE TICKET
OF
LEAVE MAN,
will be produced, for the first time in this theatre, with a Great Cast, New Scenery, Dresses and Appointments, and Incidental Music.
Doors open at 7¼; overture at 7¾.

ROSSITER'S

Illustration of
MILTON'S PARADISE LOST,
consisting of a series of paintings, representing
EVE,
MORNING,
NOON,
EVENING,
ADAM,
will be open for exhibition at the Milton Gallery, No. 646 Broadway. TO-DAY—day and evening.

Also, the Home of Washington After the War. This is considered the finest collection of paintings ever offered for exhibition. All should see them.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

NIBLO'S SALOON.
SATURDAY, FEB. 25, 1865, AT 8 O'CLOCK P. M.
LE COUCHER D'UNE ETOILE.
Comedy by Leon Gozlan.
LA NIAISE DE ST. FLOUR.
Comedy Vaudeville by M. Bayard.
Theatre office at No. 678 Broadway, ground floor.

WALLACK'S.

BENEFIT
OF
MISS MADELINE HENRIQUES.
FRIDAY, FEB. 24,
Will be acted (first time this season) Sheridan Knowles' standard play,
THE HUNCHBACK.
Box Book now open.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 62 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

AFFLICTED RESTORED—IGNORANCE EXPOSED—FALLACIES UNMASKED.—Highly important to both sexes, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide. 80th edition 400 pages, nearly 100 anatomical illustrations—upon debility, affections of the bladder and kidneys, sexual diseases, European hospital practice, the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. All should purchase this original work of the American News Company, No. 121 Nassau street, or the publisher, E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., for $1 00, or consult the doctor, No. 173 Broadway, up-stairs, New-York, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. "We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—*Courier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review.*

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

WEAKNESS OF THE BLADDER.—THE application of the urethratome for the immediate cure of stricture has developed the fact that most cases of incontinence depend on irritation of the urethra, continued backward to the closing muscle of the bladder, and producing exhaustion of its contractile power and incontinence. For the rationale and mode of cure, see page 26 of Lecture on Stricture, delivered to his private surgical class, by EDWARD H. DIXON, editor of the *Scalpel*. Address E. WARNER, Box No. 3,121, inclosing 10 cents, or No. 1 Vesey-st, Astor House.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the SCALPEL, attends exclusively to operative surgery and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, stricture, hernia, hemorrhoids, varicocele and fistula. No. 42 5th av., between 10th and 11th sts. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., and 162 Chambers-st.; and by mail, with full instructions; address Box 2,359 N. Y. P. O.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchased directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st., N. Y.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED.—DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, informs ladies that "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is for every lady, but more particularly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., and No. 1 Vesey-st.

THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read lots of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis.

RELIEF OF CHARLESTON.

The American Union Commission, in view of the extreme suffering of the aged and helpless people rendered destitute by the burning of the City of Charleston by the rebel army, sends an agent at once to that city to relieve and report upon their necessities. Supplies in aid of the work may be sent to the office of the Union Commission, No. 34 Bible House, and will be immediately dispatched to Charleston. Money may be sent to A. V. STOUT, Esq., Treasurer, President of the Shoe and Leather Bank, No. 271 Broadway, for the Union Commission.
JOSEPH P. THOMPSON, President.
RANL. M. MARSH, Corresponding Secretary A. U. C.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

AFTERNOON AT 3.—EVENING AT 7½.
The great Local and Moral
ONE THOUSAND DOLLAR DRAMA,
written by Miss LAURA KEENE, the
WORKMEN OF NEW-YORK;
OR, THE CURSE OF DRINK.
MORNING, AT 11,
EXPOSE OF SPIRITUALISM,
BY DR. W. F. VON VLECK.
with practical illustrations.
GREAT DANCING GIRAFFE,
BY TONY DENIER.
Walter's life-size figures of the
JAPANESE NOBILITY,
WAX FIGURES, TAKEN FROM LIFE, OF
MRS. GEN. TOM THUMB AND BABY.
PROF. HUTCHINGS—LIGHTNING CALCULATOR.
TWO FAT WOMEN—LIVING SKELETON,
THREE GIANTS—24 FEET HIGH.
WOODROFFE'S BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWERS.
TWO GLASS STEAM-ENGINES IN MOTION.
CIRCASSIAN GIRL, DWARF, ALBINO BOY,
LIVING OTTERS, FRENCH MOVING FIGURES,
AQUARIA, MENAGERIE, &c.
Admission 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. BEGINS AT 7½.

Lessee and Manager..........WM. WHEATLEY
LAST WEEK BUT ONE
of the very successful and brilliant engagement of
MRS. F. W. LANDER,
formerly
MISS DAVENPORT.
Mr. Wheatley respectfully announces that a
SECOND BENEFIT
for the
SHAKSPEARE MONUMENT FUND,
will take place at this theatre
THIS (Thursday) EVENING, Feb. 23, 1865,
On which occasion will be performed one of the most perfect creations of Shakspeare's mighty genius, the Comedy, in five acts, entitled
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

Beatrice	Mrs. F. W. Lander
Benedick	Mr. W. Wheatley
Don Pedro	Mr. Charles Pope
Don John	Mr. J. F. Hagan
Count Claudio	Mr. J. W. Collier
Dogberry	Mr. J. G. Burnett
Leonato	Mr. J. Nunan
Antonio	Mr. E. B. Holmes
Verges	Mrs. Geo. Becks
Friar	Mr. C. Barry
Sexton	Mr. Danvers
Hero	Miss Maria Maeder
Ursula	Mrs. Skerrett
Margaret	Miss Burke

TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) EVENING, Feb. 24, in consequence of its great success on its first representation, the
HUNCHBACK
will be repeated.
Due notice will be given of the repetition of the
BELLE'S STRATEGEM.
PRICES AS USUAL.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

BROADWAY THEATRE. BEGINS AT 7½.

"Well we know, and knowing, we rejoice.
The mightiest critic is the public voice."

SIGNAL TRIUMPH
OF "OUR GREAT COMEDIAN,"
as "Figaro," the brilliant critic of the New-York *Weekly Review*, justly terms
MR. JOHN E. OWENS.
THE THEATRE CROWDED FROM FLOOR TO ROOF.
EVERY DRESS CIRCLE SEAT SOLD BEFORE NIGHT.
THRONGS TURNED AWAY AT NIGHT.
ROARS OF LAUGHTER AND APPLAUSE.
REPEATED CALLS BEFORE THE CURTAIN.
THE HERALD ON OWEN'S TRIUMPH.

"* * Forty Winks and Toodles were produced before a very crowded house. In Forty Winks Mr. John Owens threw the audience into convulsions of laughter. They screamed, shrieked, shouted, stamped, clapped each other on the back, punched each other in the ribs, and fairly doubled themselves up with laughter. We have never heard such roars; we have never seen such abandon at any other place of amusement."—*Herald, Feb. 21.*

To commence with Mr. Owen's version of
TOODLES.
TOODLES.
TIMOTHY TOODLES..........MR. JOHN E. OWENS.
To conclude with the great specialty,
FORTY WINKS.
FORTY WINKS.
HORATIO SPRUGGINS..........MR. JOHN E. OWENS.

NIBLO'S SALOON.

MD'LLE H. DE KATOW.
THE FOURTH GRAND CONCERT
of the renowned Russian Violoncellist,
MD'LLE HELENE DE KATOW,
and the highly successful Piano-forte Virtuoso and Composer,
MR. JAMES M. WEHLI,
will take place
ON FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 24, at 8 P. M
THE FIRST AND ONLY GRAND MATINEE
on SATURDAY, at 1 o'clock, when the young American Prima Donna,
MISS LAURA HARRIS,
and the favorite English tenor
MR. ERNEST PERRING,
will assist.
Musical Director..........SIG ROSA

Admission to evening performance, $1; reserved seats, 50 cents extra. To the matinee there is no extra charge for secured seats. Seats for either may be secured at Messrs. Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Hall & Son's, No. 541 Broadway, and Sibel's, No. 5 Wall-st.

J. N. PATTISON'S

THIRD SOIREE MUSICALE,
THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 23,
AT STEINWAY'S CONCERT ROOMS,
NO. 71 EAST 14TH-ST.,
assisted by J. H. BARCLAY, Contralto; Sig. ERNESTO MONGIARDINI, Tenor.
TICKETS $1 50,
to be had at Steinway's, and at the door.

CONCERT.

METROPOLITAN MUSICAL ASSOCIATION
BROADWAY ATHENEUM, NO. 728 BROADWAY,
THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 23, 1865.
MRS. MOZART,
MME. BOULIGNY,
S. B. MILLS, Pianist,
GEO. W. MORGAN, Organist.
Tickets 50 cents. For sale at all the music stores and at the door.

INSTRUCTION.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.

A Boarding-School for boys, 16 miles above New-York, on the Hudson. Circulars at W. H. Arthur & Co.'s, No. 39 Nassau-st., N. Y., or address
BENJAMIN MASON, Principal.

MRS. JOHN LORD (MISS TUCKER) REceives into her family fifteen young ladies to educate, assisted by competent resident teachers, and by eminent professors from New-York.
STAMFORD, CONN.
REFERENCES.—Rt. Rev. John Williams, D. D., Bishop of Connecticut; Rev. Walter Mitchell, Stamford, Conn.; Capt. Wm. Skiddy, Stamford, Conn.; Francis Skiddy, Esq., New-York, &c., &c.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE AFFORDS the very best advantages for a classical, scientific, commercial and musical education. French conversation and Lewis' gymnastics for ladies, and military drill for gents daily, without extra charge. A new gymnasium, costing $6,000. Seventeen instructors. Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia Co., N. Y.

A CARD.—EDWARD BARRY, A. M., PROFESSOR of Greek and Latin, of twenty years' experience, and during the last nine years Head Classical Teacher in a large seminary in this city, wishes a similar position in a first-class school. Pupils thoroughly prepared for college by private tuition. Highest city references. Address as above, Station E, Post-office.

ENGLEWOOD INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG Ladies, Englewood, N. J., near New-York City. The next quarter commences March 1.
J. A. FOWLER, W. D. DWIGHT, Principals.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE—(Classical, Commercial and French,) No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st. and Washington-square.
GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

THE SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GT. BARRINGTON, MASS.—For twenty very select young boys. Those never from home before preferred. Send for circulars. JAMES SEDGWICK, M. A., Principal.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL—WHITE Plains, New-York, one hour's ride from the city by Harlem Railroad. O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 212 5th-av. GEO. C. ANTHON.

TEACHERS.

MILITARY INSTRUCTOR.—WANTED, AN unmarried gentleman (a graduate of West Point preferred) to take charge of the Military Department, and to teach mathematics, in a first-class boarding-school. Address PRINCIPAL, Box No. 173 *Times* Office.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE, BOTH IN teaching and the care of children, with reference as to faithful performance of duty, desires a situation to teach small children, and would assist in family sewing; country preferred. E. R. R., Box No. 117 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A FEMALE ASSISTANT TEACHER in a public school, salary $400 per annum. Call on or address Dr. JONES, Mount Vernon, Westchester county, New-York, or WILLIAM SMEATON, in public school at No. 188 East 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, A SITUATION as governess, or companion to an invalid; is a good reader and writer, and fully capable of teaching English branches and the first rudiments of French and music. Address I. D. F., Box No. 136 *Times* Office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP EXISTING between the undersigned, under the firm name of T. PORTER SHAW & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The unsettled business of the firm will be liquidated by T. PORTER SHAW.
T. PORTER SHAW,
M. AYRES.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1865.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.

Director..........MAX MARETZEK
TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) EVENING, Feb. 24, AT 8,
FOURTEENTH SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT.
First time in America of Verdi's last work of
LA FORZA DEL DESTINO.
(The Force of Destiny.)
which will be produced in the most gorgeous style.
WITH NEW AND BRILLIANT SCENERY BY H. W. CALYO, new and splendid costumes by Signor Bruschi and Mme. Macchi, new appointments and properties by Sig. Abiatti, and an extraordinary brilliant cast, including
CAROZZI-ZUCCHI,
MORENSI,
MASSIMILIANI,
BELLINI,
SUSINI,
LORINI,
DUBREUL.
The incidental ballet by
ERNESTINE and AURIOL.
Conductor..........Mr. CARL BERGMANN
NO MATINEE ON SATURDAY NEXT.
TUESDAY EVENING—LA FORZA DEL DESTINO.

Seats may be secured for the above-named performance at the Academy, at Beer & Schirmer's, No 701 Broadway, at Pond & Co.'s, No. 547 Broadway, and at Root & Anthony's, corner Nassau and Pine sts.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.
Director..........MAX MARETZEK.
THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, Feb. 23, at 8,
(third subscription night,)
will be presented Flotow's charming and popular Opera of
MARTHA, MARTHA,
With a most complete cast.

The sale of secured seats commences this morning in Brooklyn, at the box-office of the Academy, and in New-York at Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

MONDAY, Feb. 27, benefit of CAROZZI-ZUCCHI,
Extra Night—ERNANI.

NIBLO'S SALOON CAMILLA URSO.

The public are respectfully informed that
CAMILLA URSO,
the unrivaled lady violinist will give her
SECOND GRAND CONCERT
on the evening of
THURSDAY, Feb 23.
The following attractions will appear:
Mme. VARIAN, the charming prima donna.
TERESA CARRENO, the wonderful child pianist.
Mons. CORADI COLLIERE, first barite of the Opera Comique, Paris.
EDW. HOFFMAN, the well known pianist and composer.
Tickets, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra.

Ticket offices for the sale of Reserved Seats, at Beer & Schirmer's, Broadway; at Scharfenberg & Luis, No. 769 Broadway, and Wm. Hall & Son, No. 543 Broadway, is now open.

HIPPOTHEATRON—BEGINS AT 7 1-4.

THIS AND EVERY EVENING,
GRAND MATINEES WED'Y AND SAT'Y, AT 2½.
UNPRECEDENTED, UNQUALIFIED AND MARVELOUS SUCCESS OF
MOTHER GOOSE
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Production of the new Phenomenal Sensation TO-MORROW (Friday, Feb 24,) involving an entirely novel and wondrous scientific discovery, and a marvel beyond all marvels, entitled GYGES, GYGES, or the secret of becoming instantaneously invisible at will. the invisible person occupying the same space and with the same and no other surroundings as when visible. The marvelous effects of the Gyges will be introduced in a dramatic illustration entitled TARTINI'S DREAM.

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MONDAY EVENING NEXT, FEB. 27.

MUSICAL.

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For Violin, Flute, Fife, Clarionet, or Cornet. No. 1 contains 700 tunes; 40 sets of quadrilles; 100 contra and fancy dances, with figures and calls; 100 opera melodies, polkas, marches, waltzes, etc. Price $1 25. No. 2 contains 850 tunes; 200 Irish, 200 Scotch and 200 opera airs; 100 duetts, for violin and flute. Price $1 25. Musical instruments, every description. Send stamp for price list.
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Three Banks keys and pedals, No. 1..........$600
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Double reed, superior 5-octave, $150, 4-octave..........125
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CAUTION.—Though of similar appearance, these instruments must not be confounded with the so-called "Cabinet Organs," the harsh tones of which are carefully avoided.

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Our company being composed entirely of superior workmen, we are enabled to produce a more perfect Piano-forte than any other house.

Every instrument guaranteed for five years.

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Manufactory and Warerooms,
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THE HORACE WATERS GRAND SQUARE and upright Pianos, Melodeon, Harmoniums and Æolian Organs, wholesale and retail; to let and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand Pianos at bargains from $60 to $225. Sheet Music, a little soiled, at 1½ cent per page. Pianist in attendance to try new music. Factory and warerooms No. 481 Broadway.

SECOND-HAND PIANO-FORTES FOR SALE.—Two second-hand rosewood, iron frame piano-fortes made by PIRSSON, (6⅔ octave.) Also one 7 octave iron frame rosewood piano, very cheap at J. PIRSSON'S, No. 25 Howard-st.; also a very superior new scale, overstrung 7-octave piano, at a very low price.

PIANOS—NEW AND SECOND-HAND—CHEAPest in the city; also, harmoniums, melodeons, watches, jewelry, paintings, segars, furs, albums, 1 set elegant window curtains, sewing machines, &c.; cash paid for pianos and other goods. J. F. JONES, No. 52 Ann-st.

A SPLENDID PIANO-FORTE, WITH extra fine carving all round; rich carved legs, &c., will be sold very low. Also one plainer piano for sale low or to let; warranted for five years. Apply at No. 120 East 21st-st.

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BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.'S PIANOS, well known for their superior excellence, for sale at No. 748 Broadway. A few instruments at low prices.

WANTED—A PIANO PLAYER, AT NO. 474 Broome-st.

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AGENCY WANTED—EITHER IN FIRE, life, petroleum, sewing-machine or coal companies; have fine office, largely patronized; facilities to do a large amount of business for any person wishing their business increased. Address TILL, Box No. 102 *Times* Office.

NATIONAL REJOICING.

[*Continued from the First Page.*]

that "they have concluded, purely from motives of economy, and in order to give greater *éclat* to the occasion, to discontinue the annual custom of dining with the principal officers of the General and State Governments and prominent and influential citizens, and instead have arranged for a celebration of the day in a manner that is deemed by them more in consonance with public sentiment, and in keeping with the genius of our institutions."

SUSPENSION OF BUSINESS.

In accordance with the Mayor's proclamation, the private places of business were very generally closed. The law courts were not opened. The Board of Brokers and the Produce Exchange also took a holiday. The Insurance Companies were open only during the forenoon. By order of the Common Council, one hundred guns were fired at the Battery and Union Square at sunrise.

OTHER CELEBRATIONS.

The Spitzhulgen Club gave a fancy dress ball at Irving Hall; a grand concert was given by 1,500 Sabbath School children at Cooper Institute. A concert was given by the choir of the German Methodist Episcopal Church in Second-street, near Avenue B; the Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers, No. 37 Bowery, was gaily decorated with flags, and a number of anthems and patriotic songs and glees were sung by 500 children. The theatres displayed unusually attractive bills and were crowded to excess.

The Celebration of Our Victories.

MEETING OF PROMINENT CITIZENS ON THE SUBJECT—CONCERNING THE FLAG OF FORT SUMTER—SPIRITED RESOLUTIONS, ETC.

A meeting of some of our most prominent citizens was held at the Collector's Office, in the Custom-house, at 1 P. M. yesterday, to make arrangements for an appropriate celebration of our late glorious victories.

The meeting was well attended. Among those present were Messrs. Moses Taylor, George Opdyke, S. B. Chittenden, Samuel Sloan, Chas. H. Russell, P. M. Wetmore, W. E. Dodge, W. M. Evarts, John J. Cisco, Paul Spofford and Frank E. Home.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Paul Spofford, who nominated Mr. Moses Taylor as Chairman. The motion was adopted, and Messrs. Sloan and Chittenden were appointed to act as Secretaries.

Mr. Taylor briefly explained the object of the meeting, and the following resolutions were offered by Mr. Samuel Sloan:

Resolved, That the war to quell rebellion, which was rapidly approaching its inevitable conclusion, involves essentially the principles of self-government, human freedom and Christian civilization; that the people of the United States have abundant cause for congratulation in the knowledge that while successfully maintaining, by force of arms, the Government of their choice, and the life of the nation, they are at the same time effectually asserting the inviolable doctrine that this continent is forever devoted to the cause of liberal institutions and Republican Government.

Resolved, That the recent signal victory achieved by the military and naval power of the United States over the insurgent forces in revolt against the Government, call for the expression of cordial congratulations to the officers, soldiers and seamen who share in the renown of these glorious successes.

Resolved, That the armies led by Gens. Grant, Sherman, Thomas, Meade, Sheridan and Terry, and the naval forces serving under the orders of Admirals Farragut and Porter, have, by their valor and devotion to duty, maintained the integrity of the nation and upheld the honor of the flag, and richly deserve the applause of a grateful people.

Resolved, That in brilliancy of design, intrepid energy of action, inexorable determination to compel success, the campaign of Georgia and the Carolinas has no example in military history, and covers the names of Grant and Sherman with imperishable glory.

Resolved, That the treacherous assault upon Sumter has been fitly expiated in the ignominious flight of the assailants without a shot fired in defence of a city devoted to treason.

Resolved, That it is becoming in a free and enlightened people to recognize and applaud distinguished public services rendered in the cause of the country, and that the citizens of New-York regard it as a duty to give public expression of their gratitude to the heroic men, who, under Divine Providence, have defended and preserved the honor and the life of the nation.

Resolved, That a committee of citizens be appointed to consider and report at a subsequent meeting, to be called by the Chairman and Secretary in regard to time and manner of celebrating the recent triumphs of the Union arms, and with the purpose of uniting a whole community, irrespective of all other considerations, in a grand ovation to the principles of loyal duty to the country and its Government.

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be transmitted to the President of the United States, to the Governor of this State, and to the several officers named therein, and that the same be published.

The resolutions were seconded by Mr. Charles H. Russell, who said there could be no need to expatiate on the sentiments contained in the resolutions, for they must necessarily find an echo in every loyal heart.

Mr. Wm. Evarts said he was not in the room when the resolutions were read, but he was cordially with the meeting in the object proposed. The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Judge Davies said he wished to call attention to a fact not generally known. When Gen. Anderson was compelled to evacuate Fort Sumter, the old flag was taken down and brought to this city. Since that day it had been boxed up and had never seen the light. He thought this an eminently fitting time to take notice of the fact, and he begged to offer the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to send a national ship to Charleston Harbor, to convey thither Gen. Robert Anderson, that he may replace upon the flagstaff of Fort Sumter that National banner, the emblem of our liberties and of our Union, which on the 1th of April, 1861, he was compelled to lower at the dictation of the traitors of South Carolina.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. R. L. Stuart, and was unanimously adopted.

Mr. R. M. Blatchford moved the appointment of a committee according to the terms of the resolutions, and the following gentlemen were appointed by the chairman:

Moses Taylor, A. A. Low, Hamilton Fish, John C. Green, R. M. Blatchford, M. H. Grinnell, J. J. Astor, Jr., Charles H. Russell, S. Craper, Charles H. Marshall, A. T. Stewart, R. D. Lathrop, Samuel Sloan, Wm. T. Blodgett, H. M. Tabor, A. C. Richards, J. J. Phelps, S. B. Chittenden, Denning Duer, F. W. Worth, Edward Pierrepont, W. M. Evarts, Shepard Gandy, Wm. H. Lee, W. Hutchins, L. W. Jerome, Prosper M. Wetmore, B. W. Bonney, Edward Minturn, W. E. Dodge, W. R. Vermilye, Richard Schell, Frank E. Howe, Robert L. Stuart, Paul Spofford, Robert H. McCurdy, Marshall O. Roberts, Henry R. Bogert, Elliot C. Cowdin, Wm. Seligman, W. M. Vermilye, George Opdyke, Henry Clews.

The meeting then adjourned, subject to the call of the chair.

Presentation of Colors to the Twenty-second Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y.

Among the most agreeable incidents of the celebration of Washington's Birthday was the presentation of colors to the Twenty-Second National Guard of the State of New-York. At 8 o'clock the magnificent armory of the regiment, corner of Fourteenth-street and Sixth-avenue, was thrown open, when a vast throng of ladies and gentlemen entered the building. The armory was splendidly illuminated, and was literally lined with the Stars and Stripes, and profusely ornamented with flowers. Shortly after, the regiment, numbering some 600 men, took up their position under command of Lieut.-Col. James F. Cox, acting Colonel, in the absence of Col. Lloyd Aspinwall, who is at present in Europe. There were two sets of colors presented, one voted by the City, the other by lady friends of the regiment. The colors were very beautiful, and of the richest material. The city colors were presented by John E. Develin, Esq., Counsel to the Corporation, in an eloquent speech. Lieut.-Col. Cox returned thanks. The ladies' colors were presented by Chaplain Booth, in a neat speech, which was responded to by Maj. Post. The band of the regiment was in attendance under the direction of the leader, Mr. Helmsmuller, and performed splendidly throughout the evening. Dancing and promenading was kept up to a late hour.

The Institute of Reward for Orphans of Patriots.

The anniversary concert of the United Sabbath Schools of all denominations, for the Institute of Reward for Orphans of Patriots, took place last evening at the Cooper Institute. Rev. Dr. Bell, pastor of the Fiftieth-street Presbyterian Church, presided. The concert was under the direction of Prof. Benjamin.

The various denominations comprise about 2,000 children, but only about 800 could be accommodated last evening. But there are three concerts—one which took place yesterday morning, one last evening, and one to be held this evening—in which the whole of the children will have an opportunity of participating. The proceedings consisted of solos, duets and recitations, the execution reflecting much credit on the youthful performers. A song, composed by Prof. Benjamin, giving a synopsis of the national triumphs of the past week, was received with great favor, and a piece called the "Harmonie Mountain," from the pen of Dr. Holton, Recording Secretary of the Institute, was so admirably delivered by Miss Louise Webster, that it gained for the young lady a premium of $50. The results of the anniversary will be about $1,200, which will be devoted to the relief of the orphans of our patriotic soldiers, who have fallen in the struggle for their country.

The Second Life of Washington.

LECTURE BY REV. DR. OSGOOD.

Rev. Dr. Osgood lectured last evening on "The Second Life of Washington," before the Osgood Literary Society, at the corner of Second-avenue and Eleventh-street. The lecture was full of beautiful passages, original thought, and patriotic sentiment. He predicted the speedy suppression of treason, the restoration of the national unity, and avowed himself in favor of the abolition of slavery by legislation. The lecturer briefly sketched the circumstances attending Washington's birth, and the leading events of his life. He said that at his death Washington entered upon his second life, since which he has been a living power on this earth as never before; he marches with our army, sails with the navy, and watches everywhere over our flag. In 1867 he will have reached his second cycle, a period as long from his death as his death from his life. The Father is rounding the circle of his life, as we approach the consummation of a reunited country, which will inaugurate a grand jubilee that will reign from the Atlantic to the Pacific. When he died Washington was nearer the hearts of the people than ever before. In praising Washington we do not intend to disparage his associates in council; but in elevating him, we ennoble them. He was the keystone that kept the arch together. In his life he was the great Union leader. The lecturer gave a brief and interesting review of the life of Washington, comparing the condition of the country at that time with the present wealth and power of the nation. He said that, with Washington, he wished to see slavery removed from the land, but that the only way to accomplish that end was by legislation. Washington, in his second life, is keeping the nation united. The Capitol is stronger and more secure than ever before, and painting and sculpture are still increasing within its walls, and soon the Goddess of Liberty will rise on its dome. Washington still lives in the territorial unity of the country. The speaker said that over Washington the sun of America rose, and has not yet set nor waned. [Applause.] The lecturer denounced the rebellion in severest terms, and thanked God for the conquest of the City of Charleston and the State of South Carolina. "Babylon is fallen!" Babylon the little is fallen, that made the nation drunk with the wine of its abomination. When the nation comes together again, Mason and Dixon's line will be the belt of union—not the chain of separation. The lecturer spoke of the election of last fall as expressive of the determination of the people to stand by the Union and the flag. Ever since Washington's day, secession has been trying to show its head, but has always been put down in his name. Washington is completing his second cycle. He was with Jackson in 1832, when he suppressed treason, and he also sailed with Winfield Scott, into the harbor of Charleston; stood by Anderson in 1861, and was with Gillmore, last Saturday, when he put that good old flag upon Fort Sumter once more. [Applause.] He has been with Abraham Lincoln, and has gone with us through the war, teaching us to bear reverses patiently. He was with Grant at the taking of Vicksburgh, and will go with him to Richmond; he went with Porter to Wilmington; with Sherman to Atlanta and Charleston, and will go with him to Richmond. [Applause.] His spirit leads us in this second war of the Constitution; and if the rebellion should cease, he would still guide us in peaceful enterprises. The lecturer complimented the Administration upon its course toward Europe, keeping foreign nations from any aggressive act. In concluding he compared the causes of the rebellion—slavery, sedition, and fanaticism—to the witches in "Macbeth," and said that "Macbeth" would have murdered our "Duncan" out could not. Davis, to-day, is not a happy man, and there is no rest for him but in the grave where Benedict Arnold lies. Let God have mercy on his soul, and lead him to repent of the awful wickedness he has done.

The lecturer was frequently applauded during the delivery of his discourse, which was one of the most instructive and entertaining of the season.

The Rejoicings Elsewhere.

IN JERSEY CITY.

The day was observed in Jersey City yesterday by the suspension of public business and a very general display of the national flag.

IN BROOKLYN.

This anniversary was generally observed yesterday. Places of business were closed during the afternoon. Flags were displayed from the City Hall, the new Court-house, and other public buildings throughout the city, and everything bore the aspect of a holiday. The draft in the Third District was suspended. The Second, Seventh and Thirteenth Wards will be drawn to-day.

THE ANNIVERSARY AT THE NAVY-YARD.

The Anniversary of Washington's Birth-day was celebrated at the navy-yard by an unusual display of the bunting of every nation, flung from the masts and spars of the shipping, and the public buildings. The entire force of artisans, numbering 7,000 men, were off duty, and work was suspended. A salute of 21 guns was fired from the shipping, in honor of the occasion, at noon; guns were also fired at sunset. A considerable number of visitors at the yard kept the urbane Capt. Waugh at his post, inspecting passes.

IN WASHINGTON.

A grand national salute was fired at noon to-day, from all the fortifications around Washington, in honor of the day and the result of the glorious victories.

IN NORWALK, CONN.

By order of the Mayor a salute of one hundred guns was fired, and the fire bells were rung in honor of the day, and of the reëstablishing of the old flag over the walls of Fort Sumter.

IN POUGHKEEPSIE,

one hundred guns have just been fired, and the bells rung, in honor of the late telling blows against the rebellion. The air is filled with shouts, and "Old Glory" floats everywhere.

IN MIDDLETOWN.

One hundred guns are being fired by the Douglass Battery in this city in honor of the fall of Charleston and Fort Sumter.

IN ROCHESTER

a salute of one hundred guns is now being fired in honor of the national victories, in the capture of Charleston and Columbia. The public and other buildings are decorated with flags, and universal jollification prevails.

AT SANDY HOOK.

A salute of 36 guns was fired here at 12 o'clock M. to-day, in honor of the restoration of our flag over Fort Sumter and Charleston. The salute was fired in excellent time, by the Twenty-eighth New-York Battery of Volunteers, at this post.

IN ALBANY.

At noon to-day the Mayor caused a salute of 100 guns to be fired and the different church bells to be rung in honor of the capture of Charleston and in commemoration of the day. This evening a number of public and private buildings are illuminated.

IN SYRACUSE

Washington's Birthday and the celebration of the evacuation of Charleston was observed by a salute of 100 guns, the ringing of bells, and the twenty-third annual parade of the Citizens Corps and other military and civic bodies. The day ended with balls, illuminations and general festivity.

IN UTICA

There was a salute of 100 guns, a military parade and a general display of bunting, to-day, in honor of Washington's Birthday and of the recent Union victories.

IN PROVIDENCE, R. I.

The day has been celebrated here with unwonted spirit. Salutes were fired, bells rung morn, noon and night. The Light Infantry paraded, and will hold a fancy-dress ball to-night. Thomas H. Seekel had his hand partly blown off while firing the salute.

IN NEW-LONDON.

The taking of Charleston was celebrated to-day by a salute, a display of flags and ringing of bells. Salutes were also fired from Fort Trumbull and the United States revenue cutter *James Campbell*.

THE SENATE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

City Inspector's Department—Testimony of Alderman Kelly, Capt. Hartt and Others.

The Senate Investigating Committee resumed the examination of the City Inspector's Department on Tuesday morning. Ex-Judge Whiting appeared for the Citizens' Association, and John Graham acted as counsel for Mr. Boole, City Inspector.

Sylvanus Gedney was the first witness examined. He testified that he was Assistant Superintendent of Streets under Col. Childs, in 1849, '50 and '51; the cost of cleaning the streets during 1850 was about $158,000; that sum was reduced by a revenue of $34,655 58 derived from manure and ashes; at that time there were 170 miles of paved streets cleaned; the officers in the department beside witness and the Commissioner, were a Clerk, Assistant Clerk, inspectors on different manure heaps, and occasionally an inspector on the dumping ground; there were then six dumping grounds; each Captain of police acted then as an inspector of his ward, and sometimes a man was detailed to assist him; witness observed the extension of the city since 1851, and believed that 25 per cent. would cover the increased cost of cleaning the streets now; the value of the manure would also be about 25 per cent. higher; witness believed under the present system there was no one in the department responsible for anything; witness believed if we went back to the system adopted in 1851, it would be better for the city; his theory was that the power should be vested in the Board of Aldermen, and that they should be held responsible for it; if they did anything wrong, they could be put out of office; the City of New-York would be all right if it had honest men to take charge of its affairs; the evils in the departments were owing to the large number for whom places were made, and to the fact that politicians had control of them; when witness was in office, the laborers received $1 per day.

In his cross-examination, the witness said he believed the evils in the department could be remedied, by holding the superintendent to a strict accountability for its administration.

William Clarke, a policeman of the Nineteenth Precinct, testified that he knew a man named Patrick Carroll, a liquor dealer, at the corner of Forty-second-street and Third-avenue, whom he heard was a Health Warden; did not see him doing anything but attending to his bars in Forty-second-street and in Jones' Woods.

Cross-examined—Could not say that he did not attend to the duties of Health Warden.

Capt. Hart, of the Nineteenth Precinct, deposed that he saw Carroll at his place of business since May last; only knew of his performing two acts as a Health Warden since that time.

Cross-examined—Did not watch him to see if he performed those duties.

Michael Reilly testified that he held the office of Special Inspector in the City Inspector's Department, and was also employed in Mr. Badger's iron foundry; attended to both situations; could perform the duties of inspector in four hours each day; and did so in the morning before he went to his work in the foundry, and in the evening when he left it; some days he left off work to perform his duties, and had been sworn to do so.

Samuel Dorsett, foreman of Badger's foundry, deposed that the last witness lost 35 days from July 1 to Dec. 31; he sometimes made up the time by working at night.

Alderman Kelly testified that he knew of some men in his ward (the 11th,) who were on the pay-rolls of the City Inspector's Department, who do not do any work for the money; believed one-half of the men on the pay-roll did not perform any duties.

Cross-Examined—Did not know that fact of his own knowledge; one man was on the pay-roll, named McGovern, who kept the largest liquor-store in his ward; another, who was a Deputy Sheriff, was put down as a street-sweeper (laughter;) another man was put on the pay-roll who held an office in the Court of Oyer and Terminer; the witness confessed that he had threatened to work against Mr. Boole, and closed by remarking that Mr. Boole had taxed all his employes one month's salary, in order to proceed with the funds to Albany.

The committee took a recess.

On reassembling witnesses were called for the defence.

Mr. Taylor, assistant clerk to the Board of Aldermen, was examined in relation to the acts of the Common Council authorising the cleaning of the streets by Mr. Boole, and the appointment of officers.

The correspondence between the Mayor and the Corporation Counsel, in relation to awarding the contract between the Street-cleaning Commission and Mr. Badger, was read. The corporation counsel gave it as his opinion that in compliance with the provisions of the act, the commission had the power to make the contract; but the offer of Mr. Badger was informal and inadmissable, inasmuch as the piers, dumping-grounds, manure, and croton water required by Mr. Badger as the basis of his contract, could not be legally given to him.

Mr. Chambers was called—Witness had examined the various contracts for street-cleaning since 1843; all such contracts down to that of Hackley were either cancelled or revoked.

Mr. Taylor was re-called—The witness read the proceedings of the Common Council, authorizing the City Inspector to cancel the Hackley contract; also the proceedings of the Commissioners of Health, authorizing Mr. Boole to clean the streets at the expense of Mr. Hackley's sureties; and in case money could not otherwise be raised, directing the Comptroller to provide the funds; the City Inspector was authorized to clean the streets on the 13th of May, 1863; the witness read the proceedings in the Board of Aldermen on the appointment of Mr. Boole as City Inspector by Mayor Opdyke.

Mr. Graham—Mr. Opdyke belonged to a different party, did he not?

Mr. Whiting—They are all alike.

The minutes of the Common Council increasing the pay of laborers were also read by witness.

The committee then adjourned.

The examination of the City Inspector's Department will be continued this morning.

Yesterday's Proceedings.—Testimony of W. R. C. Chambers, Charles G. Sisson and Daniel C. Delevan.

The Senate Committee continued the investigation of the City Inspector's Department yesterday.

W. R. C. Chambers was called for the defence. He was acquainted with Mr. Charles Wigan, who was a special inspector in the department for the Eighteenth Ward; in June 1864, a German told witness he had bought a place in the City Inspector's Department of Weigan; witness informed the City Inspector, who directed him to make an investigation of the facts; witness went to see Weigan, who was very sick, and died while Mr. Boole was making an investigation of the alleged sale of offices in his department; the information was received about the 20th of June, 1864, and Weigan died on the 4th of July; witness knew Mr. Carr while he was connected with the City Inspector's Department; in conversations with Mr. Carr in relation to the department, the latter said Mr. Boole was an efficient City Inspector; Mr. Carr was usually engaged in writing for newspapers while in the office; if he had properly attended to his duties, Mr. Carr would have been out of doors two-thirds of his time; he was not out of doors at all, however; the witness had been in the department for three years, and in his opinion, Mr. Boole had attended to his duties as faithfully as possible; he had made many improvements in the department, which is now as perfect as it can be; he did everything to make the department more efficient.

Cross-examined.—Mr. Wiegan was a German, who had acted as a Colonel in the Garibaldi Guard; witness knew that charges had been made against the City Inspector by Mr. Carr, in March; witness drew two affidavits, sworn to by Germans, saying that their former affidavits against the City Inspector were false; he did not remember who directed him to take the affidavits; witness never heard that he was charged with receiving a portion of the money obtained by the sale of offices; after procuring the affidavits, they were given to the City Inspector; Mr. Carr always spoke to witness in the highest terms of Mr. Boole; Mr. Boole has introduced improvements in the ticket system of the department.

On his re-direct examination, the witness said he had the affidavits of Mr. Carr to the pay-rolls.

Mr. Carr said they were never sworn to.

The witness replied that Mr. Carr did swear to them, and he knew it.

The chairman said the witness had answered the question, and that was sufficient.

The witness said he would not be insulted by a person sitting in the room.

Charles S. Sisson testified that he was connected with the New-Jersey Central Railroad; he had charge of the filling of the water front at Jersey City; he had a contract with Mr. Winants in the filling of the lots; witness bought one half of the interest of Winant's in his boats; the boats were to be used in carting ashes and rubbish from Pier No. 40 North River; the receipts were to be divided; Mr. Winants told witness that the Watts-street dumping ground had been taken away from him, some one having taken the contract at four cents a load, he having offered to take it for five cents; Winants said he was confident that he could get Mr. Boole removed, and that he would get the price of removing ashes from the North River up to twelve cents a load; witness had control of the water fronts on the Jersey shore; Winants told him that he could get up the price of dirt by controlling all of the Jersey water fronts; Winants showed witness his private testimony, which he said would secure Boole's removal; Winants asked witness to sign a statement in relation to Mr. Boole, which witness pronounced untrue; Winants wanted witness to swear to conversations with Boole, before he had ever seen the City Inspector; Winants said he would have Boole removed if it cost him $10,000; Winants and Carr were to have Boole removed, when Winants would obtain the contract for removing the ashes at an increased price; Winants built some new boats in the expectation of the removal of Mr. Boole, when he would obtain contracts for carting away the rubbish and ashes; Winants told witness that he had sold his half-interest in the boats, because he had said so in his charges against the City Inspector; Winants told witness he had had an interview with the Governor, and expected the removal of Boole.

Cross-examined—There is a great deal of property to fill up on the Jersey line; it will take ten years to fill up the water fronts for the New-Jersey Central Railroad, and at Long Dock; the ashes of the city are valuable for filling; witness never asked Mr. Winants to get the pay for carting ashes increased.

Daniel C. Delevan was examined by Mr. Whiting, and testified that he was formerly City Inspector; Mr. Boole was his successor; the cost of cleaning the streets while witness was in office amounted to about $325,000; in 1860 the Hackley contract was made; but so many persons were interested in it that it was impossible to carry it out; if Mr. Hackley had been left to himself, without embarrassment, witness believed the contract would have been carried out; he did not believe the streets could be cleaned at present for less than $400,000; they should have the use of the dumping grounds, croton water, and the manure; if properly looked after, the manure would be worth $60,000 a year.

(The witness was shown a pay roll, with one hundred and fifty-five special inspectors for the twenty-two wards.)

Mr. Delevan said he did not consider special inspectors nor bell-ringers necessary; the witness was examined in relation to the clerical duties of the City Inspector's Department; the testimony was unimportant; witness has never had any correspondence with Mr. Boole in relation to improvements in the City Inspector's Department; Mr. Carr was Superintendent of Sanitary Inspection, under witness, and performed his duties faithfully.

Cross-examined.—Witness was appointed in June, 1859; he continued to clean the streets until the Hackley contract went into operation; witness inspected the condition of the streets personally each day; he suggested many improvements in the department to the Common Council; several health-bills were reported to the Legislature, changing the workings of the department, which witness opposed; the annual reports of witness were written by Mr. Carr or Mr. Dusenbury, under his direction; witness thought all the streets of New-York should be cleaned at night, and that there should be no dumping grounds in the city; the witness considers the whole ticket system a swindle; the streets of the city could be cleaned for $400,000 a year, laborers receiving $2 50 per day; a little over a hundred thousand dollars would be paid for labor; the witness would like to have a contract for cleaning the streets for five years, at $400,000 a year; the work would require from 350 to 375 laborers a day.

The committee then adjourned until 10:30 o'clock this morning.

WENDELL PHILLIPS IN BROOKLYN.

"Our Country—Our Whole Country."

Although all the seats in the Brooklyn Academy of Music, excepting a few in the upper gallery, had been engaged in advance, the audience began to assemble a full hour before the appointed time, and very early the spacious hall was completely filled. Directly over the stage hung the glorious Stars and Stripes, bearing the words now beginning to have a vital meaning, "The Union," together with a portrait of the Father of his Country. Among the persons upon the platform were Aaron M. Powell, Rev. Dr. Hatfield, Mayor Wood, Wendell Phillips Garvin, and others. At the appointed hour, the orator of the evening entered, accompanied by Theodore Tilton, by whom he was introduced.

Mr. Phillips said: Ladies and gentlemen, I would not willingly forget the day on which you are assembled—the birthday of the great American Chief; and certainly no one could forget the week in which you are assembled, the week which gives to the loyal States of the North the news that the very heart of the Confederacy has been touched, and that our flag floats again over the brain and heart of Rebellion—Charleston. (applause.) Certainly, notwithstanding that every journal has been full, and every lip eloquent on such an event, every heart trying to appreciate its full significance, still no man can meet his brother, certainly not on any public occasion, that with hearts will not run over in national triumph, in national and necessary joy that our history has reached this point; and this birthday of Washington, notwithstanding the placid calmness which dwells over history, the statuesque coldness which we associate with the balanced qualities of the great chief; has yet some peculiar significance, some special lesson for an hour of the Republic's history like this. You know that in those general camp stories which abound in the biography of most idolized Generals, which have made the "Little Corporal" of France a dearer name to the French soldier than that of Buonaparte, that in those common and ordinary lifelike and warm impulses the great American is supposed, if not deficient, at any rate scantily supplied. Very few stories have come down to us. He is always the stately chief among his equals; rarely the soldier sympathizing with his troops. Indeed, out of the half dozen stories which I recollect in the whole war-life of Washington, is one which has peculiar significance to the American nation to-day. We are told that one bitter night in January, when Washington was watching for some particular return from scout duty performed under the auspices of Col. Pickering, he waited, hour after hour, in the tent of Pickering's body servant, a negro; and as the night went away, and no news came, tired and sleepy, he turned to the man and asked, "Cannot I sleep somewhere here?" And the black pointed him to a buffalo skin—his own bed. At almost dawn Washington wrapped himself in the ample folds and lay down to rest. After an hour's nap he waked to see, in the dull cold morning, the black sitting on a camp stool shivering uncovered. Said he, "Aleck, come here; there is room for two under this skin;" and the black lay down by the American chief, and they slept the night out, side by side. The tradition rests on the testimony of the man himself, a clergyman whose life was lengthened to ninety years, and who died in Massachusetts. To-day, for the first time, America finds her flag broad enough to cover black and white equal together. [Applause.] He looks back on this great chief resting those weary hours side by side with the negro, as a fit emblem of the national existence to-day. I recal no other camp story of Washington that matches this in its general interest, certainly not in its significance. I tell it fitly when the flag floats at last again in safety over old Sumter, whence it was torn down with spite four years ago. (Applause.) I tell it because to my mind the war has begun and ended,—practically begun, and has practically ended in the significance of that single victory. We have been loth to contemplate the meaning of the strife. For, when South Carolina shotted her gun against Sumter, it was slavery that loaded it; it was bondage defying liberty that fired it against the national emblem; it was bondage in rebellion against the idea which underlay the national existence. Now, to my mind, the North never accepted the challenge until 1863. We girded ourselves for battle with the warning: "It is the flag; it shall be obeyed." Loyalty gathered Whig, Republican and Democrat into one impulse. But the North refused to see the meaning of the attack. She fired right and left, over it and under it; she refused until 1863 to fire at it. Your eloquent clergymen here said we had had but two years of war, counting McClellan's peace [Laughter and applause,] but McClellanism, the spirit which underlay McClellan, was the spirit of aiming at nothing and hitting it. [Renewed laughter.] It was a nation which shut its eyes resolutely, systematically, on purpose, against the nature of the foe; until 1863 having exhausted every other method, having tried every imaginable means, having attempted every path and finding it blocked or leading nowhere. At last the converted nation patiently stooped to the bitter cup God was holding to its lips and drained it—equality and liberty to the negro. Never until 1863 did the nation fully, and of purpose, and by its own act, recognize and indorse it. I am not now speaking of the masses, of some hundreds or thousands that may have outran the national appreciation. I am not deciding whether the people were ahead of the Government. Let by-gones be by-gones. All I know is that judging us as a nation, history will record that it was in 1863 when emancipation thundered from the White House; when the black put on the national uniform, a policy of which the canvass of Nov. 8 endorsed the loyalty and necessity; that the North lifted up the gauge of battle which South Carolina flung at its feet, and hurled it back to the Gulf, and said: "The continent is mine; and I will have it in the name of God and justice to every man born under the flag." I am not disposed to go behind that national hour—the 8th day of November. I interpret it to mean a verdict of the nation that it will save its nationality; no compromise, no cessation, no saving of men or means, that shall postpone or diminish the national purpose to found from the Gulf to the Lakes, from ocean to ocean, one Union, strong durable and just. Interpreting it—that light I have no wish to go behind it. Behind it are Whigs, Republicans, Abolitionists, Democrats, and Conservatives with their various shibboleths, and their different objects. In front of it are nothing but Americans with one object—the nation. To-day therefore, on Washington's birth day and with Charleston in our right hand, it seems to me that the only question which the thoughtful citizen should possess to himself is, where shall I go? What shall I do? What means shall I adopt in order to render that goal accessible and to secure that result? When a man of common sense has adopted an object, he reconciles his intellect and his heart to the means indispensable to acquire it. That is mother-wit. That is the peculiar characteristic of the North—a purpose, and then death or success. No matter where you carry me; no matter what honest means you propose to me; I trample everything under foot in order to reach my purpose. Now if this community accepts that goal, it seems to me it should be the purpose of every man that speaks, of every journal, of every man of influence in his own circle, to ripen the national purpose, and prepare it for the acceptance of the means necessary to the result. Behind us is encouragement enough. In this war national prejudice is melted, national purpose educated, national virtue lifted to the necessity of the hour. How sad the sight of the nation ten years ago!—that saddest of all sights, as Mons. De Tocqueville said, a Democracy without liberty. Lacking that, he adds, it has nothing. And yet that was the spectacle our America presented to the world as the model of democratic experiment. Agassiz says that thousands of years ago, the continent from the Pole to the Gulf of Mexico was covered with an icy veil a mile high. Some peaks of the Allegheny looked above it to the sun. Mount Washington surmounted it, and was visible. Below, says the philosopher, where the ice has melted, you see the grinding channel, the marked lines of the glacier and the boulder crumbling down granite into soil. Above, in the few peaks that surmounted it, is the smooth and calm rock as God's hand left it. As I look back on the history of America for fifty years—the moral and political America—so it lay covered with the ice of moral death. Half a dozen great hearts surmounted it—Jefferson, Jonathan Edwards, William Lloyd Garrison—perhaps I could name a dozen—must have been visible above the icy waste. On their history the grinding of necessary sacrifice and discipline has left no scar. But below is the great Divine, bidding men return their mothers to slavery to save the Union; the great statesman, advising his countrymen to smother their prejudices. The great sects were preaching—one that its mission was silence, and the other that to reason of righteousness and justice was preaching politics. These are the scars, the guiding channels, which show where the icy discipline of fifty years has scarred beyond recovery the history of the great minds God lent us. To-day, for the first time, this continent opens her bosom to the rise of God's moral law. For the first time the nation announces its purpose to live by the rule of absolute justice. For the first time this pulpit can open the Bible without a blush, and politics can free its statute book without shame. The men of twenty-six when, in 1789, they looked ahead, had apparently as fair a prospect as we have to-day. They stood exactly as we stand to-day, full of purpose, full of hope, confident of success. It was the shape given to these institutions that turned 1789 into 1860. Nearer still we have the same significant warning. Why is Charleston in our possesson to-day? Why does Grant hold his iron hand around the jugular vein of the Confederacy, prepared to do to-morrow what is left undone to-day? The South has had almost as good Generals as we have. She has had as valiant and as devoted soldiers as we have. Why is she at our feet and the stars and stripes floating over Charleston? Can you conceive a bitterer drop that God's chemistry could mix for a son of the Palmetto State, than that a Massachusetts flag and a colored regiment should take possession of Charleston? [Great applause.] In the whole history of poetic retribution, when did the wit of the poet imagine a more complete retribution? Why is it? Rightly the bolt has fallen on Charleston. It was her recklessness, as I think, that made the rebellion a failure. Jeff. Davis never was weak enough to intend to rebel. He never meant to quit Washington. He knows the almost omnipotence in the American mind of the idea of law. He meant to remain in Washington to be the Government—to hold the navy in one hand and the army in the other—to be recognized by foreign States, by force or by fraud to prevent the inauguration of Lincoln. He well knew that if he succeeded so far, the North would resist him by ballots, by journals, by Congressional debate, and not by the musket. You never could have rallied Democrat or Republican to fire one gun against our flag. That sentiment of loyalty which tided us over the Spring of 1861, and brought the nation to the Summer, when it began to appreciate the nature of the struggle, we should have lost, and, in my opinion, the rebellion would have ridden rough-shod over all the loyal States could bring against it. Charleston, in the gun pointed against Sumter, kicked out of the traces and made Jeff. Davis a rebel, and guaranteed his defeat. We stand as our fathers stood in 1789, at the parting of the roads. To-day the horizon is red with military victory. Every man feels confident that if Richmond is not ours it is because the Generals know our digestion could not accommodate more than one Charleston in one day; and in merciful consideration they spare us a dearth of joy. [Laughter and applause.] But what they do not do to-day they do to-morrow, and what not to-morrow a month hence. The military field is certain—only too certain, too near, perhaps. The masses, caught unawares, robbed of their arms, robbed of their navy, almost robbed of their Government, have rallied and shown the world that Democratic institutions, at any odds, can as effectually defend their flag as the most compact and energetic despotism. It was said two hundred years ago, that there are constitutions that can withstand not only disease but even the physician. So Democracy in 1861 and 1862, armed for battle, withstood not only the enemy but its own General. [Great applause.] To-day the obstacles to complete success are not on the other side of the picket-line; what we are to prove is whether the masses can govern as well as they can fight. Can they reap the fruits of victory? Are they as wise as despotism? Can they lend their prejudices to the necessities of the hour. Democracy, vindicated in the field, is now to vindicate itself in the Cabinet. On the 8th day of November the verdict of the nation was that it would save itself at any sacrifice. The nation must be dominated by a single purpose, or it remains second-rate. England to-day is not a great nation, for she has two ideas contending for wasting, of which Palmerston and Bright are the representatives. Before 1850 we had a unity of purpose. A devil is strong and a saint is strong, but half saint and half devil is humbug. Before 1850 we were all devil—we were all for slavery. Our fathers granted the single compromise, and it ran out to its legitimate conclusion. Politics meant nothing but submission to slavery. The nation was a harmonious whole dedicated to slavery. In 1850 the anti-slavery idea crumbled parties, and the nation ceased to be one in fact, and in 1861 it confessed itself divided in its purposes. Then England violated the first principles of fair play—never to strike a man when he is down. Our future is to be a building built by freedom. It will require almost a total change. The whole American political life has been a building for the purpose of fostering and facilitating slavery. South Carolina fired her gun at freedom in 1861, and we waited until 1863 to answer it. Henceforth, whether one flag rules this continent or two, no black man hereafter shall wear a chain. If we could afford to part with four millions of laborers, the problem would be a different one. I know the Anglo-Saxon hauteur that I address; but the question is what are the materials God has given us to build a nation with, and have we the mother wit to use it, or must we wait for the forty years sojourn in the wilderness? There is a debt of $4,000,000,000. The nation rests under it. You welcome back half-a-dozen reconstructed States, and in your pride welcome none but the white man. I speak not now of magnanimity or justice. You receive back disloyal whites and reject the loyal blacks. In 1833, Jackson said there would be a rebellion, the pretext of which would be slavery. You make a law and put it in the hands of Salmon P. Chase, and he goes to South Carolina, and there finds Robert P. Small, who brought us the planter. There are a hundred ways to keep down the blacks, without violating the Constitutional Amendment. Banks has set them the example in Louisiana. The Constitutional Amendment only says that no man shall be sold on the auction-block again. South Carolina walks into the House of Representatives with increased numbers, her blacks being represented. The conscience of the North, feeling that nothing is settled until it is settled right, wants another amendment to the Constitution that will make them equal. South Carolina says, "Yes, if you will assume our debt." If you leave them a vestige of oppression to stand upon, you will leave ample capital to trade with, and their very first bargain will be to trade their debt upon your shoulders, and then, having recognized the cheat, will write repudiation upon its banner and disgrace the country. The nation goes no further than the idea goes. Up to 1860 it was a disgrace for an American citizen to be able to go south of Mason and Dixon's line. Put New York and New England with South Carolina, with their old institutions, and there cannot be union. We must have homogeneous institutions. We must have labor in the South contented and honorable. The base of Southern labor is four millions of blacks. That labor must be contented. I think it must be done—it may not be for fifty years—by educating that class of labor, and giving it such privileges as will enable it to protect itself. A change has taken place in the attitude of the South toward the black man. It is but four years ago that Jeff. Davis left Washington with slavery for his banner, and to-day he kneels to the feet of that very negro begging him to save him from the gulf that yawns at his feet I do not believe in giving a form to civil Government that supposes one man should be left to make laws for another. Democracy says that no man is safe that does not hold in his own hand the power of self protection. We cannot protect the negro. South Carolina took our black men from their ships and put them in prison, and it was pronounced inconstitutional. Judge How went there to protect them; and they said, "If you don't go home we will put you in." Put in the black hand a ballot, and I will show you a patent Demccrat in New-Orleans asking him to take a ride. [Laughter and applause.] Gen. Banks has planted a school system in Louisiana. I recognize his excellent intentions. Yet the Southern planter looks Bank's schoolmaster in the face and says, "No man shall educate my negroes." The amendment has killed chattel slavery. I know that it must and will pass in due time. The next enemy, as real and as dangerous as slavery, is the Southern doctrine of State Rights. A State sovereignty that hides in its garments the poison of the national life, is a sovereignty that is inadmissable. The safety of this country is in being color-blind. The negro, not as a black man, but as a laborer, stands at the door and says, "You have broken my chains; curb, before you leave it to its unchained power, this State sovereignty which can trample me under foot." Tread under foot the prejudice against race. The sword that has saved the country has a right to govern it. The hand that has dropped the musket, has a right to take up the ballot. [Applause.] Build a nation on the corner-stone of equality and justice; and then we may say:

> Sail on, thou Ship of State;
> Sail on, Old Union, strong and great,
> Humanity, with all its fears,
> With all its hopes for coming years,
> Is hanging breathless on thy fate.
> Sail on, nor fear to breast the sea;
> Our hearts, our hopes, are all with thee.
> Our hearts, our hopes, our prayers, our tears,
> Our faith triumphant o'er our fears
> Are all with thee—are all with thee.

Annual Coterie of Company K, Thirty-seventh Regiment, National Guard.

A grand military and civil reunion, being the second annual ball of the New York Thirty-seventh National Guard, Company K, was given on Tuesday evening at the Everett Rooms, corner of Broadway and Thirty-fourth-street. There was a brilliant throng of ladies and gentlemen present, who joined in the dance until 12 o'clock, when an elegant supper was served in the dining-room adjoining the hall. At the conclusion of the repast, the company repaired to the ball-room, where the festivities of the occasion were kept up until a late hour. Among the distinguished guests present were Gen. Hall, Gen. Sanford, Col. Ashley, Col. Roome, Maj. Catlin, Capt. Blake, Capt. Ellis, and others.

[Advertisement.]

Dr. W. H. Gregg:

Dear Sir: I have been suffering for a long time with what physicians call disease of the Prostate Gland, and retention of Urine, and was unable to obtain any relief until I used CONSTITUTION WATER, which began to produce its curative effect after taking one or two doses, and no man can be more grateful than I at the results, having suffered all that a man could suffer and live; and, rather than be deprived of the medicine, I would be willing to pay $50 a bottle for it.

It has not only cured me, but several other officers in my district have been cured by it, and I would recommend everybody suffering from any diseases of the kidneys to use Constitution Water.

RICHARD LUSH,
Sergeant Ninth Ward Police.

New-York, Dec. 30, 1861.

Sold wholesale by MORGAN & ALLEN, No. 46 Cliff-st., and all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

Consumption—Consumption.—We say to persons having consumption, in whatever stage of the disease, use Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial, which is readily taken up by the blood and carried to lungs, and the healing principles of the tar act upon the inflamed sores of the lungs and stop their decay at once, and the patient's life is saved. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial has great power to dissolve the thick mucous that stops up the wind-passages of the lungs and expels it from the system. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial purifies the blood and cleanses it of all scrofulous matter that is constantly breeding sores, internal and external. Salt rheum, blotches on the face, and all skin diseases, are especially cured by Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial. Office No. 10 North Second-street, Philadelphia. Sold at HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Herring's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and Herring's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

A Jewel.—Sozodont purifies, Sozodont beautifies, Sozodont gratifies all who use it. Sold by druggists and perfumers.

[Advertisement.]

Gov. Fenton, of N. Y.; Edward Everett, the Orator; Major Davidson, the Patriot; Aristotle, the Philosopher; Charles Fourier, the Socialist; W. H. Fry, the composer. With Portraits and Biographies. The Races of Men; Caucasians, Mongolians, Ethiopians, American Indians, and Maylayans, with Grouped portraits of each Race, and a Map, showing the Geographical distribution of Mankind, with Seventeen Illustrations. Given in the March No. of the Illustrated Phrenological Journal. Now ready.

The same No. contains Physiognomy, or "signs of character," Love under Difficulties, Fore-seeing, and 'Seeing at Sea," "Working together for Good," by Rev. H. W. Beecher. Ruling by Love. Experience of a Teacher. Light Gymnastics. The Inscrutable; Our right to Reason; How we Change; How the Brain molds the Cranium; The Head conforms to the Character. With answers to correspondents, etc. An excellent Number. Only 20 cts., by first post. Newsmen have it. The Pictorial Double Nos. for January, February and March sent for 60 cts., or $2 a year. Address Messrs. Fowler & Wells, No. 389 Broadway, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

A Bad Breath the Greatest Curse the Human Family is Heir to.—How many lovers it has separated—how many friends forever parted! The subject is so delicate, your nearest friend will not mention it, and you are ignorant of the fact yourself. To effect a radical cure, use the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice, night and morning. It also beautifies the complexion, removing all tan, pimples and freckles, leaving the skin soft and white. For sale by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

Medical Notice.

Having demonstrated to our entire satisfaction the capacity of partially exhausted atmosphere as a remedial agent in various diseases, we will cure twelve persons who may be afflicted with either asthma, paralysis, deafness or rheumatism, without any charge. Physicians are especially invited to call and examine a new discovery in medical science. Dr. J. A. FORD & CO., No. 95 West Prince-st., near Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Cherokee Medicines for the Unfortunate.—22-page pamphlet, with full particulars, free. Address Dr. W. R. MERWIN & CO., No. 63 Liberty-st., New-York.

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Guiding Star, for New-Orleans—James B. Wright and wife, F. P. Jenkins, Col. H. Duryea, F. Hubbard, Mr. and Mrs. Carlton Hunt, N. P. Barrett and wife, Paymaster Goodwin, W. D. Tomlinson, E. Burr, Henry L. Burr, Mr. Curtis, Stephen Whitney and wife, E. Eichelberger, J. W. Neal, J. S. Winston, Miss S. Winston, Mrs L. F. Hopkins, Mrs. Wheeler, George B. Landier and wife, Stephen Thornton, Wm. A. Foster, Lieut. A. H. Burnham, J. Moody, R. H. Collins, Rev. George W. Bryant, U. S. Christian Commission; S. Epsting, T. G. O'Conell, U. S. Christian Commission; O. W. Bullock, E. Pearson, P. Upton, Chas. B. Williams, J. M. Stafford, W. L. Wakefield, Caswell Ames, Wm. Davis, Master A. Bergen, August Koeing, J. Ingles O'Conor, James A. Raynor and wife, J. C. Pierce, Mrs. D. Z. Pierce, Miss Virginia Courtenay, Mrs. H. A. Fuller and 2 children, Mrs. M. W. Forward, Miss Forward, Mrs. Wendell, Miss Lena Wendell, James McGowen, John Groth, Sylvester Weeks, Peter Cohen, John V. Baker, John B. Johnson, C. W. Settle, James M. Mather, Joseph Hysey.

In steamship George Cromwell, for New-Orleans—Miss Orchard, Mrs. T. M. Sandner, H. De Lenz, G. Warner, Mr. Andree, B. A. Blanche, Mrs. W. A. Braman and 3 children, Annie Delogner, Peter Connelly, R. M. Dinman, Col. F. L. Hitchcock and lady, Mrs. C. R. Gray, Joseph Walman, F. Barratt, G. Galiman, F. Pascal, L. Romanet, G. Lambert and lady, F. Gonzelly, Major P. Haggerty, Mrs. H. A. Simmons, Sarah Kavanagh, S. M. Sturgon, Miss E. M. Clark, Mrs. W. D. Clark, C. Somat, A. N. Tourier, E. Schultz, Hugh Frazer, Michl. Henry, James Kennedy, Col. Lawrence Blank, Wm. B. McAvoy.

Passengers Arrived.

Feb. 22—*In steamship City of Boston, from Liverpool*.—G. Wyatt, Mrs. De Zeyh and boy, H. R. Woodward, J. Johnston, Mr. Long, lady and infant, F. Smith, Mrs. Sadlier and maid, T. Wulff, F. Meyer, S. Fickett, Mr. Hamilton, Barry, H. C. Bolland, lady and 2 children, E. Goole, W. Smith, T. Nokes, Miss Cartyz, Miss Wolte, F. Desrates, E. Adrien, Mrs. Emmons and 2 children, Mrs. J. T. Mellings, Mr. Corsemier, Capt. Smith and daughter, Miss Armstrong, C. Holst.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 6 43 | Sun sets.... 5 45 | Moon rises 4 48

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 5 54 | Gov. Island.. 6 43 | Hell Gate.. 8 05

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, Feb. 22.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Boston, (Br.,) Kennedy, Liverpool Feb. 8, and Queenstown 11th, at 5 P. M., with mdse. and 377 passengers to John G. Dale. 9th, off Waterford, passed steamship City of Baltimore, bound up Channel. 15th, lat. 46 20, lon. 35 36, passed Br ship Leaping Water, steering N.

Steamship Columbia, Barton, Havana Feb. 18, with mdse. and passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co. Feb. 21, lat. 36 20, exchanged signals with brig Sampson, of New-York, bound N. Off Barnegat, passed bark Falcon, of Elizabeth, bound M.

U. S. steam transport Continental, Simmons, Fortress Monroe, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. storeship Supply, Acting Master D. G. McRitchie, Norfolk 4 ds.

U. S. steamer Queen, Acting Vol. Lieut. Robert Tarr, Port Royal, S. C., 17th inst., via Fortress Monroe 24 hours.

Ship American Eagle, Urquhart, London and Isle of Wight Jan. 18, with mdse. and 15 passengers to E. E. Morgan & Co.

Brig Osprey, (of St. John, N. B.,) Read, Matamoras Dec. 26, via Newport, R. I., with cotton to P. I. Nevius & Son. Had very heavy gales; sprung foremast, lost mainsail and foresail, and was obliged to put into Newport for repairs; since leaving that port has been 10 ds. in the ice in Long Island Sound, and received considerable damage to the hull.

Brig Kate Freeman, (of Demerara,) Gardner, Demerara 27 ds., with sugar and molasses to C. E. Knox & Co. Has had heavy northerly winds; lost foretopgallant-mast.

Brig Lillian M. Johnson, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) Ellis, Port Medway, N. S., 4 ds., with timber and fish to master.

Schr. Maggie McLean, (Br.,) Roberts, St. John, N. B., 14 ds., with lumber, etc., to John Boynton's Son & Co. Was as far west as Faulklin Island, and was obliged to return to New-London on account of the ice.

Schr. Minerva, Disosway, Savannah, via Port Royal, with 466 bales cotton to Simeon Draper.

Schr. L. B. Cowperthwaite, ——, Savannah, via Port Royal, with 557 bales cotton to Simeon Draper.

Schr. No. 18, ——, Savannah, with cotton to Simeon Draper.

Schr. Leonide Euphrasie, Keene, Gloucester, with fish to master.

Schr. Fredonia, (Br.,) Thompson, St. John, N. B., 23 ds., with lumber to P. I. Nevius & Sons.

Schr. Nightingale, Nickerson, Eastport, with fish to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Y. Stratton, Terrell, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. R. M. Daly, Jones, New-London.

Schr. Justina, Gregory, Rockland 3 ds., with lime.

Schr. Suwanee, ——, Boston, with fish to master.

WIND—Sunset, S. W., light.

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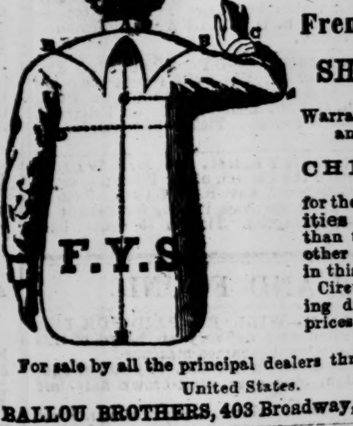
Steamships Australasian, Montezuma, Eagle, George Cromwell, Baltic, Guiding Star.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Feb. 22—Arr. ship San Carlos, from Talcahuano; brig Sarah Bernice, from Miragoane.



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